

XIII Congreso de Economía Agroalimentaria Cartagena 1-3 Sep. 2021





Sesión-6.2: Comunicaciones

Innovación en alimentación, consumo y marketing

Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic on Willingness to Consume Insectbased Food Products in Catalonia

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Environmental Concern due to Livestock Production



- Increasing global demand for meat due to global population increase and rising incomes in developing countries
- Resulting in depletion of water and land resources, water pollution, deforestation and habitat destruction, climate change.
- Solutions: manure management, using more sustainable animal feed, reducing food waste, reducing demand for meat by introducing alternative more sustainable sources of protein



Insects as a Sustainable Source of Protein



- Food and drinks enriched with insects accessed the European market starting 2014 (Mintel, 2021)
- Whole insects
- Products with insect powder: bread, burger patties, energy bars, chocolate, etc.
- Novel food in Europe
- First edible insect authorized for human consumption by European Commission:
 1 June 2021 for yellow mealworm (EU) 2021/882



Benefits of Insect Rearing

-**Environmental** and **nutritional** benefits

- -Suffers from **low consumer acceptance**:
- neophobia
- disgust
- cultural inappropriateness
- association with primitive behavior
- lack of awareness
- vectors of disease

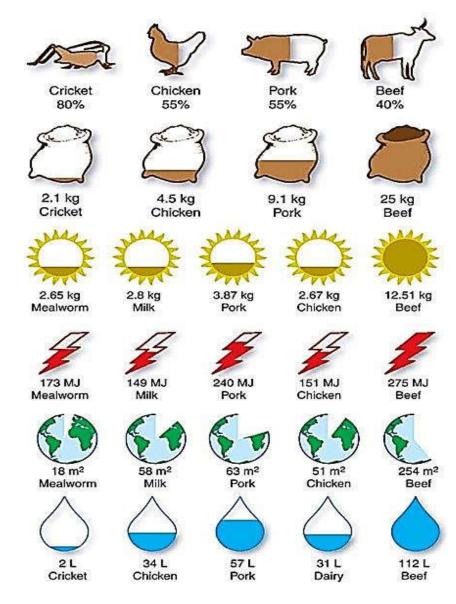


Fig.1: Resource Use and Production of Greenhouse Gas Equivalents for Insect and Livestock Farming (*Dossey et al., 2016*)



Objectives



- Analyze willingness to consume (WTC) of two new products with insect ingredients: jam and yogurt
- Determine **impact of COVID-19** on WTC
- Analyze determinant factors of WTC: socio-demographics, food consumption/purchasing behavior



Cricket Powder



Mealworm Powder



Strawberry Jam

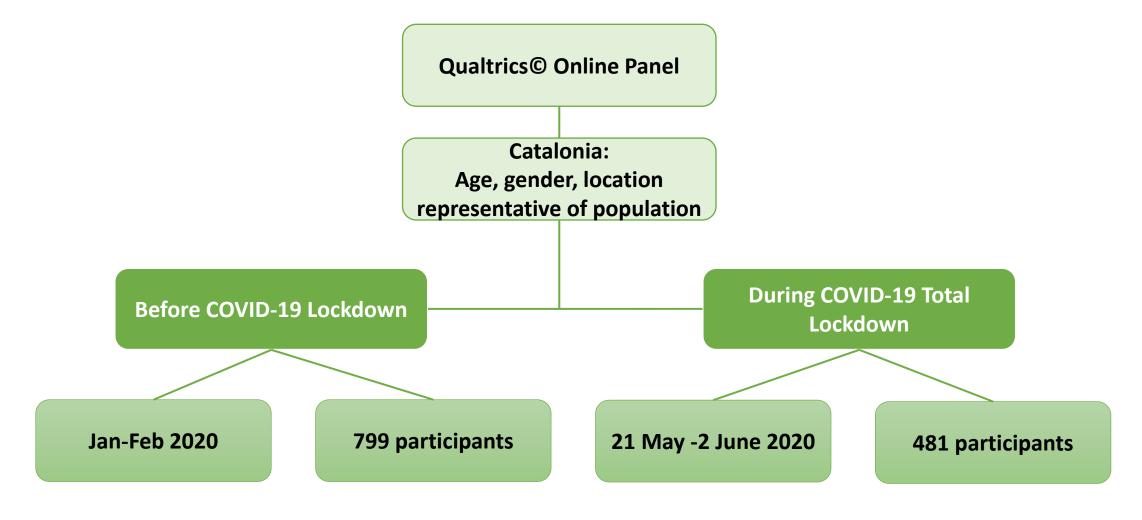


Natural Yogurt

Data and Methods

Data Collection





Data and Methods Questionnaire Design



Semi-structured (3 parts)

Socio-demographics:

age, gender, education level, income, employment situation, and family size

WTC question of strawberry jam and natural yogurt enriched with insect protein

Would you be willing to consume enriched food products with insect protein if their organoleptic characteristics remain unaltered (taste, color, and odor)?

5 scale: Yes, probably yes, don't know, probably no, no

Consumers' food consumption/purchasing behavior opinions and attitudes

food purchase place

consumers' relative importance of: price, origin, quality, convenience, nutritional value, and ecological value when buying food

consumers' opinions and attitudes towards sustainable behavior

Data and Methods Multinomial Logit (MNL) Model



- Regression model: dependent variable consists of more than two categories
- positive WTC (yes)
- uncertain WTC (probably yes, don't know, probably no)
- negative WTC (no)

$$Ln\frac{P(Y=i)}{P(Y=1)} = \alpha_i + \sum_{h=1}^{H} \beta_{ih} X_{ih}$$

 $oldsymbol{i}$: Number of WTC/WTP' categories

 \mathcal{C}_i : Constant

 $eta_{\it ih} X_{\it ih}$: Vectors of the estimates parameters and predictor variables respectively

 $\frac{P(Y=i)}{P(Y=1)}$: Probability of each category with the first category as reference

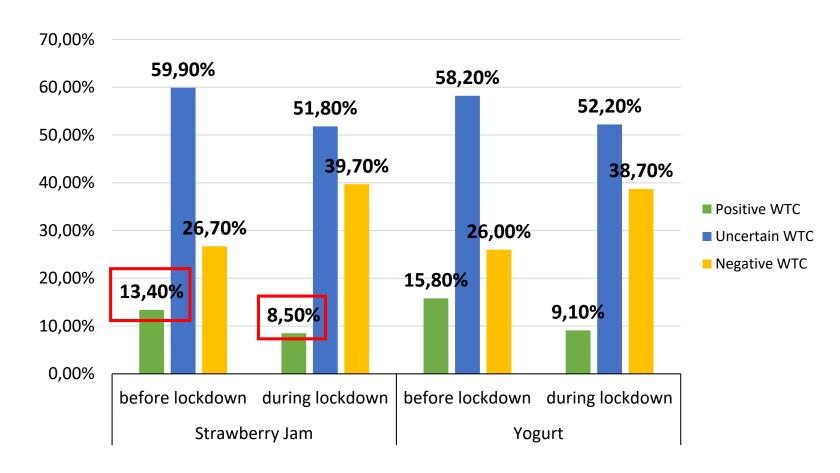
h: takes values between 1 and H

 ${\it H}\,$: number of independent variables in the model

Results and Discussion WTC before and during lockdown



Chart 1: Willingness to consume insect-based strawberry jam and yogurt before and during lockdown



Results and Discussion

Common Determinant Factors





Before lockdown

During lockdown



MAKE	_

	Positive WTC		
Variable	β	e^{β}	
Gender: Male	1.17***	3.23	
Age: 18-39 years old	1.27***	3.55	
Ecological Attribute	2.20***	9.02	
Income: 1000€ or less	0.83**	2.28	

Positive WTC		Uncertai	in WTC	
	β	e^{β}	β	e^{β}
			0.37*	1.45
	1.59***	4.88]	
	0.85**	2.35		
	1.40**	4.06		



Results and Discussion

Determinant factors before lockdown only





\/avialala	Positive WTC	
Variable	β	e^{β}
Quality score of seasonal food	-0.16*	0.85
Education: university level	0.54**	1.71



- Considered of low quality: disgusting, not safe for consumption, visually unappealing, socially rejected as food, negative expectations towards taste.
- Higher environmental awareness and higher interest in alternative sustainable proteins.

Results and Discussion

Determinant factors during lockdown only





Variable	Uncerta	Uncertain WTC	
	β	e^{eta}	
Following restrictions	-0.19*	0.82	
Increase in food prices	-0.56***	0.57	



- Lack of risk assessment and scientific information caused a level of uncertainty and fear which eventually lead to decreased consumption.
- In times of a financial crisis and with increased market prices, unemployment, and reduced incomes; people will limit their budget to essentials and exclude novel foods from their shopping list.

Conclusion



- WTC insect-based products in Catalonia decreased significantly during the COVID-19 lockdown for both genders
- Western culture continues to associate insect-based foods as low-quality products feeding low-income countries
- Consumers need to be ensured that insect consumption is safe
- Outbreaks of infectious diseases have temporary consequences on consumer behavior
 Longer-term research needed to justify change in trends
- Edible insects could be a **potential solution to safer sources of proteins** compared to conventional livestock when it comes to zoonotic diseases



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THANK YOU