

ANEXO 2: FICHAS TÉCNICAS Y MANUALES

TÍTULO:

DISEÑO DE UNA PRÓTESIS PARA UN BRAZO

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ÍNDICE DE FICHAS TÉCNICAS Y MANUALES

1.	MANUAL IMPRESORA 3D CREALITY ENDER 3 PRO	3
2.	FICHA TÉCNICA MATERIAL PLA BQ	44
3.	MANUAL MINI AMOLADORA GOXAWEE ELÉCTRICA	46
4	FICHA TÉCNICA PASADOR DIN 6325	50



CREALITY ENDER-3 V2 3D PRINTER

USER MANUAL

Contents

I. Welcome	02
II. NOTICES ·····	04
III. Printer Components ·····	06
IV. Parts Identification ·····	
V. ASSEMBLY ·····	
VI. CONTROLING THE PRINTER	19
VII. PREPARING FOR USE	23
VIII. PRINTING YOUR OWN MODELS - SLICERS	29
IX. MAINTENANCE	31
X. PROBLEM SOLVING	38

I. Welcome

Thank you for purchasing the Creality Ender 3 V2 3D Printer from SainSmart.

This Ender-3 V2 3D Printer User Guide is designed to aid Ender-3 V2 users in the assembly and use of their new printer and to help in getting started with 3D Printing. Even if you are familiar with 3D printing technology, we still recommend that you read through this user manual, as there is a lot of important information about the Ender-3 V2 for you to get a better 3D printing experience.

Support:

- Documentation like this user manual, help guide etc. can be found on https://docs.sainsmart.com/
- For technical support, please email us at *support@sainsmart.com*.
- Help and support is also available from our Facebook group. (SainSmart 3D Printing User Group)



Scan QR code to join the group

	Basic Specifications	
Model	Ender-3 V2	
Print Size	220 x 220 x 250mm. (Build Plate size 235 x 235mm)	
Printing Method	FDM (Fused Deposition Modelling)	
Number of Nozzles	1	
Recommended Layer Thickness	0.1mm - 0.4mm	
Stock Nozzle Diameter	0.4mm	
XY Axis Precision	±0.2mm	
Filament Diameter	Ф1.75mm	
File Format	.gcode (see your slicer software for supported model formats)	
Connectivity	Micro SD Card / USB	
Compatible Slicers	Cura, 3D Creator Slicer, Repetier-Host, Simplify3D and more	
Power Specification	Input: AC 115/230V 50/60Hz Output: DC 24V	
Total Power	350W	
Build Plate Temperature	≤100°C	
Nozzle Temperature	≤250°C	
Resume Printing	Yes after Manual pause or Power failure	
Filament Sensor	No	
Dual Z-axis Screws	No	
Language	English / Chinese	
Operating System	Marlin. Slicers are available for Windows XP/Vista/7/10/Mac OS/Linux	
Print Speed	≤180mm/s, Normally operation is 30-60mm/s.	

II. NOTICES

Please read all the instructions in the manual and familiarize yourself with the Ender-3 V2 3D Printer User Manual before setting-up and using your 3D printer

PLEASE FOLLOW ALL THE SAFETY WARNINGS AND NOTICES.

Failure to comply with the warnings and instructions may result in individual injury, inferior results and printer damage.

1. Work Environment and Safety

Keep your workplace tidy. Do not operate the 3D Printer in the presence of flammable liquids, gas or dust.

The printer should be placed out of the reach of children or pets.

Only operate your 3D printer in room temperatures of 5-30 C with an ambient humidity between 20%-70%

2. Electrical Safety

- Always use a properly grounded outlet and the cable provided to prevent damage to your printer.
- Please unplug the 3D Printer if it will not be in use for a while.
- Do not use outdoors, indoor use only.
- Always keep the printer in a dry environment and out of direct sunlight.
- Do not use the 3D Printer during thunderstorms.

3. Personal Safety

- Do keep your hair, clothing and gloves away from moving parts.
- Do not operate the 3D Printer while you are tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication.
- Parts of the 3D printer will get very hot during use, Do not touch the nozzle, hot end assembly or the build plate when the printer is warming up, printing or cooling down.
- Ensure you keep others, especially children and pets away from the printer.

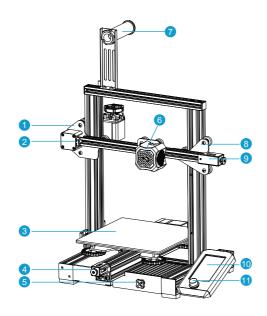
4. CAUTION!

- Do not leave the 3D Printer unattended.
- Do not make any modifications to the printer other than any approved SainSmart upgrades.
- When removing a model be careful not to use excessive force.
- The 3D printer must only be operated in a well ventilated area, noxious gasses can be released.
- Do not exceed the maximum print temperature of your printer or the filament you are using.
- When loading or unloading filament make sure the printer nozzle is well clear of the build plate (>50mm).

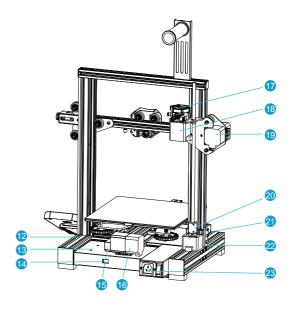
5. Filament and storage

- Follow any recommendations of your filament manufacturer.
- Do not use your printer to make anything that will come into contact with food unless specifically allowed by the filament manufacturer.
- Filament should be stored in clean and dry conditions. Filaments will absorb moisture and degrade over time if not kept dry.
- Do not open the filament from it's sealed package until it is needed.

III. Printer Components



- 1 X and E-axis Assembly
- 2 X-axis Limit Switch
- 3 Printing Platform with Glass Bed and clips.
- 4 Y-axis belt Tensioner
- 5 Tool Box
- 6 Nozzle Assembly
- Filament Spool Holder
- 8 Z-axis Roller Bracket Assembly



- X-axis belt Tensioner
- Screen
- Rotary and press Switch
- Machine Base
- Power Supply
- Voltage Selector
- 15 Y-axis Limit Switch
- 16 Y-axis Motor

- Textruder Knob
- E-axis Motor
- X-axis Motor
- Coupling
- Z-axis Limit Switch
- Z-axis Motor
- 23 Power Switch and Socket

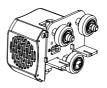
IV. Parts Identification



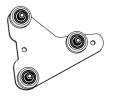
1 Printer Base x 1



2 Display Assembly x 1



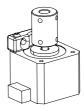
3 Nozzle Assembly x 1



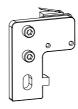
4 Z-axis Roller Bracket Assembly



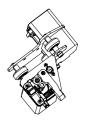
5 X-axis Tensioner x 1



6 Z-axis Motor Assembly x 1



Z-axis Limit Switch Assembly x 1



8 XE-axis Assembly x 1



9 Z-axis Profile (left) x 1



Z-axis Profile (right) x 1



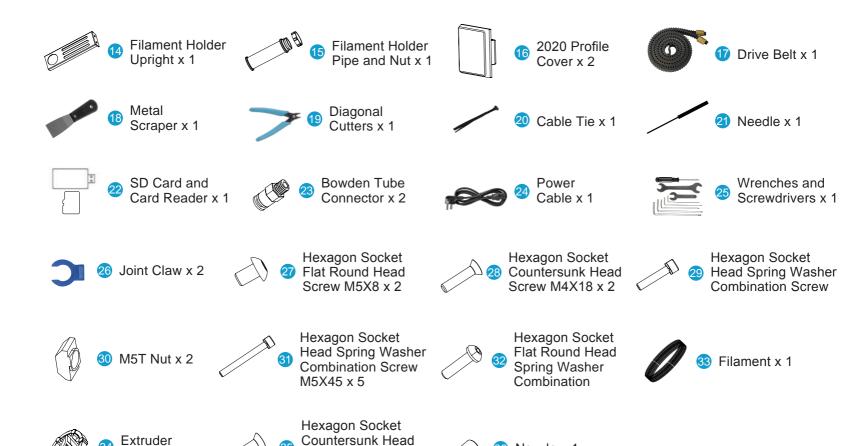
Gantry Profile x 1



X-axis Profile x 1



13 Lead Screw x 1



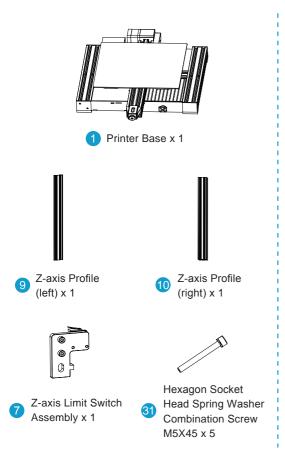
Please make sure all the above parts are included. If you are missing any part or have any questions, please email us at *support@sainsmart.com*.

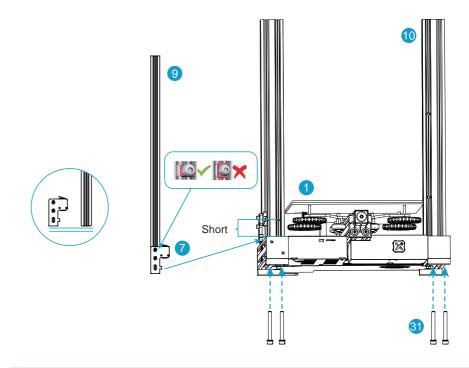
Screw (black) M4X14 x 1 Nozzle x 1

Knob x 1

V. ASSEMBLY

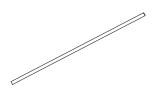
1. Install Z-axis Limit Switch Assembly and Z-axis Profiles

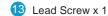


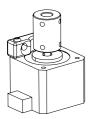


- -<u>;</u>ģ:-
- Slide the Z axis limit switch onto the Z-axis Profile (left) as in the picture above and loosely tighten. Then use four M5X45 screw to fix the Z-axis profiles to the base.
- Slide the Z axis limit switch down until it touches the base profile and tighten the bolts.

2. Install Z-axis Motor Assembly and Lead Screw



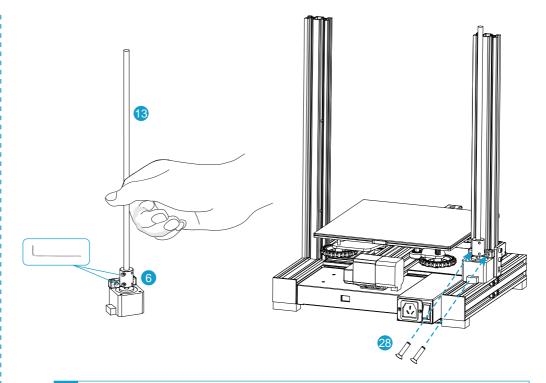




6 Z-axis Motor Assembly x 1

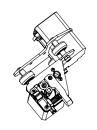


Hexagon Socket
Countersunk Head
Screw M4X18 x 2



- -<u>;</u>ģ:
- Attach the motor to the profile using two M4x18 screws it needs to be secure but do not over tighten.
- Slide the lead screw into the top of the coupler and tighten the set screw to clamp it securely in place.

3. Install Pneumatic Joint, XE-axis Assembly and Drive Belt







X-axis
Profile x 1



Bowden Tube Connector x 2



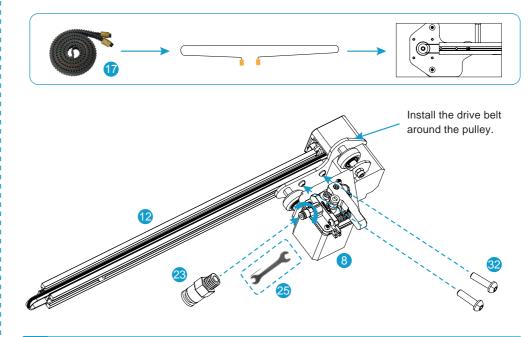
Hexagon Socket
Flat Round Head
Spring Washer
Combination



17 Drive Belt x 1

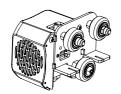


Wrenches and Screwdrivers x 1

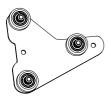


- -<u>;</u>Ċ:-
- Tighten the Bowden tube connector firmly into the Extruder using an open-end wrench.
- Align the bolt head on the XE-Axis Assembly into the hole on the X Axis profile.
- Secure the XE-axis Assembly to the X-Axis Profile with two M4X16 screws. (Insert the Allen key through the holes on the outer plate).
- Install the Drive belt round the pulley inside the XE-axis Assembly with the toothed side round the pulley as shown above.

4. Install Nozzle Assembly, Z-axis Roller Bracket Assembly



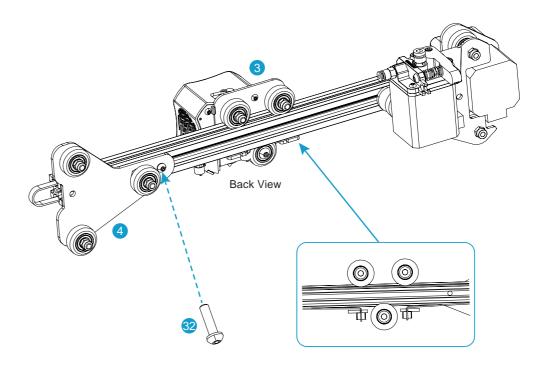
3 Nozzle Assembly x 1



4 Z-axis Roller Bracket Assembly



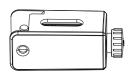
Hexagon Socket
Flat Round Head
Spring Washer
Combination





- Make sure the drive belt is in the profile slot and slide the Nozzle assembly onto the profile as shown above.
- Attach the Z-Axis Roller Bracket Assembly to the profile, aligning the bolt head into the hole on the profile and using the M4x16 screw into the threaded hole in the profile.

5. Install X-axis Tensioner and Connect the Drive Belt



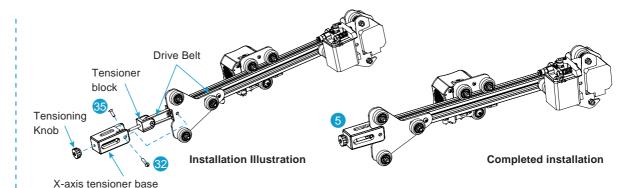
5 X-axis Tensioner x 1

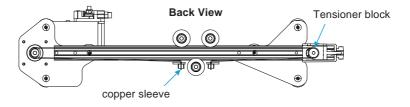


Hexagon Socket
Flat Round Head
Spring Washer
Combination



Hexagon Socket
Countersunk Head
Screw (black)
M4X14 x 1

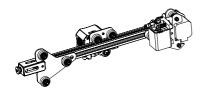




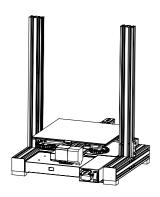


- Undo the tensioning knob and remove the tensioner block.
- Thread the drive belt around the pulley making sure it has not twisted and push the pulley back into the tensioner base making the alignment is as shown in the picture above.
- Screw the tensioning knob back into place by couple of turns.
- Attach the Tensioner base to the profile Z Axis Roller Bracket assembly with a M4X16 screw on one side
 and the countersunk screw (in the Tensioner block bag) on the other, both these screws use the same
 threaded hole in the profile.
- Secure the ends of the drive belt by sliding the belt into the slots in the Nozzle assembly as in the picture above.

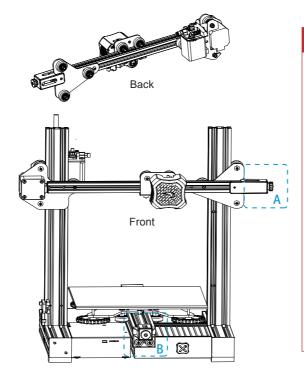
6. Install the Z-axis Gantry Assembly and Adjust X-axis and Y-axis Drive Belt Tension

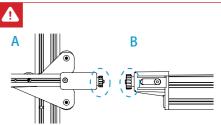


Assembled Part After Step 5



Assembled Part After Step 2





- Turn the X-axis and Y-axis tensioner knobs to adjust the belt tension.
- The belts should be taught but not overtight or too slack. When you press down the drive belt, you should feel some spring in the belt.
- If the belts are too lose they can slip during printing ruining the result.
- If the belts are too tight they will over stress the pulleys and motors or even break.



- Place the lower V rollers into the grooves on the outside of the Z profiles.
- Locate the lead screw in the Brass nut on the XE Assembly and turn by hand to screw the gantry down while guiding the other V rollers into the Z profile grooves.
- Adjust the tension of the X and Y axes drive belts as shown above.

7. Install the Gantry Profile and Display Assembly



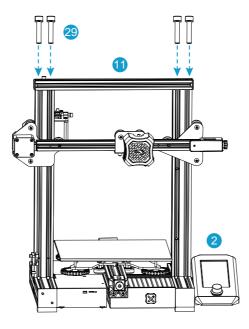
11 Gantry Profile x 1

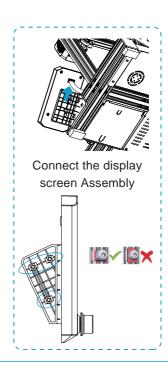


2 Display Assembly x 1



Hexagon Socket
Head Spring Washer
Combination Screw





- -<u>;</u>ģ:-
- Secure the Gantry profile onto the upper end of the gantry with four hexagon socket head cap screws M5x25 and tighten securely:
- Unclip the display from the bracket, slacken the screws pre-installed on the bracket and insert the T nuts into the base profile.
- Tighten the bolts making sure the T nuts are turning to engage with the base profile.
- The display can be moved forwards and backwards to suit your preference then tighten the bolts.
- Connect the ribbon cable to the display screen and clip it back onto the bracket.

8. Install Filament Holder, Gantry Cover and Extruder Knob



Filament Holder
Upright x 1



Filament Holder
Pipe and Nut x 1



2020 Profile Cover x 2



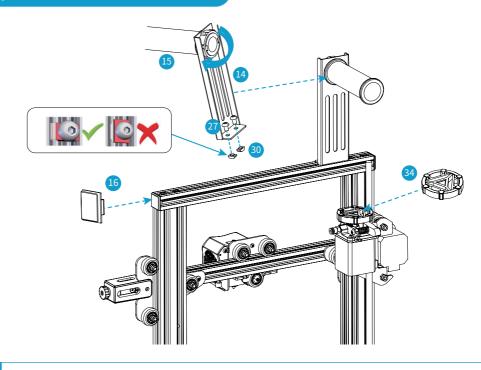
Hexagon Socket
Flat Round Head
Screw M5X8 x 2



30 M5T Nut x 2



Extruder Knob x 1

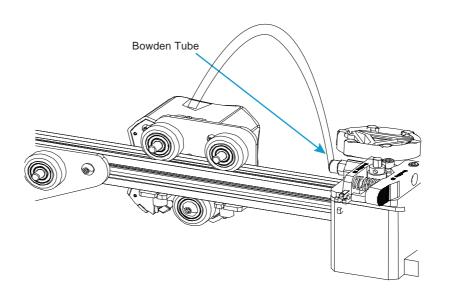


- -<u>;</u>ģ;-
- Insert the M5X8 bolts through the holes on the Filament holder upright and loosely attach the T nuts.
- Align the T Nuts in the top profile groove (The flat side faces towards the back of the printer) and tighten the nuts, the T nuts will turn in the grove as it tightens.
- Attach the filament holder and secure with the plastic nut.
- Place the extruder knob onto the top of the extruder motor shaft and push the profile covers in on both sides of the top profile.

9. Connect the Bowden Tube to the Extruder





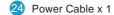




- Press the collar on the extruder Pneumatic Connector in to the fitting and hold.
- Press the Bowden tube into the connector firmly until it goes no further.
- Release the collar.
- Clip the Connector spacer between the collar and the body of the connector to lock in place.

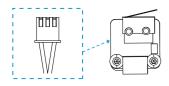
10. Electrical Connections



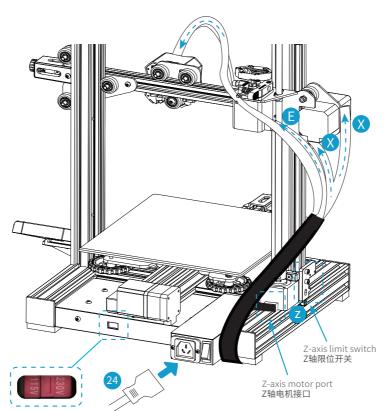




X, E, Z-axis motor port



X, Z-axis limit switch



Δ

Caution

- Select the correct input voltage to match your local supply (115/230V)
- Damage can occur if the voltage is set incorrectly.
- Connect the power cord and set the power switch to 1 to turn it on.
- Do not unplug or connect any cables when the machine is turned on.

VI. CONTROLING THE PRINTER

1. Display and Controls

At the base of the screen there is a single knob, this has two functions:

- 1. As the knob is rotated it will move, highlighting whatever option is selected at the time.
- 2. The knob is also a switch, by Tapping it once, you will go into the menu option that is highlighted at the time the button is pressed.

At the bottom of the screen is a status bar which displays the current and target temperature for the nozzle and bed temperatures,

Print speed override value and the current distance of the Z axis above the home position.

From the main screen four options are available:

Print

This allows you to select a file from the SD card to print. Once selected, the file is loaded and the print starts while displaying print details and progress.

Prepare

This menu allows you a number of options to get your printer ready for printing, such as manually moving the axes, auto homing the printer (returning the Nozzle to the starting position for any print), preheating the bed and nozzle to preset values, putting the printer in cooldown mode and selecting the display language.

Control

This allows manual selection of the fan speed, nozzle and bed temperatures and the changing of some of the default values for motion and temperatures.

Info

Shows some information such as the current firmware version.

Each menu or submenu has a Back option at the top, to return to the previous menu Highlight this and Tap.

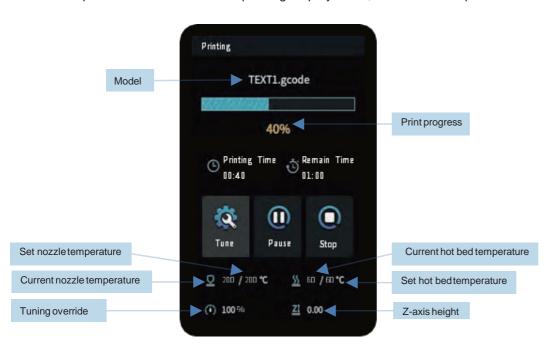


2. The Print Menu

This menu displays a list of printable files in the root directory of the SD card, if the filename is too long only the first characters will be displayed. If there is no SD card inserted or no files are found the list will be empty.

Once a file is selected, a print is started and the print details are shown.

There are 3 options selectable from the printing display Tune, Pause and Stop





Tune

Tune allows you to manually modify the current print speed, nozzle and bed temperature and the fan speed. There is also a Z offset control allowing the position of the Z axis to be modified.

Pause

Pauses the print allowing it to be resumed.

Stop

After confirmation the print is stopped and cannot be resumed.

3. The Prepare Menu

This allows manual control of the printer to prepare it for printing.

Functions available here are:

Move

Move the nozzle around the axes of the printer manually and control the extruder. For the XYZ axe, select whichever one you want to move and then select the new position value, relative to the home position, you want to move to. Tap to move the nozzle to the new position.

For the extruder the position is relative to the starting position of the extruder.

Disable Stepper

Cuts power to the stepper motors via the motherboard. This protects the motherboard from currents generated by the motors when they are moved manually. It is important to select this before moving any of the axes manually/by hand to prevent damage, even then only move the axes manually slowly.

Auto Home

Sends the nozzle to the home position (front left bottom) and calibrates the position.

Set home Offsets

Takes the current nozzle position as the new desired home position by setting offsets from the actual home position.

Preheat PLA or ABS

Heats the bed and nozzle and runs the cooling fan to the configured values for either PLA or ABS

Cooldown

Starts a controlled cooling down of the bed and nozzle while leaving the fans running. Use this rather than just powering off the printer!

Language selection

Select and Tap to toggle the display language (English or Chinese)

4. The Control Menu

Allows manual control of the printer temperatures and fan speed and modifying the default values used by the Printer for various functions..

Functions available here are:

Temperature

Selecting this shows a sub-menu with the following options:

Nozzle Temperature

Sets the desired nozzle temperature to the value you set, the nozzle will heat up or cool down accordingly.

Bed Temperature

Sets the desired heated bed temperature to the value you set, the bed will heat up or cool down accordingly.

Fan Speed

Sets the cooling fan speed to the value you set.

Preheat PLA Settings (and ABS Settings)

Sets the temperatures and fan speed for the Prepare / Preheat (PLA or ABS) options. To save any changes you must select the Storage Configuration option or the changes will be lost on powering off the printer.

Motion

Shows a Sub-menu allowing you to change a number of maximum limits for motion settings. We recommend that you do not change any of these settings unless you know exactly what you are doing!

Storage Configuration

Permanently saves any changes you have made in the Motion menu or in the Temperature / Preheat PLA or ABS Settings, If not saved then the next power on will restore the original values.

Read Configuration

Restores all configuration values to the ones last saved overwriting any currently changed values.

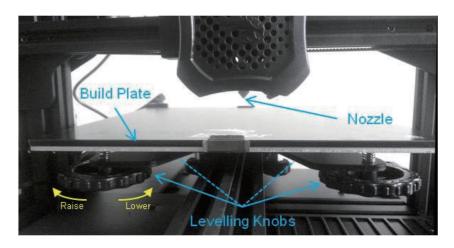
Reset Configuration

Resets all parameters to the Factory Default settings.

VII. PREPARING FOR USE

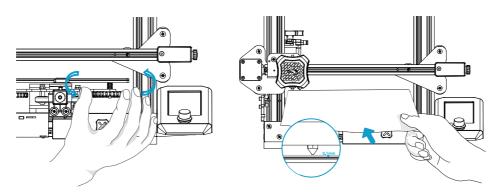
1. Bed Leveling

The first and most important step to ensure the success of 3D printing is to ensure that the build plate is parallel to the plane in which the nozzle of the extruder travels keeping the distance to the Build plate constant. This is also called "leveling" in 3D printing. There are four levelling points, one near each corner of the bed, Each uses a screw and a levelling knob to compress a spring supporting the build plate. Turning the knob on the screw compresses or decompresses the spring which supports the build plate. The directions are marked on the knobs with up and down arrows.



To level your build plate for the first time, please follow the instructions below:

- First remove the glass from the bed of the printer, prise the 2 securing clips away from the edge of the bed and remove the glass plate.
- Peel the protective film off the glass plate, make sure it is clean on both sides and that the surface of the aluminium bed is also clean.
- Tighten the levelling knobs (anti-clockwise) to compress the springs and lower the build plate, if the knob is too slack the screw may just turn in place rather than compressing the spring. If so hold the screw thread in place while tightening the knob until it stays in place by itself. Lower it evenly as far as it will go but be careful that the bottom of the build plate stays clear of the ends of the Y axis drive belt which stick up underneath it.
- Refit the glass plate, it has a smooth side and a textured side, lay it smooth side down on top of the aluminium bed, make sure it is square and attach it using the clips, one in the front centre and one in the back centre.
- Turn on the printer and from the menus go to the Prepare menu, highlight Auto Home and Tap to select. The printer will now go through a homing sequence which moves the nozzle to the front left corner in it's lowest position.



The levelling points are about 30mm in from each corner. There is no need to measure exactly.

Take a thin sheet of paper (Standard A4 printer paper works well) and place it on the build plate and underneath the nozzle.

To move the nozzle around you can either move it by hand, this is easy on the Y axis just slowly slide the build plate forwards and backwards. To move the X axis either slide the nozzle slowly across the Y axis by hand or both can be moved by using the Printer itself. If moving the axes by hand before you do so on the prepare menu select Disable Stepper motors to prevent the stepper motors from trying to hold their position or acting as generators feeding unwanted current back into the Printer control board. When moving the X axis be careful to only exert pressure in the horizontal direction, do not accidentally move the Z axis up or down. Moving the axis by printer motion controls is preferred ,certainly for X axis movements, as it removes these risks.

To move an Axis using the printer controls; The coordinates for the 4 positions will be X/Y 30/30, 30/205, 205/205, 205/30

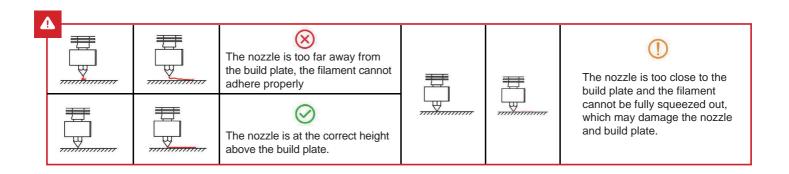
- 1. From the main menu select Prepare / Move then select the Axis you want to move, in this case just X and Y so select Move X and Tap.
- 2. It will show a position number highlighted for the selected axis, For X and Y 0 is at the home position, the numbers are measured away from home, to the right for X and to the back for Y.
- 3. To change the position rotate the knob until the required position is shown and Tap to move the nozzle to that position.
- 4. If needed to prevent the nozzle scraping over the bed move the Z axis up by 2mm before moving the Nozzle in the X and Y axes. But once in the desired XY position lower it back down to Zero.

When the nozzle is in position jiggle the paper back and forth while adjusting the levelling knob to raise (or lower) the build plate until there is just the start of friction between the paper and the nozzle.

Repeat this for all 4 corner positions. As the level position of each corner can slightly affect the others for the first time levelling the bed it is suggested that you go through the complete process a second time starting with redoing the auto home commend.

2. What a Successful First Layer should look like

	The nozzle is at the correct height above the platform.	✓
	The nozzle is too far from the platform. This may cause the extruded material to not stick to the build plate.	X
	The nozzle is too close to the build plate. This may damage the nozzle and the build plate.	X



3. Preheating – Allowing the extruder to work

There is a safety mechanism in the firmware which prevents the extruder from working unless the nozzle is hot enough to melt the filament. The minimum nozzle temperature before the extruder will turn is 180° You cannot add, remove or change the filament unless the nozzle is hot enough for the filament to melt, even if you are disengaging the extruder and pulling or pushing the filament manually!

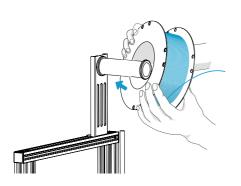
To preheat both the nozzle, build plate and fan to their default settings for the filament in use: From the main menu select Prepare / Preheat PLA or Preheat ABS. All will change to their default settings.

To control the nozzle, bed or fan separately:

From the main menu select Control / Temperature / Nozzle Temperature, Bed Temperature or Fan Speed Dial up the value you want and Tap to implement the change.

To see or change the settings for the Preheat PLA or ABS options go to Control / Preheat PLA settings or Preheat ABS settings.

4. Loading or Changing Filament

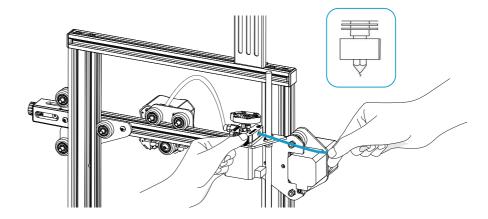


 The Nozzle must be hot to add, remove or change filament so preheat the nozzle before starting. Hang the filament spool on the holder so it feeds over the top of the spool towards the extruder..





To allow the filament to feed smoothly cut an angle on the end of the filament (as shown above) to help it enter the extruder.



2. Press the lever on the extruder to separate the toothed gear and the idler. Insert the filament into the hole in the lever, between the gear and idler and into the hole on the other side. Keeping the lever pressed push the filament through the Bowden tube and into the hot end and nozzle. As long as the Nozzle is hot enough the filament should start to come out of the nozzle and the filament is successfully loaded.



To Change Filament:

- If there is a filament loaded, heat up the nozzle then gently pull the filament out of the nozzle and extruder with the lever depressed.
- Cut an angle on the end of the new filament and feed the new filament into the extruder.
- Once loaded extrude filament until all traces of the previous filament have been expelled.

5. Start Printing from the SD Card



Select the Gcode file you want to print and copy it into the root directory of the SD card. Place the SD card in the printer and from the Print/ file selection menu select the file and Tap The file will start to print.

VIII. PRINTING YOUR OWN MODELS - SLICERS

What is a slicer?

A program which takes a model file, the most common file formats are STL, OBJ and FBX files, etc.) and cuts it into thin slices so it can be printed one layer on top of another by the 3D Printer. It has to take account of the printer, the filament type being used and many other factors affecting speed and quality of the finished print before generating the Gcode file which the printer can read and execute.

You can download G-code files from the Internet and copy them to a microSD™ card and print them without the need of building any model files by yourself. But make sure that any Gcode you download is suitable for use on the Ender 3 V2 and you are using the same filament type that the code was generated for.

For its features and ease of use Cura is recommended as a slicer, especially if this is your first 3D Printer. It is free to use.

You can download the current versions from the respective websites. Versions of some are provided on the SD card but we recommend that to get the latest version, installation instructions and tutorials you download them from the internet. To download Cura go to https://ultimaker.com/software/ultimaker-cura

There are many slicers available for most PC operating systems. Most are free to use, some require a subscription or purchase.

Follow the suppliers installation instructions and read the manuals and tutorials for the slicer you have selected. Normally one of the first steps is to define your printer. If the Ender 3 V2 is not available Ender 3 or Ender 3 PRO can be used.. If setting up your printer manually the firmware used on the printer is Marlin, the bed size is 235x235mm and the printing size is 220x220mm with a height of 250mm. Standard Nozzle size is 0.4mm.

Communicating with the Printer.

There are two options:

SD Card

Send the output GCode from the slicer to a file on your PC and copy the file onto the SD card or directly save to the SD card in your PC. Place the SD Card in the Printer and use the printer menus to select and print the file.

USB Cable

Connect the printer to your PC by the USB cable and configure the slicer to recognise it, then send the file a line at a time to the printer over the USB cable. This depends on the slicer you use supporting USB connected printers, some slicers may duplicate some functions available from the Printer menu such as setting the temperatures and homing and moving the nozzle around.

NOTE:

- If using this method the PC must remain on and active during the entire time it takes to print the model. Check your PC settings and disable any Sleep options for the PC and USB ports also disable any other settings such as Auto-Reboot which could affect the continuous operation of the PC.
- When the USB cable is connected the host provides a small amount of power to the printer, this is enough to power the main board and display, but NOT enough to move any of the axes, heaters or fans! The Printer must be connected to the Mains supply and turned on before pre-heating, positioning or printing!

Printing from the SD card is the recommended method.

IX. MAINTENANCE

1. Regular Checks and Maintenance

Periodically, and this depends on the usage of the printer, it is necessary to perform some simple checks and maintenance. Some of these actions may be needed to solve a problem like cleaning a clogged nozzle. When it is first used parts of the printer will 'bed in' so perform these checks often.

Routine checks:

Re level the build plate

This has been described earlier but over time the level of the build plate can change so perform the levelling checks frequently, especially if you are having adhesion problems on the first layer.

Clean the Build Plate

Make sure the surface of the build plate is free from dust and any other contamination. Do not use abrasive cleaners! Wiping it down using a microfiber cloth with a little Isopropyl alcohol or a no residue window cleaner is recommended.

Check the Drive belt tension

Frequently check the tension on the X and Y axis drive belts and adjust if needed. It only takes a few seconds so it is recommended to check this before each print.

Check the extruder gear

Over time the toothed gear on the extruder can be clogged with filament fragments. Remove and clean with a stiff brush, then replace.

Check for Play in the roller assemblies

It is important to keep the V rollers and the profile extrusions that they run in clean to ensure free running. Also periodically check that there is no binding during their movement and there is no discernible play between the rollers and the profile groves that they run in.

Regular Maintenance:

Clean and Lubricate the Z Axis lead screw.

Dust and stray wisps of filament can adhere to the lead screw, wipe it off with a cloth and apply a small amount of lubricant to keep everything running smoothly. A dry lubricant, PTFE based is recommended.

Nozzle Wear

The hole in the Nozzle will slowly wear away by the passage of the molten filament through it. The wear rate can be greatly increased by the use of some filaments containing fibres or particles such as wood, metals etc. Note that nozzle wear is normal wear and tear and is not covered by the product warranty!

Bowden tube degradation

With repeated heating and cooling the Bowden tube can degrade inside the hot end over time and may need replacing occasionally. This degradation is increased by continuous use of high melting temperature filaments. Note that this is normal wear and tear and is not covered by the product warranty!

2. Adjusting the V Rollers

The picture shows a 3 V Roller arrangement, Two of the rollers are fixed, just a bolt, round spacers etc. holding the roller bearing.

Others have a nut for a spacer. This has the top and bottom holes offset from the centre so that as the nut is turned the roller is moved into or away from the profile groove in which it runs. This allows the pressure of the V pulley against the profile groove to be adjusted.



- If there is play present, the rollers are too slack, rotate the offset nut to tighten the roller contact so removing the play.
- If the rollers are too tight not only will they wear much faster but it can also cause sticking at various points along their travel.

To adjust

- Make sure the profile groves and the surface of the V Rollers are clean.
- Slacken the bolt securing the adjustable roller slightly, if necessary.
- Use the included spanner to rotate the hex spacer until the contact of the V rollers with the profile groove has minimal play but is not too tight.
- Retighten the bolt.

Re-check for play and re-adjust if necessary.

3. Cleaning the Nozzle

The Nozzle will slowly accumulate bits of filament on the outside from picking up wisps, the filament curling especially when first bit is extruded.... over time these will become hard and may stick out and make contact with the extruded filament pulling it along the build plate.

So heat the nozzle and using a thick cloth, to avoid burning your fingers, make sure the outside is clean.

The inside of the nozzle can also become clogged due to impurities in the filament, the filament deteriorating as it cools......

If so then this can reduce the filament flow, sometimes irregularly, resulting in thinner lines and debris in the filament.

To clean the nozzle:

- Heat it to at least the filament printing temperature, preferably to 260°
- Remove the filament completely.
- Carefully clean the outside of the nozzle and gently clean the silicon cover around it.
- Use a correctly sized cleaning needle for the nozzle (the one included is for the standard 0.4mm nozzle) and insert into the hot nozzle to clean it out and dislodge any blockage.
- Trim the bottom inch off the filament and re insert it.
- Extrude a few centimetres of filament to flush anything out.

If this doesn't cure the problem repeat the process. If that doesn't work consider changing the nozzle for a new one.



4. Changing the Nozzle

If the nozzle becomes worn or badly clogged then replace it. . This is regarded as normal wear and tear and is not covered under the warranty.

The standard Nozzle is brass with a 0.4mm diameter and a M6 thread, these are often called MK8 nozzles.

To remove the nozzle:

Heat the nozzle and remove the filament, then allow it to cool to avoid any burns.

Raise the nozzle well away from the build plate.

Remove the cover over the hot end by unscrewing the two screws holding it in place at the back and gently unclipping it from the mounting.

Carefully peel away the silicon cover from the hot end and nozzle and remove.

Support the heater block or hot end carefully with a spanner (not included) and unscrew the nozzle with a 6mm spanner (included) If the nozzle will not unscrew easily heat the hot end to make sure that any filament stuck to it is molten.

If you had to heat the nozzle to remove it let it cool before proceeding for safety.

Gently clean the hot end around the nozzle.

To fit the new nozzle:

- Screw in the new nozzle just finger tight then slacken a full turn.
- Remove the clip from the pneumatic fitting, press in the collar to disengage the internal clips and make sure the Bowden tube is pressed in firmly as far as it will go. Pull out the collar and replace the clip around the pneumatic fitting to lock the tube in place.
- Now reheat the nozzle, once it is up to temperature support the heater block with a spanner and tighten the nozzle into the heater block. The final tightening must be performed with it hot (180°+) to allow for thermal expansion.
- Once again let it cool to avoid burns and then replace the silicon cover followed by outer cover over the hot end with the fans.

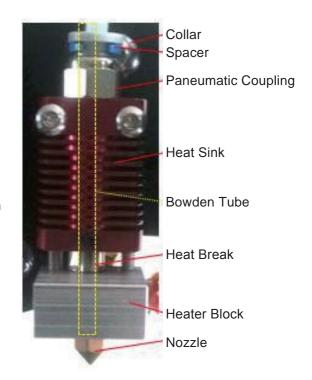
NOTE: Before replacing the fan cover it is a good idea to clean out any dirt or filament wisps from the inside of the fans and grilles.

5. Changing the Bowden Tube

Over time the Bowden tube connecting the extruder to the nozzle can deteriorate in the hot end, especially at hot print temperatures. Also the constant flexing of the tube can cause it to rub on the internal clamps in the pneumatic connections causing it to weaken. If this occurs it will need to be replaced. This is regarded as normal wear and tear and is not covered under the warranty.

To replace the tube:

- Follow the instructions above for removing the nozzle, remove if completely.
- Remove the clip from the pneumatic fitting at the top of the hot end, press
 the collar in to release the internal clamps and pull out the old tube. Repeat
 the process at the extruder pneumatic fitting.
- If the tube has distorted and will not release from the pneumatic fittings unscrew them from the Extruder and hot end, in that case it is recommended to replace the pneumatic fittings along with the tube.
- If the tube does not release from the hot end heat it up to 180° to melt any filament which may be holding it in.
- It is a good idea to check that the hole down the centre of the hot end is clean and free from any bits of filament before inserting the new tube.
- Make sure the top end of the nozzle is clean and screw it back into the heater block finger tight and slacken it by 1 full turn.
- Make sure the ends of the new tube are cut cleanly and squarely and that the
 pneumatic fittings are firmly screwed in. Press the collar in on the fitting at the
 top of the hot end and firmly push the new tube in until it is firmly seated
 against the top of the nozzle.
- Follow the instructions above for replacing the nozzle.



6. Updating the Firmware

Over time new releases of the router firmware may become available. On the Ender 3 V2 this is a very simple process. The new firmware is contained in a .bin file, check any release notes provided to see what changes have been made.

- Download the file to your computer and copy the file to the root directory of the Micro SD card.
- With the router turned off insert the micro SD card, then power on the router.
- The screen will remain blank while the firmware is updated (10-20 seconds) and then the normal boot process will take place.

At this point the update is complete!

You can verify the update version by checking the firmware version number on the Info screen.

The .bin file can be deleted from the SD card but the update will only occur once even if the file is still present on the SD card.

Some slicers offer an update the firmware option when the printer is connected via the USB cable, we strongly recommend using the SD card method.

X. PROBLEM SOLVING

NOTE: If your problem is not listed or none of the solutions work further support is available on our Facebook group 'SainSmart 3D Printing User Group' or email us at *support@sainsmart.com*.



Problem	Solutions?								
The SD card is not recognised or I cannot find my file.	 The SD card is only loaded when the Printer is powered on, try turning it off and back on again. Only files present in the root directory of the SD Card with an extension of. gcode are recognised, check that the files are in the root directory. The Card may be corrupt. Try formatting the card on your PC and recopying the files to it. Try a different SD card. 								
The extruder will not move.	 The extruder will only move when the nozzle is hot enough to melt the filament – set the nozzle temperature to >= 180°. Check the wire connection to the extruder motor. Unplug and re-insert. Check that the nozzle is not clogged. 								
The Filament keeps breaking.	Filament must be stored in clean and dry conditions preferably in a sealed container with a sachet of dry Silica Gel. When it absorbs too much moisture it can become brittle.								
The Z, X or Y axis will not move.	 Check that the axis moves freely by hand and has not been blocked by anything. Check the wiring to the stepper motor, remove and reseat the plug into the stepper motor. 								

Problem	Solutions?							
When I Auto Home it keeps on trying to move past the end points.	 Check the wiring to the limit switches, unplug and re-plug the cables into the switch. Try operating the switches by hand, you should be able to feel the switch click as it closes. If not check the switch for any dirt or obstructions. Check that the metal strip in the limit switch has not been bent too close to the switch so preventing it from closing. 							
When I start a print nothing happens.	Check the displayed Nozzle and bed temperatures, any print will start by heating the Nozzle and bed and wait until they are up to temperature before proceeding.							
I have connected the printer by the USB cable but the heaters and movements don't work	The USB port only supplies enough power for the motherboard and display. Check that the mains cable is connected and that the printer is turned on.							



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support@sainsmart.com 2711 Centerville Road, Wilmington, DE, 19808, United States

PLA Filament 1.75 mm





i

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PLA}}$ (Polylactic acid) is the best material for getting started with your 3D printer, as it:

- Hardens quickly
- Has minimal thermal tension
- Has minimal deformation
- Does not require Kapton tape
- Does not require heated bed
- -Acetone-resistant

BQ PLA filament is made from 100% PLA.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PLA}}$ is a biodegradable product obtained from plant-derived sugars.



Filament Diameter: 1.75 mm

Thickness: 1.24 g/cm³ (ASTM D792)

Weight: 1 kg

Spool Size: 195 mm x 73 mm Spool axle diameter: 52 mm



SKU: F000099

Violet

SKU: 05BQFIL025

Sky blue

Compatible with: any printer that uses 1.75 mm filament





Coral

SKU: 05BQFIL023



Aubergine

SKU: 05BQFIL028



Vitamine orange



SKU: F000098



Turquoise





Magenta





Ruby red

SKU: 05BQFIL034



Grass green

SKU: F000100



Sulphur yellow

SKU: 05BQFIL026



Coal black





Bottle green

SKU: F000101



Topaz blue

SKU: 05BQFIL027



Pure white

SKU: 05BQFIL032



Ash grey





Sunshine yellow



PLA filament: technical datasheet

PROPERTY	VALUE	UNITS	TEST METHOD			
General properties						
Specific gravity	1.24	g/cm³	ASTM D792			
Mechanical properties						
Flexural elastic modulus	3600	MPa	ISO 178			
Flexural Strength	108	MPa	ISO 178			
Hardness, Sh D	85	Sh D	ASTM D2240			
Thermal properties						
Heat distortion temperature HDT B (0,45MPa)	56	°C	ISO 75/2B			
Melting temperature	145-160	°C	ASTM D3418			
Glass Transition Temperature	56-64	°C	ASTM D3418			

In addition to the described properties, we have performed tensile tests on tensile specimen printed with our PLA and on injection moulded tensile specimen in order to ascertain the mechanical properties of the final printed object. The following table contains the results:

Mechanical properties	Injection moulded tensile specimen	Printed tensile specimen ^a	Printed tensile specimen b	Units	Test method
Tensile strength at break	52	50	39	MPa	ISO 527
Tensile elongation at break	5	9	4	%	ISO 527
Tensile modulus	1320	1230	1120	MPa	ISO 527

^a Stretch-direction is parallel to the layers.

^b Stretch-direction is perpendicular to the layers.

Tensile specimen	Layer height (mm)	Shell thickness (mm)	Bottom/top thickness (mm)	Fill density (%)	Print design
Tensile specimen print-direction is parallel to the layers	0.2	2	0.2	100	
Tensile specimen print-direction is perpendicular to the layers	0.3	1	0.3	100	ko div



Rotary Tool Kit



G4007











Grinder Structure



A-Keyless Chuck: Accept 0.5-3.2 mm shank

B-Collet Nut: Lock the chuck

C-Carbon Brush Mouth: Change the carbon brush

D-On/off Switch: Turn on / turn off the grinder

E-Hanger: Hang the grinder

F-Cable: 150 cm

G-Variable Speed Switch: Adjust 5 step speed

Frequency.....50 Hz (EU) / 60 Hz (US)

Specifications:

Rated Input Voltage.......220-240 V (EU)/ 110 V (US)

Rated Input Current.......130 W

Collet Capacity.........0.5-3.2 mm , 3.2 mm

.....

Safety & Note

- 1. Before using the tool, please use personal protective equipment, always wear goggles and overalls to avoid accidents;
- 2. Before the grinder is energized, please make sure the switch is off.
- 3. When installing or replacing accessories, make sure to unplug the plug before starting;
- 4. Before the operation, the rotary tool accessories should be carefully inspected, and Prohibited to use the broken and cracked accessories;
- 5. When installing the accessories, the chuck of the electric grinder / flexible shaft must be tightened with the wrench;
- 6. Before starting work, please make sure that the attachment and accessories are fastened, then test the electric grinder without load. If there is no abnormality, you can continue to operate;
- 7. During using, please pay attention to the pressure of the grinder to avoid excessive force;
- 8. When using cutting discs or other accessories, make sure that the person is off the tangential direction of the cutting disc to avoid injury.
- 9. For North American countries, this grinder only supports 100-110V voltage; For European countries, this grinder only supports 220-240V voltage.

Operation Guide:

▲Focus:

1. Correctly install the chuck:



2. Insert the shank of accessories correctly:



When installing the chuck, be sure to align the chuck port with the grinder port.

Be sure to insert most of the shank into the chuck.

★Attachment Part:

- A. Flexible Shaft: Extend the working range of the grinder
 - 1. Open the plastic nut, press the chuck lock, release the chuck

2. Insert the shaft core into the chuck





- 3. Press the chuck lock and tighten the chuck
- with the wrench

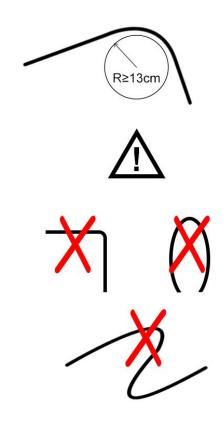
4. Tighten the shaft cover by hand





5. ▲ Before use, please make sure that the flexible shaft runs at high speed in the vertical position for 1 minute, in order to prevent the flexible shaft from twisting before use, and enhance using life.





After the flexible shaft test is no problem, install the accessories:

- 6. "L" Spanner inserts the hole at the head of the shaft and press it to open the collet nut
- 7. Insert the accessory, press "L" spanner and tighten the collet nut with the small wrench



- B. **Drill Locator**: Control the depth of drilling
- 1. Unscrew the plastic nut and install the drill bit

2. Tighten the drill locator on the head of the grinder, adjust the scale according to the drilling depth, and tighten the screws by hand.





C. Cover Shield: Prevent sparks and debris from harming the human body

1. Unscrew plastic nut, attach the cover shield to the grinder head and tighten the nut

2. Install the accessories, tighten the chuck, check it and start working.







D. **Collet**: 3.2 mm

Unscrew collet cap, insert the 3.2 mm collet into the grinder port and tighten the collet cap:





Keyless Chuck: 0.5-3.2 mm

Remove the 3.2mm collet, install the keyless chuck, insert the accessories, and tighten with the wrench





E. **Replace Carbon Brush**: Conductive, transfer electrical energy

1. Insert the end of the wrench into the carbon brush port and unscrew it to remove the damaged carbon brush.



2. Insert the new carbon brush into the carbon brush port correctly and cover the port with the wrench.



▲ Remarks:

- a. If the new grinder cannot be rotated after power-on, please open the carbon brush port to check whether the carbon brush is loosened due to long-term transportation, and then re-install according to the operation guide. If it is invalid, please contact our after-sales service team;
- b. After the grinder has been used for half a year or longer, it will not rotate. Please check if the carbon brush is consumed. If this happens, we recommend replacing the carbon brush. For specific problems, please contact our after-sales service team.

*Accessories Part:

•Cutting Function :



1. Diamond Cutting Disc

- ▶ Suitable for stone, ceramic, gemstone and other jade processing;
- ▲ Due to the high temperature, please use water to cool at work so that the validity period can last longer.



Unscrew the head screw of the mandrel and attach the cutting disc



Install the mounted cutting disc in the chuck, and fasten the chuck and the cutting disc screw with the wrench



2. HSS Cutting Disc

- 3. ▶ For cutting wood and plastic materials
- ▲ When installing this cutting disc, pay attention to the same direction of rotation of the saw blade gear and the grinder.



3. Resin Cutting Disc

- ▶ For cutting metals such as aluminum, iron, steel, copper, etc.
- ▲ Not suitable for alloy metal with too high hardness.

• Grinding Function :



4. Sanding Drum

▶ Grind wood and metal to remove stains and mold, paint, etc.





Loosen the screw of the mandrel, install the sanding drum, and tighten the screw with the wrench Install the installed sanding drum fitting into the chuck and fasten it, and tighten mandrel head screw with the wrench again to make the sanding drum completely tightened.



5. Grinding Stone

▶ Used to grind metals such as aluminum, iron, steel, copper, etc.

• Engraving Function:



6. Diamond Burr Bit

- ▶ For carving stone materials, metal, glass, hardwood, etc.
- ▲ Due to the high temperature, please use water to cool at work so that the validity period can last longer.



7. **HSS Burr Cutter**

▶ Mainly used for woodworking engraving, suitable for shaving wood, plastic, soft metal (aluminum) and soft stone with hardness below 3.5 degrees

Polishing / Cleaning Function:



8. Felt Wheel

► For polishing plastics, metals, jewellery and models, etc. (Can be used with polishing paste)



Insert the mandrel into the felt wheel



Tighten the mandrel by hand



9. Polishing Compound

► Used with felt wheel to enhance the polishing effect and achieve a touch-up effect



Install the felt wheel to the chuck and tighten, then open the polishing paste



Dip the felt wheel into the polishing paste and rotate it at a low speed ,then apply the felt wheel to the polishing project.



9. Wire Brush

- ▶ Suitable for cleaning, deburring and surface treatment
- ▶ Mainly used to remove rust and corrosion on metal surfaces, as well as wood work

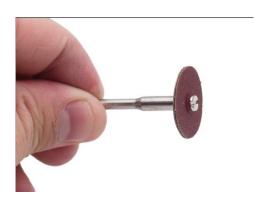


10. Sanding Paper Disc

- ▶ Polish, grind and remove stains on wood, glass and metal
- ▲ It is recommended to install and use 3 discs or more for better effect.



Unscrew the mandrel screws and install 3 or more discs of sandpaper



Insert the installed sandpaper device into the chuck and tighten with the wrench. Then tighten the screws on the mandrel head with the wrench.

• Drilling Function:



11.**HSS Twist Drill Bit** (2.3mm, 3mm)

- ▶ Drilling work for wood and plastic
- ► Generally used with drill locator

After-Sale Service

Brand Concept:

GOXAWEE Tool is the source for hard-to-find mini tools for DIY crafts and hobbies. We take great pride in providing the best customer service on Amazon. Whether you are a professional craftsman, a robot builder, or a model building hobbyist who requires precision small tools and micro tools, GOXAWEE Tool can help.

GOXAWEE is committed to creating an excellent customer experience, and we are trying our best to be the best seller. So if convenient, kindly leave us your advice and feedback. Your support will be highly appreciated.

After-Sale Service:

▶ GOXAWEE Rotary Tool Kit has 24-month warranty. There are any product issues during the period, we hope that you will contact us as soon as possible, we will always try our best to solve the problem and provide the best customer service.

Contact us:

Official Mailbox: goxaweetool@hotmail.com

Facebook: www.facebook.com/chinapowertool

Phone number: (+86) 755-27944158 or 134 8088 2210

Address: 4th Floor, A5 Building, 1st Road of Xixiang, Baoan, Shenzhen, China 518101

Official Website: www.goxawee.com



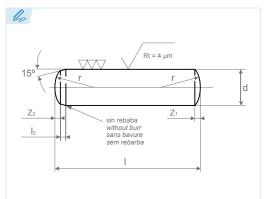
PASADORES

DOWEL PINS • GOUPILLES • CAVILHAS



DIN 6325





Pasador cilíndrico

Parallel pins Goupille cylindrique rectifiée Cavilha cilíndrica

Resistencia a la tracción mínima: 600 N/mm²

Tensile strength (minimum): 600 N/mm² Résistance à la traction minimum: 600 N/mm² Resistência à tração mínima: 600 N/mm²

Tolerancia: m6

Tolerance: m6 Tolérance: m6 Tolerância: m6

Templado 60 ±2 HRC y rectificado

Hardened 60 ±2 HRC and grinded Dureté 60 ±2 HRC rectifié Temperado 60 ±2 HRC e retificado

d	m6	0,8	1	1,5	2	2,5	3	4	5	6	8	10	12	14	16	20	m6	d
l ₂		0,4	0,4	0,5	0,6	0,7	0,8	1	1,2	1,5	1,8	2	2,5	2,5	3	4		l ₂
r	≈	0,8	1	1,6	2	2,5	3	4	5	6	8	10	12	16	16	20	≈	r
Z ₁	*	0,12	0,15	0,23	0,3	0,4	0,45	0,6	0,75	0,9	1,2	1,5	1,8	2	2,5	3	≈	Z ₁
Z_2	≈	0,06	0,08	0,12	0,18	0,25	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,6	0,8	1	1,3	1,3	1,7	2	≈	\mathbf{Z}_{2}
		02	04	04	06	06	• 06	• 06	• 08	• 10	• 14	• 16	• 20	• 24	• 24	• 40		
		03	05	05	80	80	08	• 08	• 10	• 12	• 16	• 18	• 22	• 26	• 26	• 45		
		04	06	06	10	10	10	10	12	14	18	• 20	• 24	• 28	• 28	50		
		05	80	80	12	12	12	12	14	16	20	• 22	• 26	• 30	• 30	55		
		06	10	10	14	14	14	14	16	18	• 22	24	28	• 32	• 32	60		
		80	• 12	12	16	16	16	16	18	20	24	• 26	• 30	36	• 36	70		
			• 14	14	18	18	18	18	20	• 22	• 26	28	32	40	40	80		
			• 16	16	20	20	20	20	• 22	24	28	• 30	36	45	45	90		
				• 18	• 22	• 22	• 22	• 22	24	• 26	• 30	32	40	50	50	100		
				• 20	• 24	24	24	24	• 26	28	32	36	45	55	55	120		
				• 22	• 26	• 26	• 26	• 26	28	• 30	36	40	50	60	60			
js14				• 24	• 28	• 28	28	28	• 30	32	40	45	55	70	70			js14
				• 26	• 30	• 30	• 30	• 30	32	36	45	50	60	80	80			
				• 28	• 32	• 32	32	32	36	40	50	55	70	90	90			
				• 30	• 36	• 36	• 36	36	40	45	55	60	80	100	100			
					• 40	• 40	• 40	40	45	50	60	70	90	120	120			
						• 45	• 45	• 45	50	55	70	80	100					
						• 50	• 50	• 50	• 55	60	80	90	• 120					
							• 55	• 55	• 60	• 70	• 90	100						
							• 60	• 60		• 80	• 100	• 120						
										• 90 • 100	• 120							



Las longitudes en negrita son las más utilizadas.

Bold numbers represent the most commonly used lengths. En noir les longueurs les plus utilisées. Os comprimento em negrito são os mais utilizados.



Otras medidas bajo consulta.

Other dimensions by request.
Autres dimensions sur demande.
Outras medidas, sob consulta.

• Medidas fuera de norma DIN.

Dimensions outside DIN standard. Longueur hors norme DIN. Medidas fora da norma DIN.



ejemplo example exemple exemplo

Ref.= **D250** - XX - XXX d

DIN 6325 10x20

Ref. = D250-10-20

La norma DIN 6325 no especifica la designación del material. Los pasadores serán entregados en 100Cr6, reservándonos el derecho de suministrarlos en otros materiales.

The DIN 6325 standard does not specify the designation of the material. We will deliver the dowel pins in 100Cr6. However, we reserve the right to supply them using other materials. La norme DIN 6325 n'indique pas la matière du produit. Nos goupilles sont fournies en 100Cr6, nous nous réservons la possibilité de les fournir dans d'autres matières. A norma DIN 6325 não especifica a designação do material. Os cavilhas serão entregues em 100Cr6, reservando-se o direito de fornecé-los em outros materiais.