

Experimental analysis of the bubble-slug transition in a minichannel in microgravity conditions

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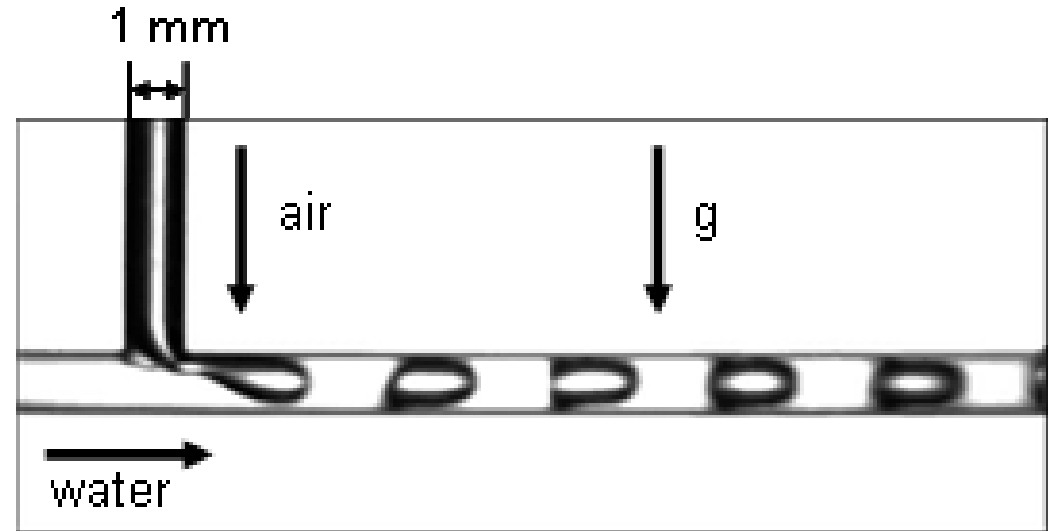
1. Motivation & objectives
2. General description
3. Methodology
4. Results
5. Discussion
6. Conclusions
7. Future steps

- Gas-liquid flows essential to space technology.
- Scientific and technological applications:
 - Power generation
 - Bioreactors
 - Propulsion systems
 - Heat management techniques
 - ECLSS
 - ...
- 3 main flow patterns: bubble, slug and annular.
- Better understanding  mechanisms of transition.
- Experimental study bubble-slug transition.

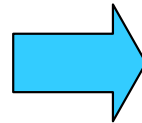


General description

- Two-phase air-water flow.
- Minitubes on-ground [1].
- T-junction.
- Bubble, slug, churn and annular (stratified not allowed).



- $We \sim 1, 10$
- $Bo \sim 10^{-1}$
- $Re \sim 10^3$




- Capillary regime
- Independent of gravity
- Laminar regime

[1] S. Arias, X. Ruiz, L. Ramírez-Piscina, J. Casademunt and R. González-Cinca, Experimental study of a microchannel bubble injector for microgravity applications, *Microgravity Science and Technology* 21 (2009) 107-111.

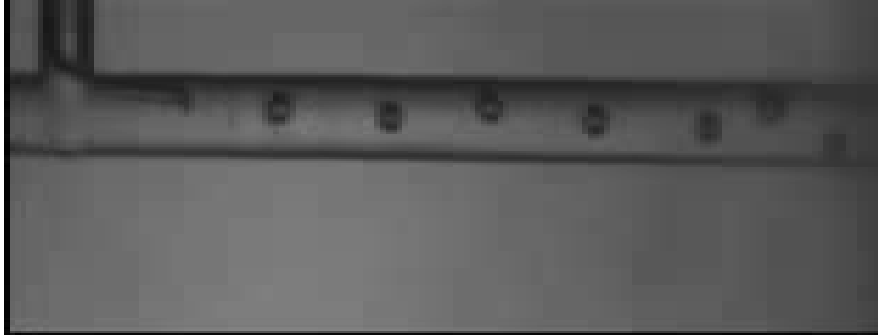
- Gas and liquid volumetric flow rates, Q_G , Q_L , controlled.
- Images taken for each couple $Q_G - Q_L$ (4000 fps).
- Superficial gas and liquid velocities, U_{SG} , U_{SL} , estimated:

$$U_{SG} = Q_G / A \quad U_{SL} = Q_L / A \quad (A: \text{cross section})$$

- Gas velocity, U_G , measured from images.
- Void fraction, α , estimated: $\alpha = U_{SG} / U_G$
- Bubble length and diameter measured from images.
- Bubble-slug transition very susceptible  Dukler et al. criterion [2]

[2] A.E. Dukler, J. A. Fabre, J. B. McQuillen, R. Vernon, Gas-liquid flow at microgravity conditions: flow patterns and their transitions, International Journal of Multiphase Flow 14 (1988) 389–400.

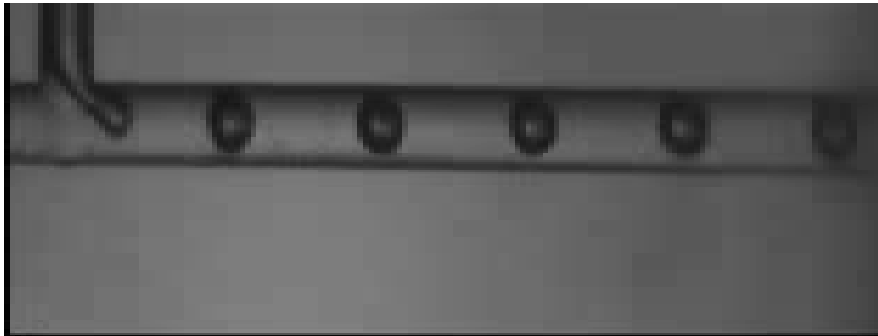
Examples (4000 fps)



Bubble

$$U_{SG} = 0.08 \text{ m/s}$$

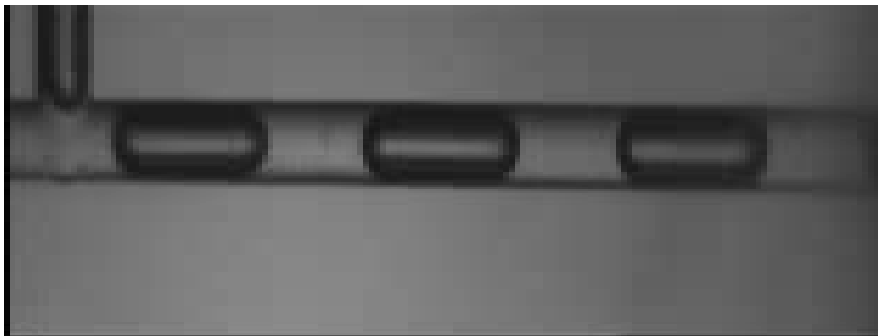
$$U_{SL} = 1.48 \text{ m/s}$$



B-s transition

$$U_{SG} = 0.11 \text{ m/s}$$

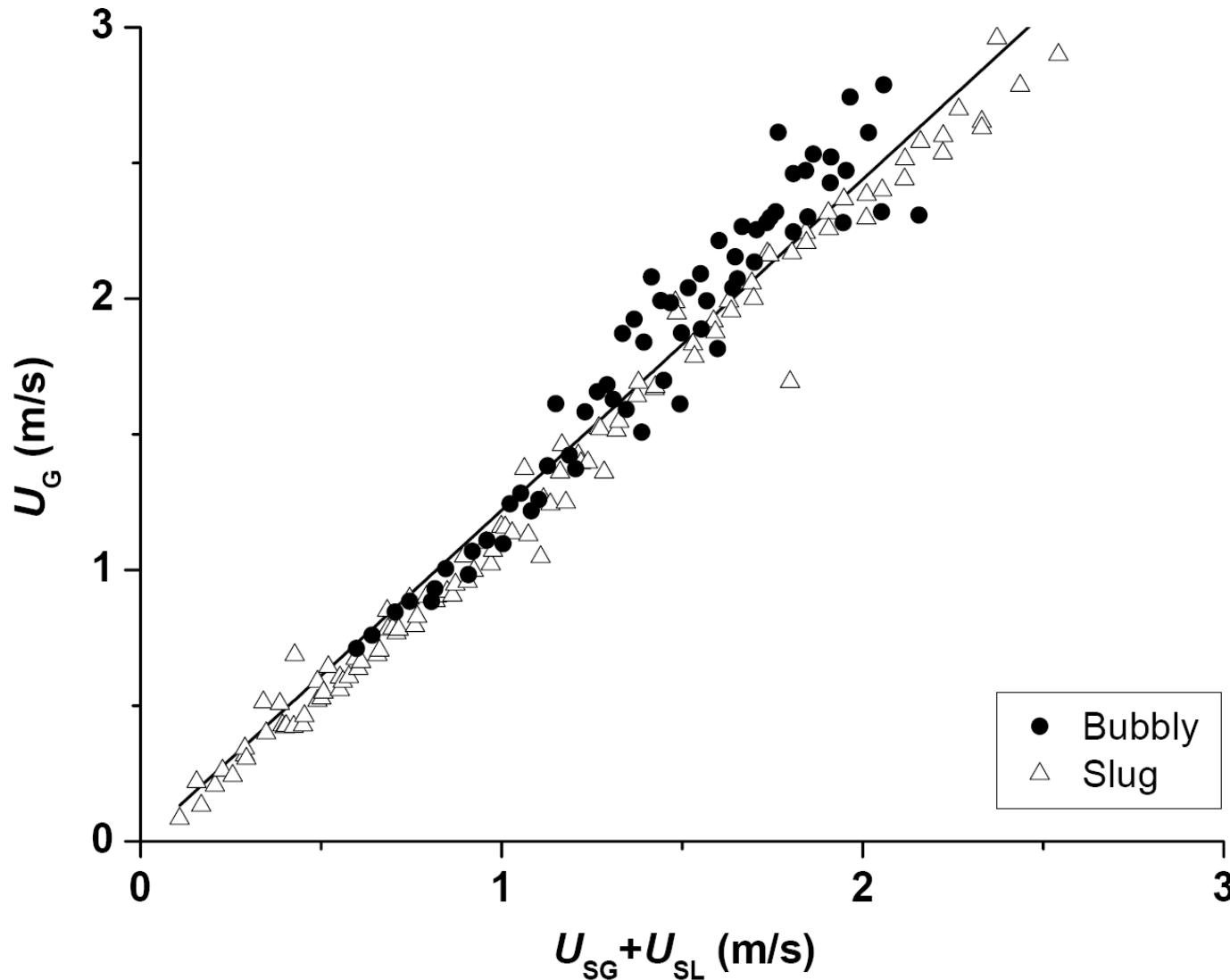
$$U_{SL} = 0.53 \text{ m/s}$$



Slug

$$U_{SG} = 0.10 \text{ m/s}$$

$$U_{SL} = 0.10 \text{ m/s}$$



Drift-flux relationship:

$$U_G = C_0 (U_{SG} + U_{SL})$$

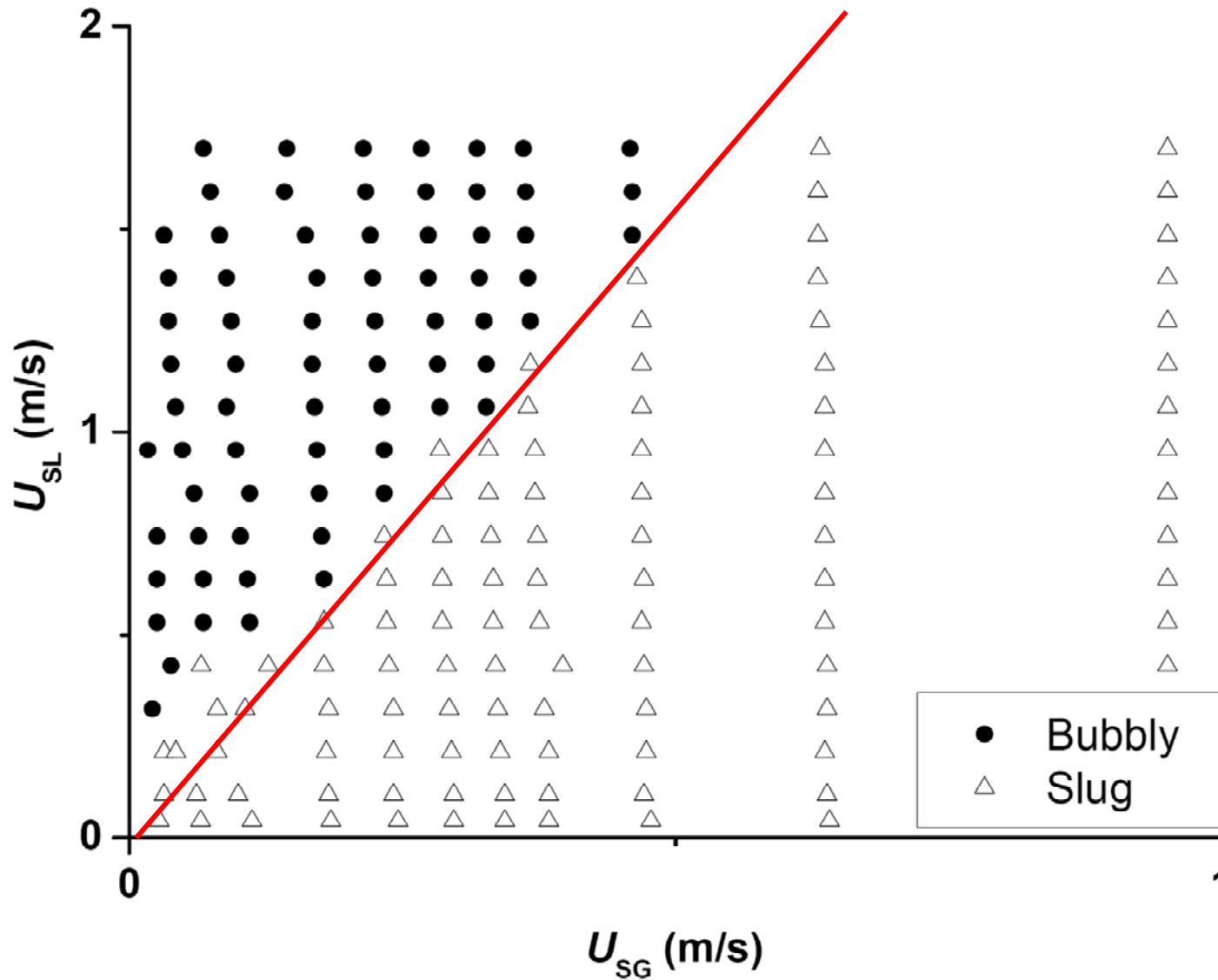
$$C_0 = 1.22$$



Transition expressed as:

$$U_{SL} = U_{SG} \frac{1 - C_0 \alpha_c}{C_0 \alpha_c}$$

Results: critical void fraction



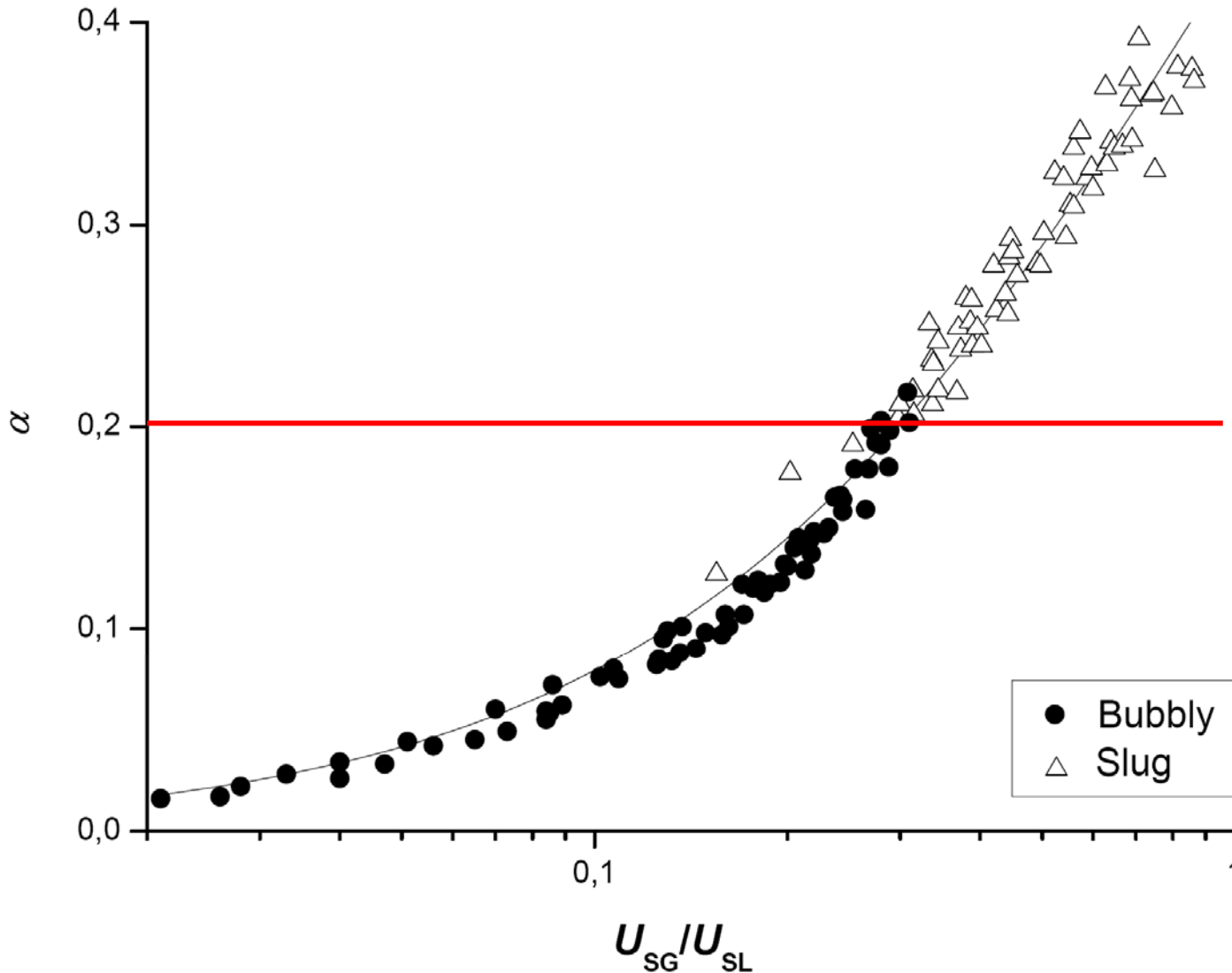
$$U_{SL} = U_{SG} \frac{1 - C_0 \alpha_c}{C_0 \alpha_c}$$

Transition estimated:

$$U_{SL} = 3.1 \cdot U_{SG}$$



$$\alpha_c = 0.2$$



Drift-flux relationship:

$$U_G = C_0 (U_{SG} + U_{SL})$$

$$C_0 = 1.22$$



Void fraction:

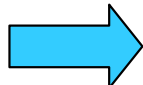
$$\alpha = \frac{U_{SG}}{U_G} = \frac{1}{C_0 \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{U_{SG}}{U_{SL}}} \right)}$$

Prediction upon the **Suratman number** (Colin et al. [3]):


$$Su = \frac{Re^2}{We} = \frac{\rho_L \sigma \phi}{\nu_L^2}$$

$Su < 1.5 \cdot 10^6$	$\rightarrow \alpha_c = 0.45$	Inhibiting-coalescence regime
$Su > 1.7 \cdot 10^6$	$\rightarrow \alpha_c = 0.20$	Promoting-coalescence regime

In our experiments:

$Su = 7.1 \cdot 10^4$  Inhibiting-coalescence regime **but** $\alpha_c = 0.2$

[3] J. McQuillen, C. Colin and J. Fabre, Ground-based gas-liquid flow research in microgravity conditions: state of knowledge, Space Forum 3 (1998) 165-203.

- Study on-ground of the bubble-slug transition in air-water flows.
- Minichannel (1mm) in microgravity related conditions, laminar and capillary regime.
- Good agreement with the drift-flux relationship.
- Good agreement with the void fraction prediction.
- Good agreement with the hypothesis of a critical void fraction.
- Prediction based upon Suratman number not applicable in this case.
- The critical void fraction is due to the entrance effects; no influence of the coalescence phenomena.
- Specific bubble-slug transition prediction in minichannel is required.
- Literature is not satisfactory in this case  further analyses are required.

- Current **on-ground** experiments:
 - Changes of the capillary diameters.
 - Changes in fluids.
 - Explore other parameters regimes (larger flow rates).

- **CFD** data analysis:
 - Model of the injector.
 - Bubble formation and detachment.

- Experiments in **microgravity conditions**:
 - Drop tower INTA.
 - Future PFC.



**Thank you
for your attention!**

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