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**DEVELOPMENT OF A WEB-BASED GRAPHICAL USER
INTERFACE TO DESIGN BRAIN FIBER MODELS FOR
TRACTOGRAPHY VALIDATION**



Volum II

Annex

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Chapter 1

User Documentation

User Documentation

Phantomas Web Designer

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License: [BSD 2-Clause License](#)
Source: Phantomas Web Designer is on [GitHub](#)

Phantomas Web Designer is a graphical interface for creation and edition of phantoms to be used in Phantomas ([link](#) to Phantomas' homepage).

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1 Requirements

Phantomas Web Designer was tested on [Mozilla Firefox](#). Although, it is fully compatible with any modern internet navigator.

No extra software is needed.

2 Capabilities

Using this app you will be able to

- Load or create from scratch any phantom model and save it as a JSON Phantomas file



- Visualize any phantom model and its structure and components individually in a lightweight, three-dimensional and fully interactive interface.
- Add and remove fibers and isotropic regions in the phantom.
- Change the position and the radius for any isotropic region
- Edit the radius and the tangents' method for any fiber
- Add, remove and edit the position of any control point in a fiber

2.1 Definition of a fiber bundle

A fiber bundle in Phantomas is defined as a cylindrical tube wrapped around its centerline. The centerline itself is a continuous curve in 3D, and can be simply created from a few control points.

This app uses the same specifications as Phantomas. More information may be found in its [documentation](#).

3 Basic Usage

[3.1 Phantom overview](#)

[3.2 Left panel](#)

[3.2.1 Edition mode](#)

[3.2.2 Editing an Isotropic Region](#)

[3.2.3 Editing a Fiber](#)

[3.2.4 Editing a Control Point](#)

[3.3 Right panel](#)

[3.4 Export Phantom](#)

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Phantomas Web Designer divides the window in three panels:

- Left panel allows you to navigate through the elements and edit them
- Central panel displays the fiber in a what-you-see-is-what-you-get manner. It is fully mouse interactive.
- Right panel lets the user tweak the display options.



3.1 Phantom overview

The largest panel displays the current phantom layout. At start, view is from plane XY.

You may click to rotate, right-click to pan and use the mouse wheel to zoom. The view may be restored at any time by using the [right panel](#) camera placements.

To identify and view the structure of individual phantom elements, you may use the [left panel](#) element navigator.

3.2 Left panel

The left panel allows you to navigate between the different phantom elements. You may also edit those, or add and remove.

To identify the different elements you may place your mouse over the selector lists. Those will highlight while mouse is placed onto their selection option. Highlighting elements for identifying will not affect the current task.

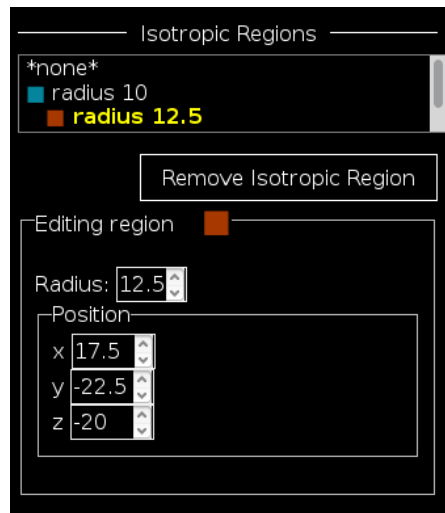
3.2.1 Edition mode

When clicking onto an option, edition options will pop up and the element will stay highlighted. To exit edition mode, select the **none** option or press *Esc*. Changes are saved once those take place.

To remove an element, you must access its edition mode.

Numerical inputs allow keyboard input, although it is restricted to valid values and a 1-decimal precision by default.

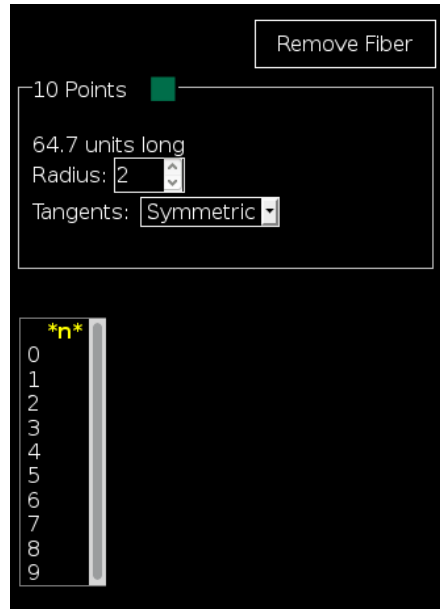
3.2.2 Editing an Isotropic Region



The editable elements in a region concern:

- Its radius
- Its position (x y z)

3.2.3 Editing a Fiber



When entering fiber edition mode, its structure will feature in the scene.

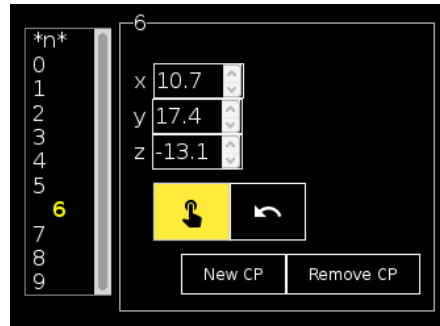
The editable elements in a fiber concern:

- Its radius
- Its tangent-computing mode:
 - Symmetric
 - Incoming
 - Outgoing

A selection list for the fibers' control points is available at the bottom. Hovering those will also highlight them in the scene to help identifying.

3.2.4 Editing a Control Point

Clicking over a control point in the list will pop up control point edition mode.



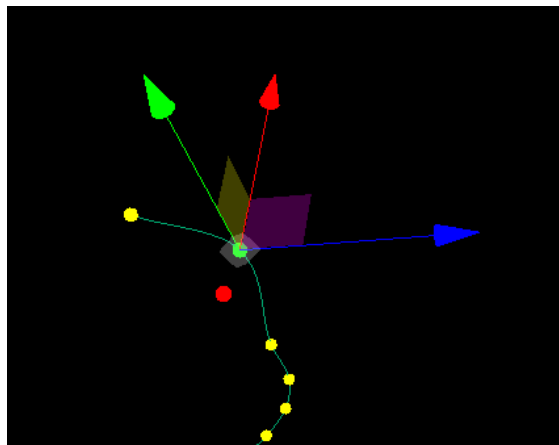
Only position may be edited.

While editing and navigating through control points, those may adopt four different colors in the scene:

- *Yellow*: Control points the user is not interacting with.
- *Blue*: For the control point being hovered in selection list.
- *Red*: Currently being edited control point.
- *Green*: Position changed control point that may be saved.

A control point is saved whenever its edition is quitted. When position was changed, the former version is on the scene in red color while the one to be saved is in green. The former may be recovered by pressing the *Undo* button, marked with an arrow.

Position may be edited manually by using the given fields. As well, by clicking on the *Drag and Drop* button, marked with a pointer. This option will disable the manual fields while allowing an interactive edition in the scene itself.



The interactive edition allows different liberty grades:

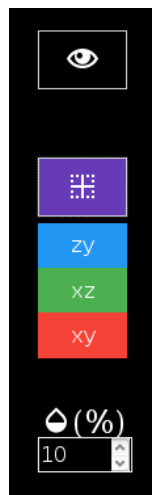
- *Axes*, by using the arrows shown.
- *Planes*, by dragging the planes formed between the arrows.
- *The screen plane*, by clicking directly on the point.

New CP button creates a new control point. It is to be placed in the mid-point between the current and the next one. *Remove CP* removes the current control point after asking for confirmation.

Remove CP option is not available in first and last control points.

3.3 Right panel

Right panel concerns everything regarding the visualization.



Options are:

- *Preview Switch*: Only available in editing mode. Allows the user to preview the phantom with any fade. Does not affect the edition. Unactive in the screenshot above.
- *Axes Switch*: Shows and hides the coordinates axis. Active in the screenshot above. Each axis features a different color:
 - Red for X
 - Green for Y
 - Blue for Z
- *Position*: Move the scene to XY, XZ or ZY plane.
- *Opacity*: Select [0 - 50%] the opacity of the faded elements.

3.4 Export Phantom

At bottom-right corner the export button allows you, at any moment, to download the JSON file for the current phantom.

The file is compatible with Phantomas and may be loaded as well in Phantomas Web Designer for further edition.

3.5 Keyboard Shortcuts

Keyboard shortcuts are available for most commonly used functions:

Esc	Exit current edit
P	Switch preview mode
D	Switch drag and drop controls
A	Switch axes
X	Move to X=0 plane
Y	Move to Y=0 plane
Z	Move to Z=0 plane
S	Save phantom
U	Undo control point edition
Del	Remove current element

4 Source Code

Phantomas Web Designer is open source and may be [downloaded and forked on GitHub](#). Pull Requests are welcome!

This document was generated on 2017-04-27 at 11:13.

Chapter 2

Source Code

2.1 File tree

```
phantomas-web/
├── index.html
├── phantomas.html
├── css/
│   ├── icons.css
│   ├── main.css
│   ├── normalize.css
│   └── w3.css
├── doc/
│   ├── jsdoc-conf.json
│   ├── developer/
│   │   └── index.html
│   ├── user/
│   │   ├── img/
│   │   ├── source.rst
│   │   └── index.html
├── examples/
│   ├── 3Dfanning_13bundles.json
│   ├── 60crossing_3bundles.json
│   ├── 90kissing_3bundles.json
│   ├── fibers.json
│   └── isbi_challenge_2013.json
├── gui/
│   ├── cpedit.js
│   ├── fiberedit.js
│   ├── handlers.js
│   ├── regionedit.js
│   ├── resize.js
│   ├── setup.js
│   ├── status.js
│   └── stylehandlers.js
├── icons/
│   ├── icons.woff
│   └── favicon.ico
├── js/
│   ├── FiberSource.js
│   ├── MeshSource.js
│   ├── axes.js
│   ├── load.js
│   ├── main.js
│   ├── Phantom.js
│   ├── save.js
│   └── dragAndDrop.js
└── lib/
    ├── TrackballControls.js
    ├── three.min.js
    └── TransformControls.js
```


2.2 File description

File name	Description	Page
index.html	<i>Phantom</i> Web Designer's homepage	14
phantomas.html	<i>Phantom</i> Web Designer's HTML	15
icons.css	Class definition for button icons	17
main.css	Main classes definition	17
jsdoc-conf.json	<i>JSDoc3</i> configuration file	19
source.rst	User documentation reStructuredText source	20
cpedit.js	cpEdit and exitCPedit functions	25
fiberedit.js	fiberEdit function	29
handlers.js	GUI Handlers functions	33
regionedit.js	regionEdit function	40
resize.js	resizeGUI function	43
setup.js	guiSetup and editExit functions	44
status.js	GuiStatus class	49
stylehandlers.js	GUI Style Handlers functions	51
FiberSource.js	FiberSource and IsotropicRegionSource classes	52
MeshSource.js	Mesh-wrapper classes	60
axes.js	buildAxes function	65
load.js	loadPhantom function	66
main.js	Variable declaration. init and show functions	67
Phantom.js	Phantom class	71
save.js	Phantom.export method, pushDownload function	82
dragAndDrop.js	dragAndDrop function	85

2.3 Source code

2.3.1 index.html

```

1 <!doctype html>
2 <html>
3   <head>
4     <meta charset="utf-8">
5     <link rel="icon" href="icons/favicon.ico">
6     <meta name="author" content="Guillem Gonzalez Vela, Emmanuel Caruyer -
7       Firstname.Lastname#64;irisa.fr" />
8     <title>Phantom&alpha;s Web</title>
9     <center><h1>Phantom&alpha;s Web</h1></center>
10    <hr>
11    <br><br><br>
12  </head>
13  <body style="background: black; color: white">
14    <center><table style="padding:7%; width:80%; background: white; color:
15      black"></center>
16    <tr><center>
17      <th><h2>Load the app</h2></th>
18      <th><h2>Other resources</h2></th>
19    </center></tr>
20    <tr>
21      <td>
22        <h3><a href="phantomas.html">Start a new model from scratch</a><
23        /h3>
24        <h4>or load an example:</h4>
25        <ul>
26          <li><a href="phantomas.html?examples/fibers.json">Basic
27            phantom</a>
28          <li><a href="phantomas.html?examples/3Dfanning_13bundles.json"
29            >13 fanning bundles</a>
30          <li><a href="phantomas.html?examples/60crossing_3bundles.json"
31            >3 bundles crossing at 60&ordm;</a>
32          <li><a href="phantomas.html?examples/90kissing_3bundles.json"
33            >3 bundles kissing at 90&ordm;</a>
34          <li><a href="phantomas.html?examples/isbi_challenge_2013.json"
35            >Phantom used at 2013 HARDI reconstruction challenge</a>
36        </ul>
37      </td>
38      <td style="padding-left:10%">
39        <b>Authors:</b> Guillem Gonz&aacute;lez Vela and Emmanuel
40        Caruyer (Firstname.Lastname@irisa.fr)
41        <br><br>
42        <ul>
43          <li><a href="doc/user">User documentation</a>
44          <li><a href="doc/developer">Developer documentation</a>
45          <li><a href="LICENSE">License - BSD 2-Clause License</a>
46        </ul>
47        <br>
48        External links:
49        <ul>

```

```

42     <li>This app is Open Source and
43         <a href="http://www.github.com/ecaruyer/phantomas-web"
           target="_blank">may be forked in GitHub.<a>&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;Pull
           requests are welcome!
44     <li><a href="http://emmanuelcaruyer.com/phantomas.php" target=
           "_blank">Phantom&alpha;s' homepage</a>
45     <li><a href="http://www.github.com/ecaruyer/phantomas" target=
           "_blank">Phantom&alpha;s' GitHub</a>
46     <li><a href="http://emmanuelcaruyer.com/phantomas/" target="
           _blank">Phantom&alpha;s' API Documentation</a>
47     <li><a href="http://hardi.epfl.ch/static/events/2013_ISBI/"
           target="_blank">HARDI reconstruction challenge 2013
           homepage</a>
48     </ul>
49 </body>
50 </html>

```

2.3.2 phantomas.html

```

1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html>
3
4 <head>
5   <title>Phantomas Web Designer</title>
6   <meta charset="utf-8">
7   <link rel="icon" href="icons/favicon.ico">
8   <link rel="stylesheet" href="css/normalize.css" />
9   <link rel="stylesheet" href="css/w3.css" />
10  <link rel="stylesheet" href="css/main.css" />
11  <link rel="stylesheet" href="css/icons.css">
12
13  <script type="text/javascript" src="lib/three.min.js"></script>
14  <script type="text/javascript" src="lib/TrackballControls.js"></script>
15  <script type="text/javascript" src="lib/TransformControls.js"></script>
16
17  <script type="text/javascript" src="js/FiberSource.js"></script>
18  <script type="text/javascript" src="js/MeshSource.js"></script>
19  <script type="text/javascript" src="js/Phantom.js"></script>
20  <script type="text/javascript" src="js/dragAndDrop.js"></script>
21  <script type="text/javascript" src="js/load.js"></script>
22  <script type="text/javascript" src="js/save.js"></script>
23  <script type="text/javascript" src="js/axes.js"></script>
24  <script type="text/javascript" src="js/main.js"></script>
25
26  <script type="text/javascript" src="gui/handlers.js"></script>
27  <script type="text/javascript" src="gui/resize.js"></script>
28  <script type="text/javascript" src="gui/status.js"></script>
29  <script type="text/javascript" src="gui/setup.js"></script>
30  <script type="text/javascript" src="gui/stylehandlers.js"></script>
31  <script type="text/javascript" src="gui/fiberedit.js"></script>
32  <script type="text/javascript" src="gui/regionedit.js"></script>
33  <script type="text/javascript" src="gui/cpedit.js"></script>
34 </head>
35

```

```

36 <body>
37   <div id="leftGUI">
38     <!-- Title code from http://stackoverflow.com/questions/2812770/add-
39         centered-text-to-the-middle-of-a-hr-like-line -->
40     <div style="width: 100%; height: 8px; border-bottom: 1px solid white;
41         text-align: center">
42       <span style="background-color: #000000; padding: 0 10px">
43         Fibers
44       </span>
45     </div>
46     <ul id="fiberSelector" style="width:120px;" onmouseout="guiStatus.
47         retrieve();">
48   </ul><br>
49   <div style="width: 100%; height: 8px; border-bottom: 1px solid white;
50     text-align: center">
51     <span style="background-color: #000000; padding: 0 10px">
52       Isotropic Regions
53     </span>
54   </div>
55   <ul id="regionSelector" style="width:120px" onmouseout="guiStatus.
56     retrieve();">
57   </ul>
58   <div id="editGUI">
59   </div>
60 </div>
61 <div id="container">
62 </div>
63 <div id="rightGUI">
64   <button id='switchViewButton' title="Preview (P)" class='w3-btn w3-
65     border w3-hover-aqua w3-block w3-ripple' onclick="switchViewButton
66     ();">
67   <i class="icons">&#xE9CE;</i></button>
68   <br><br>
69   <ul>
70     <li>
71       <button id='toggleAxesButton' title="Axes (A)" style='margin-
72         bottom: 5px' class='w3-btn w3-border w3-hover-deep-purple w3-
73         block w3-ripple' onclick='toggleAxes()'>
74         <i class="icons">&#xE22D;</i></button>
75     </li>
76     <li>
77       <input type='button' class="w3-button w3-blue w3-block" value='zy'
78         title="X Plane (X)" onclick='moveCameraZY();'>

```

```

79     <li>
80         <input type='button' class="w3-button w3-red w3-block" value='xy'
            title="Z Plane (Z)" onclick='moveCameraXY();'>
81     </li>
82 </ul>
83
84 <br>
85 <label>
86 <i class="icons">&#xE91C;<span style='font-family:default;*>(%)</span
            ></i>
87 </label>
88 <input id='opacitySelector' style='width:100%' type="number" min='0'
            max='50' step='5' onchange='opacitySelectChange(this);' />
89
90 <div id="bottomButtons">
91     <button class="w3-button w3-grey w3-hover-green w3-ripple w3-block"
            onclick="saveClick();" title="Save (S)">
92         <i class="icons">&#xE9C7;</i></button>
93 </div>
94 </div>
95
96 <a id="downloadAnchorElem" style="display:none">
97     <!-- Must stay empty, to be used for pushing phantom download -->
98 </a>
99
100 </body>
101
102 </html>

```

2.3.3 icons.css

```

1 @font-face {
2   font-family: 'appicons';
3   font-style: normal;
4   font-weight: 400;
5   src: url(../icons/icons.woff) format('woff');
6 }
7
8 .icons {
9   font-family: 'appicons';
10  font-weight: normal;
11  font-style: normal;
12  font-size: 24px;
13  line-height: 1;
14  letter-spacing: normal;
15  text-transform: none;
16  display: inline-block;
17  white-space: nowrap;
18  word-wrap: normal;
19  direction: ltr;
20 }

```

2.3.4 main.css

```

1 hml, html, body {

```

```
2     margin: 0;
3     padding: 0;
4     color: white;
5     background-color: black;
6 }
7
8 input[type=number], select {
9     background-color: black;
10    color: white;
11    border-width: thin;
12    border-style: solid;
13    height: 23px;
14 }
15
16 ul, li {
17     list-style: none;
18     padding-left: 0;
19     color: white;
20 }
21
22 .enabledList {
23     overflow: scroll;
24     overflow-x: hidden;
25     cursor: pointer;
26     padding-left: 5px;
27
28     border-style: solid;
29     border-width: 1px;
30     border-color: grey;
31     border-right: 0;
32 }
33 .disabledList {
34     background-color: grey;
35     padding-left: 10px;
36 }
37
38 .optionUnselected {
39 }
40 .optionSelected {
41     padding-left: 15px;
42     color: yellow;
43     font-weight: bold;
44 }
45 .optionOnMouseOver {
46     font-weight: bold;
47     background-color: DimGrey;
48 }
49 .optionSelectedAndOnMouseOver {
50     background-color: DimGrey;
51     padding-left: 20px;
52     color: yellow;
53     font-weight: bold;
54
55     /*font-style: oblique;*/
```

```
56 }
57
58 #leftGUI {
59     float: left;
60     text-align: left;
61     display: inline-block;
62
63     width: 19%;
64     margin: 0;
65     padding: .5%;
66 }
67
68 #container {
69     display: inline-block;
70     margin: 0;
71     padding: 0;
72
73     width: 73%;
74     height: 99%;
75 }
76
77 #rightGUI {
78     float: right;
79     text-align: center;
80     display: inline-block;
81
82     width: 4%;
83
84     margin: 0;
85     padding: .5%;
86 }
87
88 #bottomButtons {
89     position: absolute;
90     bottom: 0;
91     right: 0;
92
93     width: 4%;
94
95     padding: .5%;
96     padding-left: 0;
97 }
```

2.3.5 jsdoc-conf.json

```
1 {
2   "source": {
3     "include": ["js", "gui"],
4     "includePattern": ".+\\.js(doc|x)?$",
5     "excludePattern": "(^|\\/|\\\\\\)-"
6   },
7   "opts": {
8     "destination": "./doc/developer/"
```

```

 9     },
10     "tags": {
11         "allowUnknownTags": true,
12         "dictionaries": ["jsdoc", "closure"]
13     },
14     "plugins": [],
15     "templates": {
16         "cleverLinks": true,
17         "monospacelinks": false
18     }
19 }

```

2.3.6 source.rst

```

1  .. -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
2  .. raw:: html
3
4     <link rel="icon" href="../../icons/favicon.ico">
5
6
7  =====
8  User Documentation
9  =====
10 -----
11 Phantom |alpha| s Web Designer
12 -----
13
14 :Author: Guillem Gonzalez Vela, Emmanuel Caruyer - Firstname.Lastname\
15         @irisa.fr
16 :License: 'BSD 2-Clause License'
17 :Source: Phantom |alpha| s Web Designer is on GitHub
18
19 .. _BSD 2-Clause License: ../../LICENSE
20 .. _GitHub: https://github.com/ecaruyer/phantomas-web
21
22 Phantom |alpha| s Web Designer is a graphical interface for creation and
23 edition of phantoms
24 to be used in Phantom |alpha| s ('link' to Phantom |alpha| s' homepage).
25
26 .. _link: http://www.emmanuelcaruyer.com/phantomas.php
27
28 .. contents::
29 .. section-numbering::
30
31 Requirements
32 =====
33 Phantom |alpha| s Web Designer was tested on
34 'Mozilla Firefox'. Although, it is fully compatible
35 with any modern internet navigator.
36
37 No extra software is needed.

```



```

38
39 .. _Mozilla Firefox: http://www.firefox.com
40
41
42 Capabilities
43 =====
44 Using this app you will be able to
45
46 - Load or create from scratch any phantom model and save it as a
47   JSON Phantom |alpha| s file
48 - Visualize any phantom model and its structure and components
49   individually
50   in a lightweight, three-dimensional and fully interactive interface.
51 - Add and remove fibers and isotropic regions in the phantom.
52 - Change the position and the radius for any isotropic region
53 - Edit the radius and the tangents' method for any fiber
54
55 - Add, remove and edit the position of any control point in a fiber
56
57 Definition of a fiber bundle
58 -----
59 A fiber bundle in Phantom |alpha| s is defined as a cylindrical tube
60 wrapped around
61 its centerline. The centerline itself is a continuous curve in
62 3D, and can be simply created from a few control points.
63
64 This app uses the same specifications as Phantom |alpha| s. More
65 information
66 may be found in its documentation_.
67
68 .. _documentation: http://www.emmanuelcaruyer.com/phantomas/fiber_bundle.
69   html
70
71 Basic Usage
72 =====
73 .. contents:: :local:
74
75 Phantom |alpha| s Web Designer divides the window in three panels:
76
77 - Left panel allows you to navigate through the elements and edit them
78 - Central panel displays the fiber in a what-you-see-is-what-you-get
79   manner.
80   It is fully mouse interactive.
81
82 - Right panel lets the user tweak the display options.
83
84 .. image:: img/capture.png
85   :width: 60%
86   :align: center
87
88 Phantom overview
89 -----

```

```

87 | The largest panel displays the current phantom layout. At start, view is
    | from
88 | plane XY.
89 |
90 | You may click to rotate, right-click to pan and use the mouse wheel to
    | zoom.
91 | The view may be restored at any time by using the 'right panel'_
92 | camera placements.
93 |
94 | To identify and view the structure of individual phantom elements, you may
    | use
95 | the 'left panel'_ element navigator.
96 |
97 | Left panel
98 | -----
99 | The left panel allows you to navigate between the different phantom
    | elements.
100 | You may also edit those, or add and remove.
101 |
102 | To identify the different elements you may place your mouse over the
    | selector
103 | lists. Those will highlight while mouse is placed onto their selection
    | option.
104 | Highlighting elements for identifying will not affect the current task.
105 |
106 | Edition mode
107 | *****
108 | When clicking onto an option, edition options will pop up and the element
    | will
109 | stay highlighted. To exit edition mode, select the *\*none\* option or
    | press
110 | *Esc*. Changes are saved once those take place.
111 |
112 | To remove an element, you must access its edition mode.
113 |
114 | Numeral inputs allow keyboard input, although it is restricted to valid
    | values
115 | and a 1-decimal precision by default.
116 |
117 | Editing an Isotropic Region
118 | *****
119 | .. image:: img/regionedit.png
120 |    :align: center
121 |
122 | The editable elements in a region concern:
123 |
124 | - Its radius
125 |
126 | - Its position (x y z)
127 |
128 | Editing a Fiber
129 | *****
130 | .. image:: img/fiberedit.png
131 |    :align: center

```

```

132
133 When entering fiber edition mode, its structure will feature in the scene.
134
135 The editable elements in a fiber concern:
136
137 - Its radius
138
139 - Its tangent-computing mode:
140
141 + Symmetric
142 + Incoming
143
144 + Outgoing
145
146 A selection list for the fibers' control points is available
147 at the bottom.
148 Hovering those will also highlight them in the scene to help identifying.
149
150 Editing a Control Point
151 .. image:: img/cpedit.png
152 Clicking over a control point in the list will pop up control
153 point edition mode.
154
155 .. image:: img/cpedit.png
156 :align: center
157
158 Only position may be edited.
159
160 While editing and navigating through control points, those may adopt four
161 different colors in the scene:
162
163 - *Yellow*: Control points the user is not interacting with.
164 - *Blue*: For the control point being hovered in selection list.
165 - *Red*: Currently being edited control point.
166
167 - *Green*: Position changed control point that may be saved.
168
169 A control point is saved whenever its edition is quitted. When position
170 was
171 changed, the former version is on the scene in red color while the one to
172 be saved is in green. The former may be recovered by pressing the *Undo*
173 button,
174 marked with an arrow.
175
176 Position may be edited manually by using the given fields. As well, by
177 clicking
178 on the *Drag and Drop* button, marked with a pointer. This option will
179 disable
180 the manual fields while allowing an interactive edition in the scene
    itself.
177
178 .. image:: img/draganddrop.png
179 :align: center
180

```

```

181 The interactive edition allows different liberty grades:
182
183 - *Axes*, by using the arrows shown.
184 - *Planes*, by dragging the planes formed between the arrows.
185
186 - *The screen plane*, by clicking directly on the point.
187
188 *New CP* button creates a new control point. It is to be
189 placed in the mid-point between the current and the next one. *Remove CP*
190 removes the current control point after asking for confirmation.
191
192 *Remove CP* option is not available in first and last control points.
193
194 Right panel
195 -----
196 Right panel concerns everything regarding the visualization.
197
198 .. image:: img/rightpanel.png
199     :align: center
200
201 Options are:
202
203 - *Preview Switch*: Only available in editing mode.
204   Allows the user to preview the phantom with any fade. Does not affect
205   the edition. Unactive in the screenshot above.
206 - *Axes Switch*: Shows and hides the coordinates axis. Active
207   in the screenshot above. Each axis features a different color:
208
209   + Red for X
210   + Green for Y
211   + Blue for Z
212
213 - *Position*: Move the scene to XY, XZ or ZY plane.
214
215 - *Opacity*: Select [0 - 50%] the opacity of the faded elements.
216
217 Export Phantom
218 -----
219 At bottom-right corner the export button allows you, at any moment, to
220   download
221   the JSON file for the current phantom.
222
223 The file is compatible with Phantom |alpha| s and may be loaded as well in
224   Phantom |alpha| s
225   Web Designer for further edition.
226
227 Keyboard Shortcuts
228 -----
229 Keyboard shortcuts are available for most commonly used functions:
230
231 =====
232 Esc   Exit current edit
233
234 -----
235 P     Switch preview mode

```

```

233 -----
234 D      Switch drag and drop controls
235 -----
236 A      Switch axes
237 -----
238 X      Move to X=0 plane
239 -----
240 Y      Move to Y=0 plane
241 -----
242 Z      Move to Z=0 plane
243 -----
244 S      Save phantom
245 -----
246 U      Undo control point edition
247 -----
248 Del    Remove current element
249 =====
250
251 Source Code
252 =====
253 Phantom |alpha| s Web Designer is open source and may be
254 'downloaded and forked on GitHub'.. Pull Requests are welcome!
255
256 .. _downloaded and forked on GitHub: https://github.com/ecaruyer/phantomas
257     -web
258
259 .. raw:: html
260
261     <center><br><br><br>
262
263 -----
264
265 This document was generated on |date| at |time|.
266
267
268
269 .. |alpha| unicode:: U+03B1 .. alpha
270     :trim:
271
272 .. |date| date::
273 .. |time| date:: %H:%M

```

2.3.7 cpedit.js

```

1  /**@overview Code creating and removing the Control Point edition UI*/
2
3  function cpEdit(index) {
4  /** @function cpEdit
5   * @memberof module:GUI Construction
6   * @desc Constructs the Control Point edition UI for a given index of a
7     control point.
8   * @param {Number} index The index of the Control Point to edit.
9   */

```

```

9   var fiber = phantom.fibers.source[guiStatus.editingFiber];
10  var cp = fiber.controlPoints[index];
11  var former = guiStatus.formerCP;
12  var cpEditor = document.getElementById("cpEditor");
13
14  // The edit field is appended to the second CPedit table
15  var field = document.createElement("FIELDSET");
16  field.id = "cpEditField";
17  cpEditor.innerHTML = "";
18  cpEditor.appendChild(field);
19
20  var title = document.createElement("LEGEND");
21  title.innerHTML = ' ' + index.toString() + ' ' ;
22  field.appendChild(title);
23
24  // POSITION PROPERTIES
25  var position = document.createElement("UL");
26  field.appendChild(position);
27
28  // Called on each CP position selector
29  function cpValueOnChange(index, axis, value) {
30      fiber.setControlPoint(index, axis, Number(value));
31      scene.removeCPHighlight();
32      phantom.cpHighlight(guiStatus.editingFiber, index, 'green');
33      document.getElementById('guiFiberLength').innerHTML = roundToPrecision
          (fiber.length);
34      undobutton.disabled = false;
35  }
36
37  var xpos = document.createElement("LI");
38  var xposlabel = document.createElement("LABEL");
39  xposlabel.innerHTML = "x ";
40  xpos.appendChild(xposlabel);
41  var xvalue = document.createElement("INPUT");
42  xvalue.id = 'xvalue';
43  xvalue.style.width = "65px";
44  xvalue.type = "number";
45  xvalue.step = Math.pow(10, -precision);
46  xvalue.value = cp[0];
47  xvalue.onchange = function() {
48      this.value = roundToPrecision(this.value);
49      cpValueOnChange(index, 'x', this.value);
50  };
51  xpos.appendChild(xvalue);
52  position.appendChild(xpos);
53
54  var ypos = document.createElement("LI");
55  var yposlabel = document.createElement("LABEL");
56  yposlabel.innerHTML = "y ";
57  ypos.appendChild(yposlabel);
58  var yvalue = document.createElement("INPUT");
59  yvalue.id = 'yvalue';
60  yvalue.style.width = "65px";
61  yvalue.type = "number";

```



```

113     guiStatus.dragAndDropping = false;
114     this.className = 'w3-btn w3-hover-yellow w3-border w3-border-white
        w3-small w3-ripple'
115     xvalue.disabled = false;
116     yvalue.disabled = false;
117     zvalue.disabled = false;
118     scene.removeControls();
119   }
120 }
121 buttons.appendChild(ddbutton);
122
123
124 var undobutton = document.createElement("BUTTON");
125 undobutton.id = 'cpUndoButton';
126 undobutton.title = "Undo (U)";
127 undobutton.className = 'w3-btn w3-hover-blue w3-border w3-border-white
        w3-small'
128 undobutton.style = ddbutton.style;
129 undobutton.innerHTML = '<i class="icons">&#xE900;</i>';
130 // If nothing to undo, button is disabled. If something to, greenpoint
        of editing is shown.
131 if (
132   former[0] == Number(xvalue.value) &&
133   former[1] == Number(yvalue.value) &&
134   former[2] == Number(zvalue.value)
135 ) {
136   undobutton.disabled = true;
137 }
138
139 // guiStatus.former created earlier is recovered when undoing.
140 undobutton.onclick = function() {
141   scene.removeControls();
142
143   xvalue.value = former[0]; xvalue.onChange();
144   yvalue.value = former[1]; yvalue.onChange();
145   zvalue.value = former[2]; zvalue.onChange();
146
147   if (guiStatus.dragAndDropping) {
148     dragAndDrop();
149   } else {
150     this.disabled = true;
151   }
152 }
153 buttons.appendChild(undobutton);
154
155 // ADD+REMOVE
156 buttons.appendChild(document.createElement("BR"));
157
158 var newcpbutton = document.createElement("BUTTON");
159 newcpbutton.style.float = "right";
160 newcpbutton.className = 'w3-btn w3-hover-green w3-border w3-border-white
        w3-small w3-ripple'
161 newcpbutton.innerHTML = "New CP";
162 newcpbutton.onmouseenter = function() { newCPonmouseover(guiStatus.

```



```

    editingFiber, guiStatus.editingCP); });
163 newcpbutton.onmouseleave = function() { fiber = newCPonmouseout(
    guiStatus.editingFiber, guiStatus.editingCP); } // It is necessary
    to renovate the reference
164 newcpbutton.onclick = function() { newCPclick(guiStatus.editingFiber,
    guiStatus.editingCP); }
165
166
167 var removecpbutton = document.createElement("BUTTON");
168 removecpbutton.style.float = "right";
169 removecpbutton.className = 'w3-btn w3-hover-red w3-border w3-border-
    white w3-small w3-ripple'
170 removecpbutton.innerHTML = "Remove CP";
171 removecpbutton.id = 'removecpbutton';
172 removecpbutton.title = "Remove CP (Del)"
173 removecpbutton.onclick = function() { removeCPclick(guiStatus.
    editingFiber, guiStatus.editingCP); }
174
175 // As style is float, must be appended from right to left
176 buttons.appendChild(removecpbutton);
177 buttons.appendChild(newcpbutton);
178
179 if (!(index != 0) & (index + 1 < fiber.controlPoints.length)) {
180     removecpbutton.disabled = true;
181 }
182 if !(index + 1 < fiber.controlPoints.length) {
183     newcpbutton.disabled = true;
184 }
185 }
186
187 // Removes the whole CP edit field and creates a new one (except the CP
    edit field). Useful when attempting to refresh.
188 function exitCPedit() {
189 /** @function exitCPedit
190  * @memberof module:GUI Construction
191  * @desc Removes former Control Point edition UI.
192  <br>Restores {@link guiStatus}.
193  */
194 var editGUI = document.getElementById('editGUI');
195 var cpTable = document.getElementById("cpTable");
196
197 editGUI.removeChild(cpTable);
198 scene.removeControls();
199 scene.removeCPHighlight(true);
200 guiStatus.editing('CP', undefined);
201
202 addCPselect();
203 resizeGUI();
204 }

```

2.3.8 fiberedit.js

```

1 /**@overview Contains functions regarding the fiber edition GUI.*/
2

```



```

    10) / 10;
56
57 length.innerHTML += " units long";
58 fiberprops.appendChild(length);
59
60 // RADIUS
61 var radius = document.createElement("LI");
62 var radiuslabel = document.createElement("LABEL");
63 radiuslabel.innerHTML = "Radius: ";
64 var geometry = phantom.fibers.tube[index].mesh.geometry;
65
66 var radiusvalue = document.createElement("INPUT");
67 radiusvalue.style.width = "50px";
68 radiusvalue.type = "number";
69 radiusvalue.min = 0;
70 radiusvalue.step = Math.pow(10, -precision);
71 radiusvalue.value = phantom.fibers.source[index].radius;
72 radiusvalue.onchange = function() {
73     this.value = roundToPrecision(Math.max(1 / (10*precision), Math.abs(
74         this.value))); //Radius cannot be negative, must be at least
75         precision value.
76     phantom.fibers.source[index].radius = this.value;
77     phantom.fibers.source[index].notify();
78 }
79 radius.appendChild(radiuslabel);
80 radius.appendChild(radiusvalue);
81 fiberprops.appendChild(radius);
82
83 // TANGENTS
84 var tangentslabel = document.createElement("LABEL");
85 tangentslabel.innerHTML = "Tangents: ";
86
87 var tangents = document.createElement("SELECT");
88 tangents.style.margin = '3px';
89 tangents.onchange = function() {
90     phantom.fibers.source[index].tangents = this.value;
91     phantom.fibers.source[index].polyCalc();
92     phantom.fibers.source[index].notify();
93 }
94 var symmetric = document.createElement("OPTION");
95 symmetric.value = "symmetric";
96 symmetric.innerHTML = "Symmetric";
97 tangents.options.add(symmetric);
98 var incoming = document.createElement("OPTION");
99 incoming.value = "incoming";
100 incoming.innerHTML = "Incoming";
101 tangents.options.add(incoming);
102 var outgoing = document.createElement("OPTION");
103 outgoing.value = "outgoing";
104 outgoing.innerHTML = "Outgoing";
105 tangents.options.add(outgoing);
106 tangents.value = phantom.fibers.source[index].tangents;

```

```

107 fiberprops.appendChild(tangentslabel);
108 fiberprops.appendChild(tangents);
109 editGUI.appendChild(document.createElement("BR"));
110
111 field.appendChild(fiberprops);
112
113 addCPselect();
114 }
115
116 // This is a separate function so it may be refreshed independently
117 function addCPselect() {
118 /** @function addCPselect
119  * @memberof module:GUI Construction
120  * @desc Adds the control point selector UI for the current fiber.
121  * <br>Built in a separate function so it may be refreshed independently.
122  */
123
124 var editGUI = document.getElementById('editGUI');
125
126 // Control Points edition table creation.
127 var table = document.createElement("TABLE");
128 table.id = 'cpTable';
129 // This creates a of the former CP to be used for the Undo Button.
130 phantom.fibers.source[guiStatus.editingFiber].controlPoints.slice(0);
131 editGUI.appendChild(table);
132 // This table contains two cells: left for CP select list and right for
133 // edit field (when editing)
134 var tr = document.createElement("TR");
135 table.appendChild(tr);
136 var td1 = document.createElement("TD");
137 tr.appendChild(td1);
138 var td2 = document.createElement("TD");
139 tr.appendChild(td2);
140 td2.id = "cpEditor";
141
142 // CONTROL POINTS SELECTION LIST
143 var cplist = document.createElement("UL");
144 cplist.className = 'enabledList';
145 var fiberindex = guiStatus.editingFiber;
146 // cplist.size = phantom.fibers.source[fiberindex].controlPoints.length
147 // + 1;
148 cplist.id = 'cpSelector';
149 cplist.style.width = '60px'
150 cplist.onmouseenter = function () {
151   if (cplist.childNodes[0].className == 'optionUnselected') {
152     scene.removeCPHighlight();
153     cpEdit(guiStatus.editingCP);
154   } else {
155     scene.removeCPHighlight(true);
156   }
157 };
158 cplist.onmouseleave = function () {
159   guiStatus.retrieve();
160 }

```

```

159
160 // *n* option
161 var option = document.createElement("LI");
162 option.innerHTML = '*n*'
163 option.title = "Exit edit (Esc)"
164 option.className = 'optionSelected';
165 option.onmouseenter = function () {
166     optionOnMouseOver(this);
167 }
168 option.onmouseleave = function() {
169     optionOnMouseLeave(this);
170 }
171 option.onclick = function () {
172     exitCPedit();
173     optionSelect(this);
174 };
175 cplist.appendChild(option);
176
177 // Each CP option
178 phantom.fibers.source[fiberindex].controlPoints.forEach(
179     function(point, index) {
180         var option = document.createElement("LI");
181         option.innerHTML = index.toString();
182         option.className = 'optionUnselected';
183
184         option.onmouseenter = function() {
185             phantom.cpHighlight(fiberindex, index, 'blue');
186             optionOnMouseOver(this);
187         };
188         option.onmouseleave = function() {
189             optionOnMouseLeave(this);
190         };
191         option.onclick = function() {
192             cpSelectClick(fiberindex, index);
193             optionSelect(this);
194         };
195
196         cplist.appendChild(option);
197     }
198 );
199 td1.appendChild(cplist);
200
201 resizeGUI();
202 }

```

2.3.9 handlers.js

```

1 /**@overview Contains handlers for UI elements*/
2 /**@module GUI Handlers*/
3
4 // SWITCH VIEW BUTTON
5 // Swithes 'preview mode' which will allow the user to display the phantom
6 // in unfaded mode while editing
7 function switchViewButton() {

```

```

7  /** @function switchViewButton
8   * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
9   * @desc Handler for preview button. Switches fade of the scene.
10 */
11  var button = document.getElementById('switchViewButton');
12
13  if (!guiStatus.previewing) {
14    phantom.addToScene(scene);
15    button.value = "Back";
16    button.className = 'w3-button w3-aqua w3-hover-cyan w3-border w3-block
17                      w3-ripple';
18    guiStatus.previewing = true;
19  } else {
20    guiStatus.previewing = false;
21    guiStatus.retrieve();
22    button.className = 'w3-btn w3-hover-aqua w3-border w3-block w3-ripple'
23    ;
24    button.value = "Preview";
25  }
26
27  if (guiStatus.dragAndDropping) {
28    dragAndDrop();
29  }
30
31  // disable booleans must be true when the user does not click directly the
32  // option.
33  // This saves resources by not rebuilding editingGUI and does not relick
34  // selectors, which would be annoying.
35  function fiberSelectClick(index, notclicked) {
36    /** @function fiberSelectClick
37     * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
38     * @param {Number} index Index of the fiber in {@link Phantom} array.
39     * @param {Boolean} [notclicked=false] If true, does not change UI or {
40     *   @link guiStatus}
41     * object. Useful when changing the scene or previewing.
42     * @desc Events to be fired when a fiber was selected in the list.
43     * <br>May be called to tweak the scene.
44     */
45    if (!notclicked) {
46      guiStatus.editing('fiber', index);
47      fiberEdit(index);
48    } else {
49      // We only want CP edition to be undefined when actually clicked!
50      guiStatus.editingFiber = index;
51    }
52    phantom.revealSkeleton(scene, index);
53  }
54  function regionSelectClick(index, notclicked) {
55    /** @function regionSelectClick
56     * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
57     * @param {Number} index Index of the isotropic region in {@link Phantom}
58     *   array.
59     * @param {Boolean} [notclicked=false] If true, does not change UI or {

```

```

    @link guiStatus}
55  object. Useful when changing the scene or previewing.
56  * @desc Events to be fired when an isotropic region was selected in the
    list.
57  <br>May be called to tweak the scene.
58  */
59  guiStatus.editing('region', index);
60  if (!notclicked) {
61      guiStatus.editing('region', index);
62      regionEdit(index);
63  }
64  phantom.addToScene(scene);
65  phantom.regionHighlight(index);
66  }
67  function cpSelectClick(fiberindex, cpindex, notclicked) {
68  /** @function cpSelectClick
69      * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
70      * @param {Number} index Index of the fiber in {@link Phantom} array.
71      * @param {Number} cp Index of the control point in {@link FiberSource}
    array.
72      * @param {Boolean} [notclicked=false] If true, does not change UI or {
    @link guiStatus}
73  object. Useful when changing the scene or previewing.
74  * @desc Events to be fired when a control point was selected in the list
    .
75  <br>May be called to tweak the scene.
76  */
77  if (!notclicked) {
78      guiStatus.formerCP = phantom.fibers.source[fiberindex].controlPoints[
    cpindex].slice(0);
79      guiStatus.dragAndDropping = false;
80      cpEdit(cpindex);
81  }
82  phantom.cpHighlight(fiberindex, cpindex, 'red');
83  phantom.cpHighlight(fiberindex, cpindex, 'green');
84  guiStatus.editing('CP', cpindex);
85  scene.removeControls();
86  }
87
88  // NEW MESH BUTTONS
89  function newFiberClick() {
90  /** @function newFiberClick
91      * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
92      * @desc Fires the creation of a new fiber and goes into edition.
93  */
94      phantom.newFiber();
95      phantom.addToScene(scene);
96
97      setupGUI();
98      selectOption(document.getElementById("fiberSelector"), phantom.fibers.
    source.length);
99      fiberSelectClick(phantom.fibers.source.length - 1);
100 }
101

```

```

102 function newIsotropicRegionClick() {
103 /** @function newIsotropicRegionClick
104  * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
105  * @desc Fires the creation of a new isotropic region and goes into
        edition.
106 */
107
108 phantom.newIsotropicRegion();
109 phantom.addToScene(scene);
110
111 setupGUI();
112 selectOption(document.getElementById("regionSelector"), phantom.
        isotropicRegions.source.length);
113 regionSelectClick(phantom.isotropicRegions.source.length - 1);
114 }
115
116 // REMOVE MESH
117 function removeFiberClick() {
118 /** @function removeFiberClick
119  * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
120  * @desc Fires the removal of a fiber and quits edition. Prompts the user
        for confirmation.
121 */
122 if (window.confirm("Are you sure you want to remove this fiber? This
        action cannot be undone.)) {
123     var index = guiStatus.editingFiber;
124     phantom.fibers.source.splice(index, 1);
125     phantom.fibers.tube.splice(index, 1);
126     phantom.fibers.skeleton.splice(index, 1);
127
128     phantom.addToScene(scene);
129     setupGUI();
130 }
131 }
132 function removeIsotropicRegionClick() {
133 /** @function removeIsotropicRegionClick
134  * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
135  * @desc Fires the removal of an isotropic region and quits edition.
        Prompts the user for confirmation.
136 */
137 if (window.confirm("Are you sure you want to remove this isotropic
        region? This action cannot be undone.)) {
138     var index = guiStatus.editingRegion;
139     phantom.isotropicRegions.source.splice(index, 1);
140     phantom.isotropicRegions.sphere.splice(index, 1);
141
142     phantom.addToScene(scene);
143     setupGUI();
144 }
145 }
146
147 // CP ADD+REMOVE
148 function newCPclick(fiber, cp) {
149 /** @function newCPclick

```



```

150 * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
151 * @param {Number} index Index of the fiber in {@link Phantom} array.
152 * @param {Number} index Index of the control point in {@link FiberSource}
    } array.
153 * @desc Fires the addition of a new Control Point after the current one.
    Gets into edit.
154 */
155 // Control point was yet created by hover function; it just needs to be
    formerly added.
156 phantom.addToScene(scene);
157 guiStatus.editing('CP', cp + 1);
158 guiStatus.retrieve();
159 exitCPedit();
160 cpSelectClick(fiber, cp + 1);
161 selectOption(document.getElementById("cpSelector"), cp + 2);
162 document.getElementById("guiFiberTitle").innerHTML = phantom.fibers.
    source[guiStatus.editingFiber].controlPoints.length + " Points";
163 document.getElementById('fiberSelector').childNodes[guiStatus.
    editingFiber + 1].childNodes[1].innerHTML = phantom.fibers.source[
    guiStatus.editingFiber].controlPoints.length + " points";
164 }
165 function newCPonmouseover(fiber, cp) {
166 /** @function newCPonmouseover
167 * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
168 * @param {Number} index Index of the fiber in {@link Phantom} array.
169 * @param {Number} cp Index of the control point in {@link FiberSource}
    array.
170 * @desc Hover for new control point button. Simulates in the scene the
    addition of a new control point in green color.
171 */
172 phantom.addCP(fiber, cp);
173 phantom.addToScene(scene);
174 fiberSelectClick(fiber, true);
175 phantom.cpHighlight(fiber, cp, 'red');
176 phantom.cpHighlight(fiber, cp + 1, 'green');
177 document.getElementById('guiFiberLength').innerHTML = roundToPrecision(
    phantom.fibers.source[guiStatus.editingFiber].length);
178 }
179 function newCPonmouseout(fiber, cp) {
180 /** @function newCPonmouseout
181 * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
182 * @param {Number} index Index of the fiber in {@link Phantom} array.
183 * @param {Number} cp Index of the control point in {@link FiberSource}
    array.
184 * @desc Restores the scene after unhover in new control point button.
185 * @returns {FiberSource} Actual source object.
186 */
187 phantom.removeCP(fiber, cp + 1);
188 phantom.addToScene(scene);
189 guiStatus.retrieve();
190 var source = phantom.fibers.source[guiStatus.editingFiber];
191 document.getElementById('guiFiberLength').innerHTML = roundToPrecision(
    source.length);
192

```

```

193     return source;
194 }
195
196 function removeCPclick(fiber, cp) {
197 /** @function removeCPclick
198  * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
199  * @desc Fires the removal of a control point and quits edition. Prompts
200  * the user for confirmation.
201 */
202 if (window.confirm("Are you sure you want to remove this control point?
203 This action cannot be undone.)) {
204     phantom.removeCP(fiber, cp);
205     phantom.addToScene(scene);
206     guiStatus.editing('CP', undefined);
207     guiStatus.retrieve();
208     exitCPedit();
209     document.getElementById('guiFiberLength').innerHTML = roundToPrecision
210     (phantom.fibers.source[guiStatus.editingFiber].length);
211     document.getElementById("guiFiberTitle").innerHTML = phantom.fibers.
212     source[guiStatus.editingFiber].controlPoints.length + " Points";
213     document.getElementById('fiberSelector').childNodes[guiStatus.
214     editingFiber + 1].childNodes[1].innerHTML = phantom.fibers.source[
215     guiStatus.editingFiber].controlPoints.length + " points";
216 }
217 }
218
219 // AXES TOGGLE
220 function toggleAxes() {
221 /** @function toggleAxes
222  * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
223  * @desc Toggle axes view button. Switches between showing or removing in
224  * the scene.
225 */
226 button = document.getElementById('toggleAxesButton');
227 name = 'axes';
228 var length = phantom.radius() * 1.5;
229
230 if (scene.getObjectByName(name)) {
231     scene.remove(scene.getObjectByName(name))
232     button.className = 'w3-btn w3-border w3-hover-deep-purple w3-block w3-
233     ripple';
234 } else {
235     var axes = buildAxes(length);
236     axes.name = name;
237     scene.add(axes);
238     button.className = 'w3-button w3-deep-purple w3-hover-indigo w3-border
239     w3-block w3-ripple';
240 }
241 render();
242 }
243
244 // PLANE SELECTORS
245 // Double click for inverted axis was commented for it to be disabled for
246 // the moment. Found it annoying when attempting to move points.
247 function moveCameraXY() {

```

```

237 /** @function moveCameraXY
238  * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
239  * @desc Moves view to the XY plane.
240 */
241 camera.up = new THREE.Vector3(0, 1, 0);
242 controls.target = new THREE.Vector3(0, 0, 0);
243 // if (camera.position.z == phantom.radius()*1.5) {
244 camera.position.set(0, 0, 0);
245 camera.position.z = phantom.radius() * 2 * 1.5;
246 // }
247 // else {
248 // camera.position.set(0, 0, 0);
249 // camera.position.z = phantom.radius()*1.5;
250 // }
251 }
252 function moveCameraXZ() {
253 /** @function moveCameraXZ
254  * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
255  * @desc Moves view to the XZ plane.
256 */
257 camera.up = new THREE.Vector3(0, 0, 1);
258 controls.target = new THREE.Vector3(0, 0, 0);
259 // if (camera.position.y == phantom.radius()*1.5) {
260 camera.position.set(0, 0, 0);
261 camera.position.y = phantom.radius() * 2 * -1.5;
262 // }
263 // else {
264 // camera.position.set(0, 0, 0);
265 // camera.position.y = phantom.radius()*-1.5;
266 // }
267 }
268 function moveCameraZY() {
269 /** @function moveCameraZY
270  * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
271  * @desc Moves view to the ZY plane.
272 */
273 camera.up = new THREE.Vector3(0, 1, 0);
274 controls.target = new THREE.Vector3(0, 0, 0);
275 // if (camera.position.x == phantom.radius()*1.5) {
276 camera.position.set(0, 0, 0);
277 camera.position.x = phantom.radius() * 2 * -1.5;
278 // }
279 // else {
280 // camera.position.set(0, 0, 0);
281 // camera.position.x = phantom.radius()*-1.5;
282 // }
283 }
284
285
286 // OPACITY
287 function opacitySelectChange(selector) {
288 /** @function opacitySelectChange
289  * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
290  * @param {DOM} selector Opacity selector DOM element.

```

```

291 * @desc Fired when value in the opacity selector is changed. Corrects
      the value and fires the scene change.
292 */
293 // Make the value stay between min and max.
294 if (Number(selector.value) > Number(selector.max)) {
295     selector.value = selector.max;
296 } else if (Number(selector.value) < Number(selector.min)) {
297     selector.value = selector.min;
298 }
299 // Allow custom step; do not allow decimal values.
300 selector.value = Math.round(Number(selector.value));
301
302 phantom.highlightOpacity = selector.value / 100;
303 guiStatus.retrieve();
304 }
305
306 function saveClick() {
307     /** @function saveClick
308     * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
309     * @desc Pushes the download of the current Phantom.
310     */
311     pushDownload(phantom.export());
312 }

```

2.3.10 regionedit.js

```

1 /**@overview Contains functions regarding the isotropic region edition GUI
   .*/
2
3 function regionEdit(index) {
4     /** @function regionEdit
5     * @memberof module:GUI Construction
6     * @param {Number} index The index in the array of the fiber to edit.
7     * @desc Adds the isotropic region edition GUI.
8     */
9
10    resizeGUI();
11    scene.removeCPHighlight(true);
12
13    // editGUI is emptied
14    var editGUI = document.getElementById('editGUI');
15    editGUI.innerHTML = "";
16    editGUI.style = "list-style-type: none";
17
18    // REMOVE BUTTON
19    var removebutton = document.createElement("BUTTON");
20    removebutton.style.float = "right";
21    removebutton.innerHTML = "Remove Isotropic Region";
22    removebutton.id = "removebutton";
23    removebutton.id = "Remove Isotropic Region (Del)"
24    removebutton.className = "w3-btn w3-hover-red w3-border w3-border-white"
25    removebutton.onclick = function() { removeIsotropicRegionClick() };
26    editGUI.appendChild(removebutton);
27    editGUI.appendChild(document.createElement("BR"));

```



```

78
79     var xpos = document.createElement("LI");
80     var xposlabel = document.createElement("LABEL");
81     xposlabel.innerHTML = "x ";
82     xpos.appendChild(xposlabel);
83     var xvalue = document.createElement("INPUT");
84     xvalue.id = 'xvalue';
85     xvalue.style.width = "60px";
86     xvalue.type = "number";
87     xvalue.step = Math.pow(10, -precision);
88     xvalue.value = phantom.isotropicRegions.source[index].center[0];
89     xvalue.onchange = function() {
90         this.value = roundToPrecision(this.value);
91         phantom.isotropicRegions.source[index].setCenter('x', xvalue.value);
92     }
93     xpos.appendChild(xvalue);
94     positionul.appendChild(xpos);
95
96     var ypos = document.createElement("LI");
97     var yposlabel = document.createElement("LABEL");
98     yposlabel.innerHTML = "y ";
99     ypos.appendChild(yposlabel);
100    var yvalue = document.createElement("INPUT");
101    yvalue.id = 'yvalue';
102    yvalue.style.width = "60px";
103    yvalue.type = "number";
104    yvalue.step = Math.pow(10, -precision);
105    yvalue.value = phantom.isotropicRegions.source[index].center[1];
106    yvalue.onchange = function() {
107        this.value = roundToPrecision(this.value);
108        phantom.isotropicRegions.source[index].setCenter('y', yvalue.value);
109    }
110    ypos.appendChild(yvalue);
111    positionul.appendChild(ypos);
112
113    var zpos = document.createElement("LI");
114    var zposlabel = document.createElement("LABEL");
115    zposlabel.innerHTML = "z ";
116    zpos.appendChild(zposlabel);
117    var zvalue = document.createElement("INPUT");
118    zvalue.id = 'zvalue';
119    zvalue.style.width = "60px";
120    zvalue.type = "number";
121    zvalue.step = Math.pow(10, -precision);
122    zvalue.value = phantom.isotropicRegions.source[index].center[2];
123    zvalue.onchange = function() {
124        this.value = roundToPrecision(this.value);
125        phantom.isotropicRegions.source[index].setCenter('z', zvalue.value);
126    }
127    zpos.appendChild(zvalue);
128    positionul.appendChild(zpos);
129
130    regionprops.appendChild(position);
131

```

```

132 | field.appendChild(regionprops);
133 | }

```

2.3.11 resize.js

```

1 | /**@overview Contains resizeGUI() function*/
2 | /**@module GUI Managers*/
3 |
4 | // Resizes selector objects so those fit in the screen
5 | function resizeGUI() {
6 | /** @function resizeGUI
7 | * @memberof module:GUI Managers
8 | * @desc Resizes element selector lists so those just take the amount of
9 | space
10 | left in the screen. This avoids overflows and maintains the page size
11 | same as
12 | the window size.
13 | <br>Called when elements are added or removed and when window is resized
14 | .
15 | */
16 | // PRIVATE FUNCTION Returns amount of window height in text lines
17 | function countDocumentLines() {
18 | // From http://stackoverflow.com/questions/4392868/javascript-find-
19 | divs-line-height-not-css-property-but-actual-line-height
20 | function getLineHeight(element){
21 | var temp = document.createElement(element.nodeName);
22 | temp.setAttribute("style", "margin:0px;padding:0px;font-family:"+
23 | element.style.fontFamily+";font-size:"+element.style.fontSize);
24 | temp.innerHTML = "test";
25 | temp = element.parentNode.appendChild(temp);
26 | var ret = temp.clientHeight;
27 | temp.parentNode.removeChild(temp);
28 | return ret;
29 | }
30 | var divHeight = window.innerHeight;
31 | var lineHeight = getLineHeight(document.getElementById('leftGUI'));
32 | var lines = Math.floor(divHeight / lineHeight);
33 | return lines;
34 | }
35 | // Lines is the height amount in lines left for the gui elements.
36 | var lines = countDocumentLines() - 9;
37 | var leftGUI = document.getElementById("leftGUI");
38 | var fiberSelector = document.getElementById("fiberSelector");
39 | var regionSelector = document.getElementById("regionSelector");
40 |
41 | // Width is subtracted 10 pixels for allowing space to scrollbar.
42 | fiberSelector.style.width = (leftGUI.offsetWidth - 15).toString() + 'px'
43 | ;
44 | regionSelector.style.width = (leftGUI.offsetWidth - 15).toString() + 'px
45 | '
46 | ;
47 | // The resizable elements are selectors. We subtract space taken by

```

```

        other gui elements if those are present.
43  if (guiStatus.editingFiber !== undefined) {
44      lines -= 12 + Math.max(phantom.fibers.source[guiStatus.editingFiber].
        controlPoints.length + 1, 12);
45      var cpEditor = document.getElementById("cpEditor");
46      cpEditor.style.width = (leftGUI.offsetWidth - 65).toString() + 'px';
47  } else if (guiStatus.editingRegion !== undefined) {
48      lines -= 16;
49  }
50
51  // +1 is due to *none* option.
52  var fiberNumber = (phantom.fibers.source.length + 1)
53  var regionNumber = (phantom.isotropicRegions.source.length + 1)
54
55  var minsize = 3;
56
57  // Final size to be between total number of elements (no select scroll)
        and minsize
58  // 1.2 factor is due to line height correction
59  fiberSelector.style.height = (Math.min( Math.max(lines - regionNumber,
        minsize), fiberNumber) * 1.2).toString() + 'em';
60  regionSelector.style.height = (Math.min( Math.max(lines - fiberNumber,
        minsize), regionNumber) * 1.2).toString() + 'em';
61  }

```

2.3.12 setup.js

```

1  /** @overview Contains basic GUI constructors.*/
2  /** @module GUI Construction */
3  /** @var {guiStatus} guiStatus
4   * @desc Global variable indicating the current task the GUI is performing
5   */
6  var guiStatus;
7
8  function setupGUI() {
9      /** @function setupGUI
10       * @memberof module:GUI Construction
11       * @desc Constructs basic-static GUI when no action has taken place yet
12
13       Defines {@link guiStatus} global variable.
14       <br>Adds event listeners to window object for keyboard bindings.
15       */
16      guiStatus = new GuiStatus();
17      resizeGUI();
18
19      var fiberSelector = document.getElementById("fiberSelector");
20      var regionSelector = document.getElementById("regionSelector");
21      // Empty them - this function might be called for GUI updating
22      fiberSelector.innerHTML = "";
23      regionSelector.innerHTML = "";
24
25      if (phantom.fibers.source.length > 0) {
        // Add *none* option

```



```

26   var option = document.createElement("LI");
27   option.innerHTML = '*none*'
28   option.title = "Exit edit (Esc)"
29   option.className = 'optionSelected';
30   // If any fiber is being edited, move to non-edit mode
31   option.onclick = function() {
32     if (guiStatus.editingRegion === undefined) {
33       guiStatus.unediting();
34       guiStatus.retrieve();
35       optionSelect(this);
36     };
37     resizeGUI();
38   };
39   option.onmouseenter = function() {
40     phantom.addToScene(scene);
41     optionOnMouseOver(this);
42   };
43   option.onmouseleave = function() {
44     optionOnMouseLeave(this);
45   };
46   fiberSelector.appendChild(option);
47   fiberSelector.className = 'enabledList';
48
49   // Add the rest of the options
50   phantom.fibers.source.forEach(function(fiber, index) {
51     var backgroundColor = fiber.color;
52
53     var option = document.createElement("LI");
54     var selectColorSpan = document.createElement("span");
55     var selectTextSpan = document.createElement("span");
56     selectColorSpan.style.color = backgroundColor.getStyle();
57     selectColorSpan.innerHTML = '&#9632;&nbsp;';
58
59     selectTextSpan.innerHTML = fiber.controlPoints.length.toString() + "
60       points";
61
62     option.appendChild(selectColorSpan);
63     option.appendChild(selectTextSpan);
64     option.className = 'optionUnselected';
65
66     option.onmouseenter = function() {
67       phantom.fiberHighlight(index);
68       optionOnMouseOver(this);
69     };
70     option.onmouseleave = function() {
71       optionOnMouseLeave(this);
72     };
73     option.onclick = function() {
74       fiberSelectClick(index);
75       optionSelect(this)
76     };
77     fiberSelector.appendChild(option);
78   } else {

```

```

79     var option = document.createElement("LI");
80     option.innerHTML = '(any)';
81     fiberSelector.appendChild(option);
82     fiberSelector.className = 'disabledList';
83 }
84
85 if (phantom.isotropicRegions.source.length > 0) {
86     // Add *none* option
87     var option = document.createElement("LI");
88     option.innerHTML = '*none*'
89     option.title = "Exit edit (Esc)"
90     option.className = 'optionSelected';
91     // If any fiber is being edited, move to non-edit mode
92     option.onclick = function() {
93         if (guiStatus.editingFiber === undefined) {
94             guiStatus.unediting();
95             guiStatus.retrieve();
96             optionSelect(this);
97         };
98         resizeGUI();
99     };
100    option.onmouseenter = function() {
101        phantom.addToScene(scene);
102        optionOnMouseOver(this);
103    };
104    option.onmouseleave = function() {
105        optionOnMouseLeave(this);
106    };
107    regionSelector.appendChild(option);
108    regionSelector.className = 'enabledList';
109
110    // Add the rest of the options
111    phantom.isotropicRegions.source.forEach(function(region, index) {
112        var backgroundColor = region.color;
113
114        var option = document.createElement("LI");
115        option.className = 'optionUnselected';
116        var selectColorSpan = document.createElement("span");
117        var selectTextSpan = document.createElement("span");
118        selectColorSpan.style.color = backgroundColor.getStyle();
119        selectColorSpan.innerHTML = '&#9632;&nbsp;';
120
121        selectTextSpan.innerHTML = "radius " + region.radius.toString();
122
123        option.appendChild(selectColorSpan);
124        option.appendChild(selectTextSpan);
125
126        option.onmouseover = function() {
127            phantom.regionHighlight(index);
128            optionOnMouseOver(this);
129        };
130        option.onmouseleave = function() {
131            optionOnMouseLeave(this);
132        };

```

```

133     option.onclick = function() {
134         regionSelectClick(index);
135         optionSelect(this)
136     };
137     regionSelector.appendChild(option);
138 });
139 } else {
140     // var option = document.createElement("LI");
141     regionSelector.innerHTML = '(any)';
142     // regionSelector.appendChild(option);
143     regionSelector.className = 'disabledList';
144 }
145
146 // Add keyboard shortcuts
147 window.addEventListener('keyup', function(e) {
148     if (document.hasFocus()) { //Prevents events from firing when not
        being focused on the app
149         switch (e.keyCode) {
150             case 27: //Esc
151                 if (guiStatus.editingFiber + 1) {
152                     if (guiStatus.editingCP + 1) {
153                         document.getElementById('cpSelector').childNodes[0].onclick
154                             ();
155                         optionOnMouseLeave(document.getElementById('cpSelector').
156                             childNodes[0]);
157                     } else {
158                         fiberSelector.childNodes[0].onclick();
159                         optionOnMouseLeave(fiberSelector.childNodes[0]);
160                     }
161                 }
162                 if (guiStatus.editingRegion + 1) {
163                     regionSelector.childNodes[0].onclick();
164                     optionOnMouseLeave(regionSelector.childNodes[0]);
165                 }
166                 break;
167             case 80: //P
168                 if (guiStatus.editingFiber | guiStatus.editingRegion) {
169                     switchViewButton();
170                 }
171                 break;
172             case 65: //A
173                 toggleAxes();
174                 break;
175             case 88: //X
176                 moveCameraZY();
177                 break;
178             case 89: //Y
179                 moveCameraXZ();
180                 break;
181             case 90: //Z
182                 moveCameraXY();
183                 break;
184             case 83: //S
185                 saveClick();

```

```

184     break;
185     case 68: //D
186         if (document.getElementById('ddbbutton')) { //If does not exist
187             , won't fire.
188             document.getElementById('ddbbutton').onclick();
189         }
190         break;
191     case 46: //Del
192         if (guiStatus.editingFiber + 1) {
193             if (guiStatus.editingCP + 1) {
194                 if (document.getElementById('removecpbutton')) { //If does
195                     not exist, won't fire.
196                     document.getElementById('removecpbutton').onclick();
197                 }
198             } else {
199                 removeFiberClick();
200             }
201         } else if (guiStatus.editingRegion + 1) {
202             removeIsotropicRegionClick();
203         }
204         break;
205     case 85: //U
206         if (document.getElementById('cpUndoButton')) {
207             if (!document.getElementById('cpUndoButton').disabled) {
208                 document.getElementById('cpUndoButton').click();
209             }
210         }
211     });
212
213     document.getElementById('opacitySelector').value = phantom.
214         highlightOpacity * 100;
215     editExit();
216 }
217 // Add element buttons are only available when no element is being edited
218 function editExit() {
219     /** @function editExit
220     * @memberof module:GUI Construction
221     * @desc Removes any edition UI. Adds new element buttons.
222     */
223     scene.remove(dragAndDrop); //In case of being present
224     var editGUI = document.getElementById('editGUI');
225     editGUI.innerHTML = ""
226
227
228     var newfiberbutton = document.createElement("BUTTON");
229     newfiberbutton.style.float = "right";
230     newfiberbutton.innerHTML = "New Fiber";
231     newfiberbutton.className = "w3-btn w3-hover-green w3-border w3-border-
232         white"
233     newfiberbutton.onclick = function() {
234         newFiberClick()

```

```

234     });
235
236     var newregionbutton = document.createElement("BUTTON");
237     newregionbutton.style.float = "right";
238     newregionbutton.innerHTML = "New Region";
239     newregionbutton.className = "w3-btn w3-hover-green w3-border w3-border-
        white"
240     newregionbutton.onclick = function() {
241         newIsotropicRegionClick()
242     };
243
244     // As style is float, must be appended from right to left
245     editGUI.appendChild(newregionbutton);
246     editGUI.appendChild(newfiberbutton);
247 }

```

2.3.13 status.js

```

1  /**@overview Contains class GuiStatus and its modules.*/
2
3  function GuiStatus() {
4  /** @class GuiStatus
5   * @memberof module:GUI Managers
6   * @classdesc Class used for defining current app GUI status.
7   * @prop {Number} editingFiber=undefined; Index of currently being edited
8     fiber. If any, undefined.
9   * @prop {Number} editingCP=undefined; Index of currently being edited
10    control point. If any, undefined.
11  * @prop {Number} editingRegion=undefined; Index of currently being
12    edited isotropic region. If any, undefined.
13  * @prop {Boolean} previewing=false Whether preview mode is active or not
14    .
15  * @prop {Boolean} dragAndDropping=false Whether drag and drop control
16    point edit mode is active or not.
17  */
18
19     this.previewing = false;
20     document.getElementById("switchViewButton").disabled = true;
21
22     this.dragAndDropping = false;
23
24     this.editingFiber = undefined;
25     this.editingCP = undefined;
26     this.editingRegion = undefined;
27 }
28
29 GuiStatus.prototype = {
30     editing: function(element, index) {
31         /** @function editing
32          * @memberof module:GUI Managers.GuiStatus
33          * @param {String} element Element to be edited. 'fiber', 'CP' or '
34            region'.
35          * @param {Number} index Index of the element in its array.
36          * @desc Changes the properties of the object matching the specified

```

```

    input.
31  */
32  switch (element) {
33    case 'fiber':
34      this.unediting();
35      this.editingFiber = index;
36      break;
37    case 'CP':
38      if (this.editingFiber === undefined) {
39        console.error('Tried to edit CP with any fiber in edit!');
40        break;
41      }
42      this.editingCP = index;
43      break;
44    case 'region':
45      this.unediting();
46      this.editingRegion = index;
47      break;
48    default: console.error('Element string in status was not correct');
49  }
50
51  document.getElementById("switchViewButton").disabled = false;
52  if (!this.previewing) {
53    document.getElementById("switchViewButton").className = 'w3-btn w3-
54      border w3-hover-aqua w3-block w3-ripple';
55  }
56  },
57  retrieve: function() {
58    /** @function retrieve
59     * @memberof module:GUI Managers.GuiStatus
60     * @desc Turns the scene into the current status. Refreshes the GUI.
61     */
62    if (this.previewing) {
63      phantom.addToScene(scene);
64    } else {
65      if (this.editingFiber !== undefined) {
66        fiberSelectClick(this.editingFiber, true);
67      } if (this.editingCP !== undefined) {
68        cpSelectClick(this.editingFiber, this.editingCP, true);
69      } if (guiStatus.dragAndDropping) {
70        guiStatus.dragAndDropping = false; //Simulate D&D bare click
71        document.getElementById('ddbutton').onclick();
72      }
73    } else if (this.editingRegion !== undefined) {
74      regionSelectClick(this.editingRegion, true)
75    } else {
76      phantom.addToScene(scene);
77      editExit();
78    }
79  }
80  },
81  unediting: function() {
82    /** @function unediting

```

```

83  * @memberof module:GUI Managers.GuiStatus
84  * @desc Turns the scene into unediting status. Restores the GUI.
85  */
86  this.previewing = false;
87  this.dragAndDropping = false;
88  scene.removeControls();
89
90  document.getElementById("switchViewButton").value = "Preview";
91  document.getElementById("switchViewButton").disabled = true;
92  document.getElementById("switchViewButton").className = 'w3-btn w3-
      border w3-hover-aqua w3-block w3-ripple';
93
94  this.editingFiber = undefined;
95  this.editingCP = undefined;
96  this.editingRegion = undefined;
97  }
98  }

```

2.3.14 stylehandlers.js

```

1  /**@overview Contains all functions regarding selection lists hover*/
2
3  function optionOnMouseOver(option) {
4  /** @function optionOnMouseOver
5   * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
6   * @param {DOM} option Parent option DOM element.
7   * @desc Applies hover classes to onmouseovered options in lists.
8   */
9   if (option.className == 'optionSelected') {
10    option.className = 'optionSelectedAndOnMouseOver';
11  } else if (option.className == 'optionUnselected') {
12    option.className = 'optionOnMouseOver';
13  }
14  }
15  function optionOnMouseLeave(option) {
16  /** @function optionOnMouseLeave
17   * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
18   * @param {DOM} option Parent option DOM element.
19   * @desc Restores class to onmouseovered options in lists.
20   */
21   if (option.className == 'optionSelectedAndOnMouseOver') {
22    option.className = 'optionSelected';
23  } else if (option.className == 'optionOnMouseOver') {
24    option.className = 'optionUnselected';
25  }
26  }
27
28  function optionSelect(option) {
29  /** @function optionSelect
30   * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
31   * @param {DOM} option Parent option DOM element.
32   * @desc Applies selected class to selected options in lists. Removes
      selected options from other lists.
33   */

```

```

34 var fiberSelector = document.getElementById("fiberSelector");
35 var regionSelector = document.getElementById("regionSelector");
36 if ((option.parentNode == fiberSelector) | (option.parentNode ==
    regionSelector)) {
37     var fiberoptions = Array.from(fiberSelector.childNodes);
38     var regionoptions = Array.from(regionSelector.childNodes);
39
40     fiberoptions.forEach( function( element ) {
41         element.className = 'optionUnselected';
42     });
43     regionoptions.forEach( function( element ) {
44         element.className = 'optionUnselected';
45     });
46
47     if (option.parentNode == fiberSelector) {
48         if (regionoptions.length > 1) { //Avoids selecting (any) option.
49             regionoptions[0].className = 'optionSelected';
50         }
51     } else {
52         if (fiberoptions.length > 1) { //Avoids selecting (any) option.
53             fiberoptions[0].className = 'optionSelected';
54         }
55     }
56 } else {
57     var listoptions = Array.from(option.parentNode.childNodes);
58     listoptions.forEach( function( element ) {
59         element.className = 'optionUnselected';
60     });
61 }
62 option.className = 'optionSelectedAndOnMouseOver'
63 }
64
65 function selectOption(list, number) {
66     /** @function selectOption
67     * @memberof module:GUI Handlers
68     * @param {DOM} list List's DOM element.
69     * @param {Number} number Index of option to select
70     * @desc Changes class of option as if it was clicked, given the list and
        its index.
71     */
72     var options = Array.from(list.childNodes);
73     optionSelect(options[number]);
74     optionOnMouseLeave(options[number]);
75 }

```

2.3.15 FiberSource.js

```

1 /** @overview Contains Class definitions for {@link FiberSource} and {
    @link IsotropicRegionSource}. */
2
3 /** @constant colors
4  * @desc An HEX array used as a color library for random generation.
5  */
6 var colors = [0xFF1E00, 0xFFB300, 0x1533AD, 0x00BF32, 0xBF4030,

```




```

7         0xBF9430, 0x2C3D82, 0x248F40, 0xA61300, 0xA67400,
8         0x071C71, 0x007C21, 0xFF5640, 0xFFC640, 0x4965D6,
9         0x38DF64, 0xFF8373, 0xFFD573, 0x6F83D6, 0x64DF85,
10        0xFF5600, 0xFF7C00, 0x04859D, 0x00AA72, 0x60D4AE,
11        0xBF6030, 0xBF7630, 0x206876, 0x207F60, 0x5FBDCE,
12        0xA63800, 0xA65100, 0x015666, 0x006E4A, 0xFFB773,
13        0xFF8040, 0xFF9D40, 0x37B6CE, 0x35D4A0, 0xFFA273];
14
15
16 function FiberSource(controlPoints, tangents, radius, color) {
17     /** @class FiberSource
18      * @classdesc A fiber bundle in Phantomas is defined as a cylindrical
19       tube wrapped around
20     its centerline. The centerline itself is a continuous curve in 3D, and
21     can be
22     simply created from a few control points. All the fibers created are
23     supposed to connect two
24     cortical areas.<br>
25     * FiberSource is the basic Class for the representation of a Fiber.
26     Objects containing
27     the geometries to be added to the scene are to be referred to
28     FiberSource for
29     gathering any necessary information.
30
31     * @param {array} controlPoints Array-of-arrays (N, 3) containing the 3-D
32     coordinates
33     of the fiber Control Points.
34     * @param {string} [tangents='symmetric'] Way the tangents are to be
35     computed.
36     Available options: 'incoming', 'outgoing', 'symmetric'
37     * @param {number} [radius=1] Fiber radius; same dimensions as
38     controlPoints.
39     * @param {number} [color] Color in which the fiber should be displayed.
40     If not
41     specified, to be picked randomly from {@link colors}.
42
43     * @property {array} observers Objects to be notified when some change is
44     applied
45
46     */
47
48     // Initialize properties. By default tangents = 'symmetric', radius = 1.
49     this.controlPoints = controlPoints;
50
51     if (tangents === undefined) {
52         tangents = 'symmetric';
53     }
54     this.tangents = tangents;
55
56     if (radius === undefined) {
57         radius = 1;
58     }
59     this.radius = radius;
60
61     if (color === undefined) {

```

```

51     color = new THREE.Color(colors[Math.floor(Math.random()*colors.length)
52     ]);
53     this.color = new THREE.Color(color);
54
55     // Calculate coefficients
56     this.polyCalc();
57
58     // FiberSource objects will act as subjects to FiberTube or
59     FiberSkeleton
60     this.observers = [];
61 }
62
63 FiberSource.prototype = {
64     polyCalc: function() {
65     /** @function polyCalc
66     * @memberof FiberSource
67     * @desc When called, coefficients are calculated.
68     This takes the FiberSource instance from control points, and a
69     specified
70     mode to compute the tangents.<br>
71     The output is the coefficients as <p style='margin-left: 10em; font-
72     family:monospace'>
73     (x,y,z)(t)= a + b[(t-ti)/(ti1-ti)] + c[(t-ti)/(ti1-ti)]^2 + d[(t-ti)
74     /(ti1-ti)]^3</p> for each x, y and
75     z and for each pair of points, as <i>this.xpoly</i>, <i>this.ypoly</
76     i> and <i>this.zpoly</i>.
77     Timestamps normalized in <[0,1]> are also calculated in <i>this.ts</i>
78     >.
79     */
80     // Take distance of each pair of given control points
81     nbPoints = this.controlPoints.length;
82     var distances = [];
83     for (var i = 0; i < nbPoints-1; i++) {
84     var squareDistance = 0;
85     for (var j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
86     squareDistance +=
87     Math.pow(this.controlPoints[i+1][j] - this.controlPoints[i][j],
88     2);
89     }
90     distances[i] = Math.sqrt(squareDistance);
91     }
92     // Make time interval proportional to distance between control points
93     var ts = [0, distances[0]];
94     for (var i = 2; i < nbPoints; i++) {
95     ts[i] = ts[i-1]+distances[i-1];
96     }
97     length = ts[ts.length - 1];
98     for (var i = 0; i < nbPoints; i++) {
99     ts[i] /= length;
100    }
101
102    //INTERPOLATION
103    // as [x y z] for each point

```

```

97  var derivatives = [];
98  // For start and ending points; normal to the surface
99  derivatives[0]=[];
100 derivatives[nbPoints-1] = [];
101 for (var i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
102     derivatives[0][i] = -this.controlPoints[0][i];
103     derivatives[nbPoints-1][i] = this.controlPoints[nbPoints-1][i];
104 }
105 // As for other derivatives, we use discrete approx
106 switch (this.tangents) {
107     case "incoming":
108         for (var i = 1; i < nbPoints-1; i++) {
109             derivatives[i] = [];
110             for (var j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
111                 derivatives[i][j] =
112                     this.controlPoints[i][j] - this.controlPoints[i-1][j];
113             }
114         }
115         break;
116     case "outgoing":
117         for (var i = 1; i < nbPoints-1; i++) {
118             derivatives[i]=[];
119             for (var j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
120                 derivatives[i][j] =
121                     this.controlPoints[i+1][j] - this.controlPoints[i][j];
122             }
123         }
124         break;
125     case "symmetric":
126         for (var i = 1; i < nbPoints-1; i++) {
127             derivatives[i] = [];
128             for (var j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
129                 derivatives[i][j] =
130                     this.controlPoints[i+1][j] - this.controlPoints[i-1][j];
131             }
132         }
133         break;
134     default:
135         console.error("'tangents' should be one of the following:\n
136             'incoming', 'outgoing', 'symmetric'");
137 }
138 for (var i = 0; i < derivatives.length; i++) {
139     var squaredDerivativeNorm = 0;
140     for (var j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
141         squaredDerivativeNorm += Math.pow(derivatives[i][j], 2);
142     }
143     var derivativeVector = [];
144     for (var j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
145         derivativeVector[j] = (derivatives[i][j]
146             /Math.sqrt(squaredDerivativeNorm))*length;
147     }
148     derivatives[i] = derivativeVector;
149 }
150

```

```

151 // RETURN POLYNOMIALS
152 /*Function that returns 4x4 array with polynomials [a,b,c,d] for given
      ts (t),
153     control points (p) and derivatives (pd).
154     Values of a, b, c and d are found by solving the system
155     (t)= a + b[(t-ti)/(ti1-ti)] + c[(t-ti)/(ti1-ti)]^2 + d[(t-ti)/(
      ti1-ti)]^3
156     along with its derivative, being ti and ti1 t_i and t_(i+1).
157 */
158 function poly(t, p, pd) {
159     coef = [];
160     for (var i = 0; i < t.length-1; i++) {
161         coef[i] = [p[i],
162                 (t[i+1]-t[i]) * pd[i],
163                 3*p[i+1] - (t[i+1]-t[i])*pd[i+1] - 2*(t[i+1]-t[i])*pd[i] -
164                 3*p[i],
165                 (t[i+1]-t[i])*pd[i+1] - 2*p[i+1] + (t[i+1]-t[i])*pd[i] +
166                 2*p[i]
167         ];
168     }
169     return coef;
170 }
171 // Col extracts columns for matrices as array-of-arrays.
172 function col(matrix, column) {
173     var array = [];
174     for (var i = 0; i < matrix.length; i++) {
175         array[i] = matrix[i][column];
176     }
177     return array;
178 }
179 this.xpoly = poly(ts, col(this.controlPoints, 0), col(derivatives, 0))
180 ;
181 this.ypoly = poly(ts, col(this.controlPoints, 1), col(derivatives, 1))
182 ;
183 this.zpoly = poly(ts, col(this.controlPoints, 2), col(derivatives, 2))
184 ;
185 this.ts = ts;
186 this.length = length;
187 },
188
189 interpolate: function(ts) {
190 /** @function interpolate
191     * @memberof FiberSource
192     * @param {Number[]|Number} ts List of "timesteps" (or a single)
193     *     between 0 and 1.
194     * From a "FiberSource", which is a continuous representation, to a
195     * "Fiber", a discretization of the fiber trajectory.
196     * @return {array} The trajectory of the fiber, discretized over the
197     *     provided
198     *     timesteps in an array-of-arrays form (N, 3)
199 */
200 // interp implements equation used for coefficients [a,b,c,d], described
201 // above.
202 function interp(coef, t, ti, ti1) {

```

```

195     factor = (t-ti) / (ti1-ti);
196     return (coef[0] + coef[1]*factor + coef[2]*Math.pow(factor,2) +
197            coef[3]*Math.pow(factor,3));
198   }
199   // Single value option
200   if (ts.constructor !== Array) {
201     var N = 1;
202     ts = [ts];
203   } else {
204     var N = ts.length;
205   }
206   var trajectory = [];
207   traj: for (var i = 0; i < N; i++) {
208     for (var j = 0; j < this.ts.length-1; j++) {
209       if ((ts[i] >= this.ts[j]) && (ts[i] <= this.ts[j+1])) {
210         break;
211       }
212       if (j == this.ts.length-2) {
213         console.error('Value '+i+' (being '+ts[i]+
214                    ') is out of bounds [' +this.ts[0]+' ,'+
215                    +this.ts[this.ts.length-1]+'].');
216         continue traj;
217       }
218     }
219     trajectory[i] = [];
220     trajectory[i][0] = interp(this.xpoly[j], ts[i], this.ts[j], this.ts[
221                            j+1]);
221     trajectory[i][1] = interp(this.ypoly[j], ts[i], this.ts[j], this.ts[
222                            j+1]);
222     trajectory[i][2] = interp(this.zpoly[j], ts[i], this.ts[j], this.ts[
223                            j+1]);
223     if (ts.constructor !== Array) {
224       trajectory = trajectory[0];
225     }
226   }
227   return trajectory;
228 },
229 addObserver: function(object) {
230   /** @function addObserver
231    * @memberof FiberSource
232    * @param {object} object Object to be added to <i>this.observers</i>
233    *   array.
234    * @desc Add object to <i>this.observers</i> property
235    */
236   this.observers.push(object)
237 },
238 notify: function() {
239   /** @function notify
240    * @memberof FiberSource
241    * @desc Runs .refresh() method to all objects present in <i>this.
242    *   observers</i> property. Renders.
243    */
244   for(var i = 0; i < this.observers.length; i++) {
245     this.observers[i].refresh();

```

```

244     }
245     render();
246 },
247 // setControlPoint changes a control point for this Fiber.
248 // inputs: n (position in controlPoints array) and x, y, z coordinates.
249 setControlPoint: function(n, axis, value) {
250     /** @function setControlPoint
251     * @memberof FiberSource
252     * @desc Sets a value to a given Control Point in a given Axis.
253     * Refreshes coefficients and notifies observers.
254     * @param {number} n Index in this.controlPoints of Control Point to
255     * be set.
256     * @param {string} axis Axis in which to apply the change 'x', 'y' or
257     * 'z'.
258     * @param {number} value Value to set.
259     */
260     switch (axis) {
261     case 'x':
262         this.controlPoints[n][0] = value;
263         break;
264     case 'y':
265         this.controlPoints[n][1] = value;
266         break;
267     case 'z':
268         this.controlPoints[n][2] = value;
269         break;
270     default: console.error('Wrong axis set in fiber.setControlPoint.
271         Called for ' + axis);
272     }
273     this.polyCalc();
274     this.notify();
275 }
276 }
277
278 function IsotropicRegionSource(center, radius, color) {
279 /** @class IsotropicRegionSource
280 * @classdesc An Isotropic Region is defined in Phantomas as an empty
281 * spherical space.<br>
282 * IsotropicRegionSource is the basic Class for the representation of an
283 * Isotropic Region. Objects containing
284 * the geometries to be added to the scene are to be referred to
285 * IsotropicRegionSource for
286 * gathering any necessary information.
287
288 * @param {array} center Array containing the 3-D coordinates
289 * of the center point in which the Isotropic Region is located.
290 * @param {number} [radius=1] Isotropic Region radius.
291 * @param {number} [color] Color in which the Isotropic Region should be
292 * displayed in. If not
293 * specified, to be picked randomly from {@link colors}.
294
295 * @property {array} observers Objects to be notified when some change is
296 * applied
297 */
298 }

```

```

289   this.center = center;
290   this.radius = radius;
291
292   if (color === undefined) {
293     color = new THREE.Color(colors[Math.floor(Math.random()*colors.length)
294     ]);
295   }
296   this.color = new THREE.Color(color);
297
298   this.observers = [];
299 }
300 IsotropicRegionSource.prototype = {
301   // Refreshes objects in the observer list
302   notify: function() {
303     /** @function notify
304     * @memberof IsotropicRegionSource
305     * @desc Runs .refresh() method to all objects present in <i>this.
306     observers</i> property. Renders.
307
308     */
309     for(var i = 0; i < this.observers.length; i++) {
310       this.observers[i].refresh();
311     }
312     render();
313   },
314   setCenter: function(axis, value) {
315     /** @function setCenter
316     * @memberof IsotropicRegionSource
317     * @param {string} axis Axis in which to apply the new value
318     * @param {number} value New value to be applied
319     * @desc Changes the center of the Isotropic Region for a given new.
320     Notifies observers.
321
322     */
323     switch (axis) {
324       case 'x':
325         this.center[0] = value;
326         break;
327       case 'y':
328         this.center[1] = value;
329         break;
330       case 'z':
331         this.center[2] = value;
332         break;
333       default: console.error('Incorrect axis label for IsotropicRegion.
334         setCenter(label, value)');
335     }
336     this.notify();
337   },
338   setRadius: function(radius) {
339     /** @function setRadius
340     * @memberof IsotropicRegionSource
341     * @param {number} radius New value to be applied
342     * @desc Changes the radius of the Isotropic Region for a given new.
343     Notifies observers.

```

```

338     */
339     this.radius = radius;
340     this.notify();
341   },
342   addObserver: function(object) {
343     /** @function addObserver
344      * @memberof IsotropicRegionSource
345      * @param {object} object Object to be added to <i>this.observers</i>
346      * @desc Add object to <i>this.observers</i> property
347      */
348
349     this.observers.push(object)
350   }
351 }

```

2.3.16 MeshSource.js

```

1  /**@overview Contains Class definitions for {@link FiberSkeleton}, {@link
2     FiberTube} and {@link IsotropicRegion}.*
3  function FiberSkeleton(fiber, parameters) {
4  /** @class FiberSkeleton
5   * @classdesc FiberSkeleton creates 3D representation of control points
6     and fiber path
7     from a given fiber.<br>
8     Subject-Observer pattern must be enabled from its {@link FiberSource}
9     reference and fired from subject with {@link FiberSkeleton.refresh}
10    |refresh();}.
11
12    * @property {THREE.Line} line The thread representing the path. Ready
13    for {@link scene}.add.
14
15    * @property {THREE.Mesh} spheres Big mesh containing all control-point
16    marking spheres. Ready for {@link scene}.add.
17
18    * @property {FiberSource} fiber Reference to source fiber object.
19
20    * @property {THREE.Color} color Color of the thread.
21
22    * @property {Number} sphereSegments Amount of segments (in each
23    dimension) each controlpoint sphere will feature.
24
25    * @property {Number} lineSegments Amount of segments the thread will
26    feature.
27
28    *
29    * @param {FiberSource} fiber Reference fiber.
30
31    * @param {Object} [parameters] Optional parameters
32
33    * @param {Number} [parameters.lineSegments=256] Number of axial segments
34    to feature in line's {@link FiberSkeleton}
35
36    * @param {Number} [parameters.sphereSegments=32] Number of radial
37    segments to feature in each control point of {@link FiberSkeleton}
38
39    * @param {THREE.Color} [parameters.color] Color of the thread. If not
40    specified, generated randomly from {@link colors}.
41
42    */
43
44    this.fiber = fiber;
45
46    this.points = fiber.controlPoints; //Private property
47
48
49    // Assign either specified parameters or default values
50    if (!parameters) var parameters = [];

```



```

26   if (parameters.color === undefined) {
27       this.color = fiber.color;
28   } else {
29       this.color = parameters.color;
30   }
31   if (parameters.lineSegments === undefined) {
32       this.lineSegments = 256;
33   } else {
34       this.lineSegments = parameters.lineSegments;
35   }
36   if (parameters.sphereSegments === undefined) {
37       this.sphereSegments = 32;
38   } else {
39       this.sphereSegments = parameters.sphereSegments;
40   }
41
42   // Create line thread
43   // Interpolate points for THREE.BufferAttribute needs
44   discretePoints = new Float32Array(3*this.lineSegments+3);
45   for (var i = 0; i <= this.lineSegments; i++) {
46       discretePoints.set([fiber.interpolate(i/this.lineSegments)[0][0],
47                           fiber.interpolate(i/this.lineSegments)[0][1],
48                           fiber.interpolate(i/this.lineSegments)[0][2]], 3*
49                           i);
50   }
51   // Create trajectory
52   var trajectory = new THREE.BufferGeometry();
53   trajectory.addAttribute('position', new THREE.BufferAttribute(
54       discretePoints, 3));
55   // Create thread material
56   var thread = new THREE.LineBasicMaterial({ color:this.color, linewidth:
57       1 });
58   // / Build line
59   this.line = new THREE.Line(trajectory, thread);
60
61   // Create sphere mesh for controlPoints
62   // sphere is the prototype sphere
63   var sphere = new THREE.SphereGeometry(fiber.radius/5, this.
64       sphereSegments, this.sphereSegments);
65   var sphereGeometry = new THREE.Geometry();
66   // All spheres to be added are meshed in one single geometry
67   var meshes = [];
68   for (var i = 0; i < this.points.length; i++) {
69       meshes[i] = new THREE.Mesh(sphere);
70       meshes[i].position.set(this.points[i][0], this.points[i][1], this.
71           points[i][2]);
72       meshes[i].updateMatrix();
73       sphereGeometry.merge(meshes[i].geometry, meshes[i].matrix);
74   }
75   var surface = new THREE.MeshBasicMaterial( {color: 0xffff00} );
76   // Build spheres mesh
77   this.spheres = new THREE.Mesh(sphereGeometry, surface);
78 }

```

```

75 FiberSkeleton.prototype.refresh = function() {
76   /** @function refresh
77    * @memberof FiberSkeleton
78    * @desc Updates thread and spheres position from self properties. Must
        be fired when those change.
79    */
80   // Spheres mesh must be built again
81   var sphere = new THREE.SphereGeometry(this.fiber.radius/5, this.
        sphereSegments, this.sphereSegments);
82   var sphereGeometry = new THREE.Geometry();
83   var meshes = [];
84   for (var i = 0; i < this.points.length; i++) {
85     meshes[i] = new THREE.Mesh(sphere);
86     meshes[i].position.set(this.points[i][0], this.points[i][1], this.
        points[i][2]);
87     meshes[i].updateMatrix();
88     sphereGeometry.merge(meshes[i].geometry, meshes[i].matrix);
89   }
90   this.spheres.geometry = sphereGeometry;
91
92   // Thread trajectory must be built again as well
93   var discretePoints = new Float32Array(3*this.lineSegments+3);
94   for (var i = 0; i <= this.lineSegments; i++) {
95     discretePoints.set([this.fiber.interpolate(i/this.lineSegments)[0][0],
96                       this.fiber.interpolate(i/this.lineSegments)
97                         [0][1],
98                       this.fiber.interpolate(i/this.lineSegments)
99                         [0][2]], 3*i);
100   }
101   var trajectory = new THREE.BufferGeometry();
102   trajectory.addAttribute('position', new THREE.BufferAttribute(
103     discretePoints, 3));
104   this.line.geometry = trajectory;
105   // Line color is to be kept
106   this.line.material.color = this.color;
107 }
108
109 function FiberTube(fiber, parameters) {
110   /** @class FiberTube
111    * @classdesc FiberTube creates a 3D representation of a given fiber in
        a tubular shape
112    * of given radius.
113    * <br>Subject-Observer pattern must be enabled from its {@link
        FiberSource} reference and fired from subject with {@link
        FiberSkeleton.refresh|refresh()}.
114    * @property {THREE.Mesh} mesh Mesh containing the fiber's tubular
        shape. Ready for {@link scene}.add.
115    * @property {FiberSource} fiber Reference to source fiber object.
116    * @property {THREE.Color} color Color of the tube.
117    * @property {Number} axialSegments Amount of segments to feature in
        the tube mesh.
118    * @property {Number} radialSegments Amount of radial segments to
        feature in the tube mesh.
119    *

```

```

117 * @param {FiberSource} fiber Reference fiber.
118 * @param {Object} [parameters] Optional parameters
119 * @param {Number} [parameters.axialSegments=256] Number of axial
    segments to feature in the tube mesh.
120 * @param {Number} [parameters.radialSegments=64] Number of radial
    segments to feature in the tube mesh.
121 * @param {THREE.Color} [parameters.color] Color of the thread. If not
    specified, generated randomly from {@link colors}.
122 */
123
124 this.fiber = fiber;
125 // Check if radius was specified. If not, set default.
126 if (this.fiber.radius === undefined) this.fiber.radius = 1;
127 var radius = this.fiber.radius;
128 // Assign either specified parameters or default values
129 if (!parameters) var parameters = [];
130 if (parameters.color === undefined) {
131     this.color = fiber.color;
132 } else {
133     this.color = parameters.color;
134 }
135 if (parameters.axialSegments === undefined) {
136     this.axialSegments = 256;
137 } else {
138     this.axialSegments = parameters.axialSegments;
139 }
140 if (parameters.radialSegments === undefined) {
141     this.radialSegments = 64;
142 } else {
143     this.radialSegments = parameters.radialSegments;
144 }
145
146 //Curve is part of tube geometry
147 this.curve = Object.create(THREE.Curve.prototype); //Private property
148 // .getPoint must be part of curve object
149 this.curve.getPoint = function(t) {
150     var tx = fiber.interpolate(t)[0][0];
151     var ty = fiber.interpolate(t)[0][1];
152     var tz = fiber.interpolate(t)[0][2];
153     return new THREE.Vector3(tx, ty, tz);
154 }
155 // Geometry and materials are created
156 var geometry = new THREE.TubeGeometry(this.curve,
    this.axialSegments, radius, this.radialSegments);
157 var material = new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial( { color:this.color, shading:
    THREE.FlatShading } );
158
159 // Transparency must be enabled so to be able to fade the tube
160 material.transparent = true;
161 // Double side is needed so a tube appearance is acquired
162 material.side = THREE.DoubleSide;
163 this.mesh = new THREE.Mesh(geometry, material);
164 }
165 FiberTube.prototype.refresh = function() {
166     /** @function refresh

```

```

167     * @memberof FiberTube
168     * @desc Updates tube shape and position from self properties. Must be
        fired when those change.
169     */
170     this.mesh.geometry = new THREE.TubeGeometry(this.curve,
171         this.axialSegments, this.fiber.radius, this.radialSegments
        );
172 }
173
174 /* IsotropicRegion creates a mesh from an IsotropicRegionSource.
175 Subject-Observer pattern must be enabled and fired from subject with .
    refresh();
176 Input: source - IsotropicRegionSource
177     parameters object (not compulsory):
178     .color
179     .widthSegments
180     .heightSegments
181
182 Main properties:
183     .mesh - the mesh of the region ready for scene.add.
184
185 Other properties:
186     .source - The region from which the representation constructed (
        IsotropicRegionSource)
187     .widthSegments and .heightSegments: The segments that make up the
        sphere in
188     each dimension. Default is 128.
189     .color - color of the sphere
190
191 Methods:
192     .refresh() - Updates mesh after source change. No input no output.
193 */
194
195 function IsotropicRegion(source, parameters) {
196     /** @class IsotropicRegion
197     * @classdesc IsotropicRegion creates a 3D representation of an
        Isotropic Region.
198     <br>Subject-Observer pattern must be enabled from its {@link
        FiberSource} reference and fired from subject with {@link
        FiberSkeleton.refresh|refresh()}.
199     * @property {THREE.Mesh} mesh Mesh containing the Isotropic Region
        sphere. Ready for {@link scene}.add.
200     * @property {IsotropicRegionSource} fiber Reference to source fiber
        object.
201     * @property {THREE.Color} color Color of the sphere.
202     * @property {Number} widthSegments Amount of width segments to feature
        in the sphere mesh.
203     * @property {Number} heightSegments Amount of height segments to
        feature in the sphere mesh.
204     *
205     * @param {IsotropicRegionSource} source Reference Isotropic Region.
206     * @param {Object} [parameters] Optional parameters
207     * @param {Number} [parameters.widthSegments=128] Number of width
        segments to feature in the sphere mesh.

```

```

208 * @param {Number} [parameters.heightSegments=128] Number of height
      segments to feature in the sphere mesh.
209 * @param {THREE.Color} [parameters.color] Color of the thread. If not
      specified, generated randomly from {@link colors}.
210 */
211
212 this.source = source;
213
214 // Assign either specified parameters or default values
215 if (!parameters) var parameters = [];
216 if (parameters.color === undefined) {
217   this.color = source.color;
218 } else {
219   this.color = parameters.color;
220 }
221 if (parameters.widthSegments === undefined) {
222   this.widthSegments = 128;
223 } else {
224   this.widthSegments = parameters.widthSegments;
225 }
226 if (parameters.heightSegments === undefined) {
227   this.heightSegments = 128;
228 } else {
229   this.heightSegments = parameters.heightSegments;
230 }
231
232 var geometry = new THREE.SphereGeometry( source.radius, this.
      widthSegments, this.heightSegments );
233 var material = new THREE.MeshPhongMaterial( { color:this.color, shading:
      THREE.FlatShading } );
234 // Transparency must be enabled so to be able to fade the tube
235 material.transparent = true;
236 this.mesh = new THREE.Mesh(geometry, material);
237 this.mesh.position.set(source.center[0], source.center[1], source.center
      [2]);
238 }
239 IsotropicRegion.prototype.refresh = function() {
240   /** @function refresh
241    * @memberof IsotropicRegion
242    * @desc Updates sphere position and radius from self properties. Must
      be fired when those change.
243    */
244   this.mesh.geometry = new THREE.SphereGeometry( this.source.radius,
      this.widthSegments, this.heightSegments );
245   this.mesh.position.set(this.source.center[0], this.source.center[1],
      this.source.center[2]);
246 }

```

2.3.17 axes.js

```

1 function buildAxes( length ) {
2   /** @function buildAxes
3    * @desc Returns axes to be added to the scene.
4    * @author [Soledad Penades]{@link https://soledadpenades.com/articles/

```

```

    three-js-tutorials/drawing-the-coordinate-axes/}
5  * @param {number} length The axis radius
6  * @return The axis geometry ready to be added to the scene
7  */
8  var axes = new THREE.Object3D();
9  var linewidth = 2;
10
11 function buildAxis( src, dst, colorHex, dashed ) {
12     var geom = new THREE.Geometry(),
13         mat;
14
15     if(dashed) {
16         mat = new THREE.LineDashedMaterial({ linewidth: linewidth,
17             color: colorHex, dashSize: 3, gapSize: 3 });
18     } else {
19         mat = new THREE.LineBasicMaterial({ linewidth: linewidth,
20             color: colorHex });
21     }
22
23     geom.vertices.push( src.clone() );
24     geom.vertices.push( dst.clone() );
25     geom.computeLineDistances(); // This one is SUPER important, otherwise
26     // dashed lines will appear as simple plain lines
27
28     var axis = new THREE.Line( geom, mat, THREE.LineSegments );
29
30     return axis;
31 }
32
33 axes.add( buildAxis( new THREE.Vector3( 0, 0, 0 ), new THREE.Vector3(
34     length, 0, 0 ), 0xFF0000, false ) ); // +X
35 axes.add( buildAxis( new THREE.Vector3( 0, 0, 0 ), new THREE.Vector3( -
36     length, 0, 0 ), 0xFF0000, true ) ); // -X
37 axes.add( buildAxis( new THREE.Vector3( 0, 0, 0 ), new THREE.Vector3( 0,
38     length, 0 ), 0x00FF00, false ) ); // +Y
39 axes.add( buildAxis( new THREE.Vector3( 0, 0, 0 ), new THREE.Vector3( 0,
40     -length, 0 ), 0x00FF00, true ) ); // -Y
41 axes.add( buildAxis( new THREE.Vector3( 0, 0, 0 ), new THREE.Vector3( 0,
42     0, length ), 0x0000FF, false ) ); // +Z
43 axes.add( buildAxis( new THREE.Vector3( 0, 0, 0 ), new THREE.Vector3( 0,
44     0, -length ), 0x0000FF, true ) ); // -Z
45
46 return axes;
47 }

```

2.3.18 load.js

```

1  /** @function loadPhantom
2   * @desc Loads a Phantom contained in a JSON file and puts it into the
3   * scene.<br>
4   * Contains all the functions necessary to translate Phantomas' JSON
5   * structure
6   * to {@link FiberSource} parameters.
7   * @param {String} string

```



```

6   * The string containing the parsed phantom variable.
7   * @return {Phantom} The phantom ready to be added to the scene.
8   */
9   function loadPhantom( string ) {
10    var phantom = new Phantom();
11    var loadedFibers = JSON.parse(string).fiber_geometries;
12    var loadedRegions = JSON.parse(string).isotropic_regions;
13    // Send number of elements as parameters to addFiber and
14      addIsotropicRegion
15    nbLoads = 0;
16    if (loadedFibers) nbLoads += Object.keys(loadedFibers).length;
17    if (loadedRegions) nbLoads += Object.keys(loadedRegions).length;
18    var parameters = {
19      nbElements: nbLoads
20    };
21    // Objects will be added in Phantom
22    for (var property in loadedFibers) {
23      if (loadedFibers.hasOwnProperty(property)) {
24        var fiber = loadedFibers[property.toString()];
25        // Control points need to be translated to array-of-arrays form
26        var newcp = [];
27        for (var i = 0; i < fiber.control_points.length; i = i + 3) {
28          newcp.push([roundToPrecision(fiber.control_points[i]),
29                    roundToPrecision(fiber.control_points[i+1]),
30                    roundToPrecision(fiber.control_points[i+2])]);
31        }
32        phantom.addFiber(new FiberSource(newcp, fiber.tangents,
33          roundToPrecision(fiber.radius), fiber.color), parameters);
34      }
35    }
36    for (var property in loadedRegions) {
37      if (loadedRegions.hasOwnProperty(property)) {
38        var region = loadedRegions[property.toString()];
39        phantom.addIsotropicRegion(new IsotropicRegionSource(region.center,
40          roundToPrecision(region.radius), region.color), parameters);
41      }
42    }
43    // log an error in case fibers or regions were not found.
44    if (phantom.isotropicRegions.source.length == 0) console.warn('Any
45      region found in file');
46    if (phantom.fibers.source.length == 0) console.warn('Any fiber found in
47      file');
48    return phantom;
49  }

```

2.3.19 main.js

```

1  /** @overview Main file. Contains {@link init}, {@link render}, {@link
2    animate} and {@link show} functions, as well as main global functions
3    and constants.
4  */
5  var mesh, renderer, scene, camera, directionalLight, controls, phantom,

```

```

dragAndDrop;
4 var meshConstraints = {
5   /** @constant {object} meshConstraints Constant used in {@link Phantom.
      addFiber} and {@link Phantom.addIsotropicRegion} for defining
      segments in meshes.
6   Used as a parameter for WebGL stability.
7   * @property {Number} maxTotalAxialSegments Maximum number of Axial
      Segments in fiber tube mesh to appear in the scene
8   * @property {Number} maxMeshAxialSegments Maximum number of Axial
      Segments to feature in a fiber tube mesh
9   * @property {Number} maxTotalRadialSegments Maximum number of Radial
      Segments in fiber tube mesh to appear in the scene
10  * @property {Number} maxMeshRadialSegments Maximum number of Radial
      Segments to feature in a fiber tube mesh
11  * @property {Number} maxTotalLineSegments Maximum number of Line
      Segments to appear in the scene
12  * @property {Number} maxMeshLineSegments Maximum number of Line Segments
      to feature in a single skeleton line
13  * @property {Number} maxTotalSkeletonSphereSegments Maximum number of
      Radial Segments in skeleton control points to appear in the scene
14  * @property {Number} maxMeshSkeletonSphereSegments Maximum number of
      Radial Segments to feature in a single control point sphere mesh
15  * @property {Number} maxTotalIsotropicRegionSegments Maximum number of
      Radial Segments in Isotropic Regions to appear in the scene
16  * @property {Number} maxMeshIsotropicRegionSegments Maximum number of
      Radial Segments in Isotropic Regions to appear in a single mesh
17  */
18   maxTotalAxialSegments: 1440,
19   maxMeshAxialSegments: 64,
20
21   maxTotalRadialSegments: 480,
22   maxMeshRadialSegments: 32,
23
24   maxTotalLineSegments: 960,
25   maxMeshLineSegments: 128,
26
27   maxTotalSkeletonSphereSegments: 240,
28   maxMeshSkeletonSphereSegments: 16,
29
30   maxTotalIsotropicRegionSegments: 1024,
31   maxMeshIsotropicRegionSegments: 32
32 }
33
34 /** @constant {Number} precision
35  * @desc Number of decimal digits present in all values given. Used in {
      @link roundToPrecision}.
36  */
37 var precision = 1; // in amount of decimal digits
38 function roundToPrecision(number) {
39   /** @function roundToPrecision
40    * @desc Applies precision to any value. Uses {@link precision} constant.
41    * @param {Number|String} number Number to round
42    * @return {Number} The rounded number
43    */

```



```
44
45 // Correct type
46 number = Number(number);
47
48 number *= 10 * precision;
49 number = Math.round(number);
50 number /= 10 * precision;
51 return number;
52 }
53
54
55 window.onload = init;
56
57
58 function render() {
59 /** @function render
60  * @desc Renders the scene. Must be called anytime the scene is changed.
61  */
62   renderer.render(scene, camera);
63 }
64
65 function animate() {
66 /** @function animate
67  * @desc Called recursively. Updates the controls as well.
68  */
69   requestAnimationFrame( animate );
70   controls.update();
71 }
72 function init() {
73 /** @function init
74  * @desc To be called when page is loaded, initialises the app. Starting
75   from a XMLHttpRequest,
76   calls [show()]{@link show} and [setupGUI()]{@link module:GUI
77   Construction.setupGUI}.
78  */
79   if (location.href.indexOf('?') > 0) {
80     path = location.href.substring( location.href.indexOf('?') + 1);
81     makeRequest();
82   } else {
83     phantom = new Phantom();
84     console.log('No specified path found. Loading scratch mode.');
```

```

96     } else {
97         console.error('Error: ' + path + ' was not found. Loading
           scratch mode.')
98         phantom = new Phantom();
99     }
100     show();
101     setupGUI();
102 }
103 };
104 request.send(null);
105 }
106 }
107 /** @function show
108  * @desc Initialises everything regarding the THREE.js environment. Adds
           window events.
109  * @requires THREE.js
110  * @requires TrackballControls.js
111  */
112 function show() { // The rendering engine is initialized
113     renderer = new THREE.WebGLRenderer();
114     var container = document.getElementById('container');
115
116     renderer.setSize(container.offsetWidth, window.innerHeight);
117     // It is appended to the div container in the HTML5 tree
118     container.appendChild(renderer.domElement);
119
120     // We create a scene and a camera. Position is to be corrected further
           in the code.
121     camera = new THREE.PerspectiveCamera(50,
122                                         container.offsetWidth / (window.
123                                             innerHeight),
124                                         1,
125                                         10000);
126
127     camera.position.set(0, 0, 0);
128
129     // Create, the scene and add cameras, lights.
130     scene = new THREE.Scene();
131     scene.add(camera);
132     scene.add(new THREE.AmbientLight( 0xffffff, .5 ));
133     // Directional lights are added in all directions
134     for (var x = -100; x <= 100; x=x+200) {
135         for (var y = -100; y <= 100; y=y+200) {
136             for (var z = -100; z <= 100; z=z+20) {
137                 var directionalLight = new THREE.DirectionalLight(0x555555, .15);
138                 directionalLight.position.x = x;
139                 directionalLight.position.y = y;
140                 directionalLight.position.z = z;
141                 scene.add(directionalLight);
142             }
143         }
144     }
145
146     // Load phantom and add it in the scene
147     phantom.addToScene(scene);

```

```

146 camera.position.z = phantom.radius() * 2 * 1.5;
147
148
149 renderer.render(scene, camera);
150
151 // Add mouse control to the camera
152 controls = new THREE.TrackballControls( camera , renderer.domElement );
153 controls.enableZoom = true;
154 controls.rotateSpeed = 2.5;
155 controls.zoomSpeed = 1;
156 controls.noPan = false;
157 controls.addEventListener('change', render);
158
159 // Leave confirmation. From https://stackoverflow.com/questions
    //10311341/confirmation-before-closing-of-tab-browser
160 window.onbeforeunload = function (e) {
161     e = e || window.event;
162
163     // For IE and Firefox prior to version 4
164     if (e) {
165         e.returnValue = 'Leave Phantomas?';
166     }
167
168     // For Safari
169     return 'Leave Phantomas?';
170 };
171 window.addEventListener( 'resize', onWindowResize, false );
172 function onWindowResize(){
173     camera.aspect = container.offsetWidth / (window.innerHeight);
174     camera.updateProjectionMatrix();
175
176     renderer.setSize( container.offsetWidth, window.innerHeight);
177     render();
178
179     resizeGUI();
180 }
181 // Call animate to start the recursive call.
182 animate();
183 }

```

2.3.20 Phantom.js

```

1 /** @overview Contains {@link Phantom} definition and added methods to {
    @link THREE.Scene} prototype.*/
2 /** @module THREE*/
3
4 // Adding a scene method that removes all phantoms present.
5 // This way, cameras and lights are never removed.
6 /** @class Scene
7     * @memberof module:THREE
8     * @classdesc THREE.js class for a Scene. {@link https://threejs.org/docs
    /index.html?q=sce#Reference/Scenes/Scene|Link to THREE.js
    documentation}
9     */

```

```

10 THREE.Scene.prototype.removePhantom = function() {
11   /** @method removePhantom
12    * @memberof module:THREE.Scene
13    * @desc Removes all Phantoms present in the Scene, leaving everything
        not being part of a Phantom.
14   */
15   var objects = [];
16   this.children.forEach( function(object){
17     if ((object.type == 'Mesh') || (object.type == "Line")) && (!object.
        isHighlight)) {
18       objects.push(object);
19     }
20   });
21
22   var scene = this;
23   // If removed inside scene's forEach, length is changed and so algorithm
        may skip some objects removal.
24   objects.forEach( function(object) {
25     scene.remove(object);
26   });
27
28   this.removeCPHighlight(true);
29 }
30
31 // All boolean makes red points to be removed if true.
32 THREE.Scene.prototype.removeCPHighlight = function(all) {
33   /** @method removeCPHighlight
34    * @memberof module:THREE.Scene
35    * @desc Removes Control Point highlights. By default, only blue
        colored highlights, used
36    * when hover.
37    * @param {boolean} [all] If true, removes red colored highlight as
        well.
38   */
39   var objects = [];
40   this.children.forEach( function(object){
41     if (object.isHighlight) {
42       if (object.isBlueHighlight) {
43         objects.push(object);
44       } else if (all) {
45         objects.push(object);
46       }
47     }
48   });
49
50   var scene = this;
51   // If removed inside scene's forEach, length is changed and so algorithm
        may skip some objects removal.
52   objects.forEach( function(object) {
53     scene.remove(object);
54   });
55   render();
56 }
57

```

```

58 function Phantom() {
59     /** @class Phantom
60      * @global
61      * @classdesc Includes all data regarding a Phantom and methods to
        modify its appearance.
62
63      * @property {Object} fibers Contains all objects for Fiber definition
        and representation.
64      * @property {FiberSource[]} fibers.source FiberSource for each fiber
        bundle.
65      * @property {FiberTube[]} fibers.tube FiberTube for each fiber bundle
        . Must have same index as <i>source</i>
66      * @property {FiberSkeleton[]} fibers.skeleton FiberSkeleton for each
        fiber bundle. Must have same index as <i>source</i>
67
68      * @property {Object} isotropicRegions Contains all objects for
        Isotropic Region definition and representation.
69      * @property {IsotropicRegionSource[]} isotropicRegions.source
        IsotropicRegionSource for each region bundle.
70      * @property {IsotropicRegion[]} isotropicRegions.sphere
        IsotropicRegion for each region bundle. Must have same index as <i>
        >source</i>
71
72      * @property {Number} highlightOpacity=0.1 The base opacity for fading
        meshes in the scene. Over 1.
73      * @property {THREE.Color} highlightColor=null The color to be taken by
        highlighted objects. By default, <i>null</i>, thus color does not
        change.
74
75      */
76     this.fibers = {
77         source: [],
78         tube: [],
79         skeleton: []
80     }
81     this.isotropicRegions = {
82         source: [],
83         sphere: []
84     }
85     this.highlightOpacity = 0.1;
86     this.highlightColor = null;
87 }
88 Phantom.prototype = {
89     addFiber: function(fiber, parameters, replaceindex) {
90         /** @function addFiber
91          * @memberof Phantom
92          * @desc Adds a Fiber to the Phantom, by creating their {@link
            FiberTube} and {@link FiberSkeleton}.
93          * @param {FiberSource} fiber Fiber to be added to the Phantom.
94          * @param {Object} [parameters] Optional object containing different
            optional parameters. Those parameters
95          may be the ones to be specified in classes {@link FiberTube} and {
            @link FiberSkeleton} constructor.
96          <br>If only nbElements is defined, sets the rest of those parameters

```

```

    by itself, looking at the
97   constant {@link meshConstraints}.
98   * @param {Number} [parameters.nbElements] Number of elements to
    feature in the whole Phantom.
99   This allows the function to limit by itself the amount of segments
    present in the scene. Configurable via constant {@link
    meshConstraints}. <br>Only taken into
100  account if any parameter regarding segments is defined.
101  * @param {Number} [replaceindex] If specified, replaces the Fiber yet
    present in this same index.
102  */
103
104  /* If not specified, set segments constraint so renderer is stable in
    browser
105  This grabs nbElements thrown by load function and sets the number of
    segments
106  each mesh will feature, taking values from global variable
    meshConstraints (main.js) */
107  if (!parameters) var parameters = [];
108  if ((parameters.nbElements) && (!parameters.axialSegments) && (!
    parameters.radialSegments)) {
109      parameters.axialSegments = Math.min(Math.floor(meshConstraints.
        maxTotalAxialSegments / parameters.nbElements), meshConstraints.
        maxMeshAxialSegments);
110      parameters.radialSegments = Math.min(Math.floor(meshConstraints.
        maxTotalRadialSegments / parameters.nbElements), meshConstraints
        .maxMeshRadialSegments);
111  }
112  if ((parameters.nbElements) && (!parameters.lineSegments) && (!
    parameters.sphereSegments)) {
113      parameters.axialSegments = Math.min(Math.floor(meshConstraints.
        maxTotalLineSegments / parameters.nbElements), meshConstraints.
        maxMeshLineSegments);
114      parameters.sphereSegments = Math.min(Math.floor(meshConstraints.
        maxTotalSkeletonSphereSegments / parameters.nbElements),
        meshConstraints.maxTotalSkeletonSphereSegments);
115  }
116
117  if (replaceindex !== undefined) {
118
119      this.fibers.source[replaceindex] = new FiberSource(fiber.
        controlPoints, fiber.tangents, fiber.radius, fiber.color);
120      this.fibers.skeleton[replaceindex] = new FiberSkeleton(this.fibers.
        source[replaceindex], parameters);
121      this.fibers.tube[replaceindex] = new FiberTube(this.fibers.source[
        replaceindex], parameters);
122
123      this.fibers.source[replaceindex].addObserver(this.fibers.tube[
        replaceindex]);
124      this.fibers.source[replaceindex].addObserver(this.fibers.skeleton[
        replaceindex]);
125
126  } else {
127

```

```

128     this.fibers.source.push(fiber);
129     this.fibers.skeleton.push(new FiberSkeleton(fiber, parameters));
130     this.fibers.tube.push(new FiberTube(fiber, parameters));
131     parameters.color = undefined;
132     // Skeleton and Tube added as observers.
133     fiber.addObserver(this.fibers.tube[this.fibers.tube.length-1]);
134     fiber.addObserver(this.fibers.skeleton[this.fibers.skeleton.length
        -1]);
135
136   }
137
138 },
139 addCP: function(fiberindex, cpbefore) {
140   /** @function addCP
141     * @memberof Phantom
142     * @desc Adds a new Control Point to a specified Fiber in the Phantom.
143     <br>No position is specified; control point is added over the
144       trajectory in between two existing control points.
145     <br>Will {@link render}.
146     * @param {Number} fiberindex Index of the fiber in which the control
147       point is to be added to.
148     * @param {Number} cpbefore Index of the control point in which the new
149       one is to be added after.
150   */
151   var fiber = this.fibers.source[fiberindex];
152   var newts = (fiber.ts[cpbefore] + fiber.ts[cpbefore + 1]) / 2;
153   var newcp = fiber.interpolate(newts)[0];
154   newcp.forEach( function(coordinate, index) {
155     newcp[index] = roundToPrecision(coordinate);
156   });
157   fiber.controlPoints.splice(cpbefore + 1, 0, newcp);
158
159   var parameters = {
160     nbElements: this.fibers.source.length + this.isotropicRegions.source
161       .length
162   };
163   phantom.addFiber(fiber, parameters, fiberindex);
164 },
165 removeCP: function(fiberindex, cp) {
166   /** @function removeCP
167     * @memberof Phantom
168     * @desc Removes an existing Control Point of a specified Fiber in
169       the Phantom.
170     <br>Will {@link render}.
171     * @param {Number} fiberindex Index of the fiber in which the control
172       point is to be removed.
173     * @param {Number} cp Index of the control point to be removed.
174   */
175   var fiber = this.fibers.source[fiberindex];
176   fiber.controlPoints.splice(cp, 1);
177   var parameters = {
178     nbElements: this.fibers.source.length + this.isotropicRegions.source
179       .length
180   };

```

```

174     phantom.addFiber(fiber, parameters, fiberindex);
175   },
176   addIsotropicRegion: function(region, parameters) {
177     /** @function addIsotropicRegion
178     * @memberof Phantom
179     * @desc Adds a Fiber to the Phantom, by creating their {@link
180       IsotropicRegion}.
181     * @param {IsotropicRegionSource} region Fiber to be added to the
182       Phantom.
183     * @param {Object} [parameters] Optional object containing different
184       optional parameters. Those parameters
185       may be the ones to be specified in class {@link IsotropicRegion}
186       constructor.
187     <br>If only nbElements is defined, sets the rest of those parameters
188       by itself, looking at the
189       constant {@link meshConstraints}.
190     * @param {Number} [parameters.nbElements] Number of elements to
191       feature in the whole Phantom.
192     This allows the function to limit by itself the amount of segments
193     present in the scene. Configurable via constant {@link
194     meshConstraints}. <br>Only taken into
195     account if any parameter regarding segments is defined.
196     */
197     /* If not specified, set segments constraint so renderer is stable in
198       browser
199     This grabs nbElements thrown by load function and sets the number of
200     segments
201     each mesh will feature, from global variable meshConstraints (main.js)
202     */
203     if (!parameters) var parameters = [];
204     if ((parameters.nbElements) && (!parameters.heightSegments) && (!
205       parameters.widthSegments)) {
206       parameters.heightSegments = Math.min(Math.floor(meshConstraints.
207         maxTotalIsotropicRegionSegments / parameters.nbElements),
208         meshConstraints.maxMeshIsotropicRegionSegments);
209       parameters.widthSegments = Math.min(Math.floor(meshConstraints.
210         maxTotalIsotropicRegionSegments / parameters.nbElements),
211         meshConstraints.maxMeshIsotropicRegionSegments);
212     }
213     this.isotropicRegions.source.push(region);
214     this.isotropicRegions.sphere.push(new IsotropicRegion(region,
215       parameters));
216     region.addObserver(this.isotropicRegions.sphere[this.isotropicRegions.
217       sphere.length-1]);
218   },
219   radius: function() {
220     /** @function radius
221     * @memberof Phantom
222     * @desc Provides the radius of the Phantom, understood as the
223       distance from the center
224     to the most distant bundle.

```



```

209     * @returns {Number} Radius of the Phantom.
210     */
211     var maxdist = 0;
212     // Return is the farthest point from the center
213     for (var i = 0; i < this.fibers.source.length; i++) {
214         var cp = this.fibers.source[i].controlPoints;
215         for (var j = 0; j < cp.length; j++) {
216             var dist = Math.sqrt(
217                 Math.pow(cp[j][0],2) +
218                 Math.pow(cp[j][1],2) +
219                 Math.pow(cp[j][2],2)
220             );
221             if (dist > maxdist) {maxdist = dist}
222         }
223     }
224     if (maxdist == 0) { var nofibers = true; }
225     for (var i = 0; i < this.isotropicRegions.source.length; i++) {
226         var region = this.isotropicRegions.source[i];
227         var dist = Math.sqrt(
228             Math.pow(region.center[0],2) +
229             Math.pow(region.center[1],2) +
230             Math.pow(region.center[2],2)
231         ) + region.radius;
232         if (dist > maxdist) {maxdist = dist}
233     }
234     if (nofibers) {
235         if (maxdist > 0) {
236             maxdist *= 5;
237         } else {
238             maxdist = 1;
239         }
240     }
241     return maxdist;
242 },
243 newFiber: function() {
244     /** @function newFiber
245     * @memberof Phantom
246     * @desc Creates a new <i>blank</i> fiber in the scene.
247     <br>The fiber features two points in X axis with {@link Phantom.
248         radius|phantom's radius} distance.
249     <br>Will {@link render}.
250     */
251     // New fiber will feature two points, following the x axis.
252     var cp = [
253         [-1 * roundToPrecision(this.radius()), 0, 0],
254         [roundToPrecision(this.radius()), 0, 0],
255     ];
256     var radius = roundToPrecision(this.radius() / 10);
257     // Add nbElements in parameters so this.addFiber calculates segments
258     // by itself
259     var parameters = {
260         nbElements: this.fibers.source.length + this.isotropicRegions.source
261             .length

```

```

260     };
261
262     this.addFiber(new FiberSource(cp, 'symmetric', radius), parameters);
263 },
264 newIsotropicRegion: function() {
265     /** @function newIsotropicRegion
266     * @memberof Phantom
267     * @desc Creates a new <i>blank</i> isotropic region in the scene.
268     <br>The isotropic region will be centered in the scene and have 1/5
269     of {@link Phantom.radius|phantom's radius} as radius.
270     <br>Will {@link render}.
271     */
272
273     // New region is to stay in the center. Radius is set to be a fifth of
274     phantom radius.
275     var center = [0, 0, 0];
276     var radius = roundToPrecision(this.radius() / 5);
277     // Add nbElements in parameters so this.addIsotropicRegion calculates
278     segments by itself
279     var parameters = {
280         nbElements: this.fibers.source.length + this.isotropicRegions.source
281         .length
282     };
283
284     this.addIsotropicRegion(new IsotropicRegionSource(center, radius),
285         parameters);
286 },
287 resetColors: function(){
288     /** @function resetColors
289     * @memberof Phantom
290     * @desc Resets color of all bundles. Important when unhighlighting
291     with {@link Phantom#highlightColor|highlightColor} being defined
292
293     <br>Will {@link render}.
294     */
295
296     // Color contained in their objects is given back to material's meshes
297
298     for (var i = 0; i < this.fibers.tube.length; i++) {
299         this.fibers.tube[i].mesh.material.color = this.fibers.tube[i].color;
300     }
301     for (var i = 0; i < this.isotropicRegions.sphere.length; i++) {
302         this.isotropicRegions.sphere[i].mesh.material.color = this.
303         isotropicRegions.sphere[i].color;
304     }
305     // Render so changes are made visible
306     render();
307 },
308 fadeAll: function(opacity) {
309     /** @function fadeAll
310     * @memberof Phantom
311     * @param {Number} [opacity=Phantom.highlightOpacity] Opacity to fade
312     to (over 1)
313     * @desc Fades all bundles to given opacity.

```

```

304     <br>Will {@link render}.
305     */
306
307     // Only reset colors if custom highlightColor is enabled
308     if (this.highlightColor) this.resetColors();
309     // Set default opacity in case none is specified
310     if ((opacity === undefined) || (opacity > 1) || (opacity < 0)) {
311         opacity = this.highlightOpacity;
312     }
313     for (var i = 0; i < this.fibers.tube.length; i++) {
314         this.fibers.tube[i].mesh.material.opacity = opacity;
315     }
316     for (var i = 0; i < this.isotropicRegions.sphere.length; i++) {
317         this.isotropicRegions.sphere[i].mesh.material.opacity = opacity;
318     }
319     // Render so changes are made visible
320     render();
321 },
322 unfadeAll: function() {
323     /** @function unfadeAll
324      * @memberof Phantom
325      * @desc Unfades all bundles, setting opacity to 1.
326      <br>Will {@link render}.
327      */
328
329     // Only reset colors if custom highlightColor is enabled
330     if (this.highlightColor) this.resetColors();
331     // Opacity 1 is given back
332     for (var i = 0; i < this.fibers.tube.length; i++) {
333         this.fibers.tube[i].mesh.material.opacity = 1;
334         this.fibers.tube[i].mesh.renderOrder = 0;
335     }
336     for (var i = 0; i < this.isotropicRegions.sphere.length; i++) {
337         this.isotropicRegions.sphere[i].mesh.material.opacity = 1;
338         this.isotropicRegions.sphere[i].mesh.renderOrder = 0;
339     }
340     // Render so changes are made visible
341     render();
342 },
343 addToScene: function(scene) {
344     /** @function addToScene
345      * @memberof Phantom
346      * @param {THREE.Scene} scene Scene in which the Phantom will be
347         added to.
348      * @desc Adds all Phantom bundles to given scene.
349      <br>Will {@link render}.
350      */
351
352     // Scene is cleared so that present meshes do not disturb
353     scene.removePhantom();
354     this.unfadeAll();
355     this.fibers.tube.forEach(function(tube) {
356         scene.add(tube.mesh)
    });

```

```

357     this.isotropicRegions.sphere.forEach(function(sphere) {
358         scene.add(sphere.mesh)
359     });
360     // Render so changes are made visible
361     render();
362 },
363 addAsSkeleton: function(scene) {
364     /** @function addAsSkeleton
365      * @memberof Phantom
366      * @param {THREE.Scene} scene Scene in which the Phantom will be
367         added to.
368      * @desc Adds all Phantom bundles to given scene in a Skeleton form..
369      <br>Will {@link render}.
370      */
371     // Phantom is added as faded tubes. Opacity 75% than default.
372     this.addToScene(scene);
373     this.fadeAll(this.highlightOpacity*.75);
374     // Skeleton structure added
375     this.fibers.skeleton.forEach(function(skeleton) {
376         scene.add(skeleton.line, skeleton.spheres)
377     });
378     // Render so changes are made visible
379     render();
380 },
381 fiberHighlight: function(n) {
382     /** @function fiberHighlight
383      * @memberof Phantom
384      * @param {Number} n Index of the fiber to highlight.
385      * @desc Fades all but the given fiber. Highlight opacity cannot be
386         specified.
387      <br>Will {@link render}.
388      */
389     // Fade all but wanted fiber
390     this.fadeAll();
391     this.fibers.tube[n].mesh.material.opacity = 1;
392     this.fibers.tube[n].mesh.renderOrder = -1;
393     // If custom highlight color, apply.
394     if (this.highlightColor) {
395         this.fibers.tube[n].mesh.material.color = this.highlightColor;
396     }
397     // Render so changes are made visible
398     render();
399 },
400 regionHighlight: function(n) {
401     /** @function regionHighlight
402      * @memberof Phantom
403      * @param {Number} n Index of the region to highlight.
404      * @desc Fades all but the given region. Highlight opacity cannot be
405         specified.
406      <br>Will {@link render}.
407      */

```

```

408 // Fade all but wanted region
409 this.fadeAll();
410 this.isotropicRegions.sphere[n].mesh.material.opacity = 1;
411 this.isotropicRegions.sphere[n].mesh.renderOrder = -1;
412 // If custom highlight color, apply.
413 if (this.highlightColor) {
414     this.fibers.tube[n].mesh.material.color = this.highlightColor;
415 }
416 // Render so changes are made visible
417 render();
418 },
419 cpHighlight: function(fiberindex, controlpointindex, mode) {
420     /** @function cpHighlight
421      * @memberof Phantom
422      * @desc Overlays a colored slightly bigger sphere over a control
423       point. Used for
424     the user focusing in this element.
425     <br>Will {@link render}.
426     * @returns {THREE.MeshBasicMaterial} The highlight mesh
427     * @param {Number} fiberindex Index of the fiber containing the
428     control point to highlight.
429     * @param {Number} controlpointindex Index of the control point to
430     highlight.
431     * @param {String} mode Highlight mode:
432     <ul>
433     <li>'red': Red color. This is the only one not be removed by {@link
434     THREE.Scene.removeCPHighlight} unless specified.
435     <li>'blue': Blue color.
436     <li>'green': Green color. This one is 90% the size to avoid bad
437     rendering in clashes with the orthers.</ul>
438     */
439     scene.removeCPHighlight();
440     var fiber = phantom.fibers.source[fiberindex];
441     var cp = fiber.controlPoints[controlpointindex];
442     var geometry = new THREE.SphereGeometry(fiber.radius/4, 16, 16);
443     var surface = new THREE.MeshBasicMaterial();
444     var mesh = new THREE.Mesh(geometry, surface);
445     mesh.isHighlight = true;
446     mesh.position.set(cp[0], cp[1], cp[2]);
447     switch (mode) {
448     case 'blue':
449         mesh.material.color = new THREE.Color(0x0000FF)
450         // this will be later used for filtering which points are to be
451         removed.
452         mesh.isBlueHighlight = true;
453         break;
454     case 'red':
455         scene.removeCPHighlight(true);
456         mesh.material.color = new THREE.Color(0xFF0000)
457         mesh.position.set(guiStatus.formerCP[0], guiStatus.formerCP[1],

```

```

        guiStatus.formerCP[2]);
456     break;
457     case 'green':
458         mesh.material.color = new THREE.Color(0x00FF00);
459         mesh.scale.x = 0.9;
460         mesh.scale.y = 0.9;
461         mesh.scale.z = 0.9;
462         // this will be later used for filtering which points are to be
            removed.
463         mesh.isBlueHighlight = true;
464         break;
465     default: // Should not happen!
466         console.error('Incorrect cpHighlight mode! Was set as ' + mode);
467         mesh.material.color = new THREE.Color(0xFFFFFFFF)
468     }
469
470     scene.add(mesh);
471     render();
472
473     return mesh;
474 },
475 revealSkeleton: function(scene, n) {
476     /** @function revealSkeleton
477      * @memberof Phantom
478      * @desc Adds Phantom to the scene and fades all by adding a Skeleton
            fiber to a
479     given fiber. This fiber's tube will feature twice the default opacity
            for making the user stay focus.
480     <br>Will {@link render}.
481     * @param {THREE.Scene} scene Scene in which the Phantom will be added
            to.
482     * @param {Number} n Index of the fiber to highlight.
483     */
484     this.addToScene(scene);
485     this.fadeAll();
486     // Focus fiber is faded more so that thread can be seen with any
            problem
487     this.fibers.tube[n].mesh.material.opacity = this.highlightOpacity*2;
488     this.fibers.tube[n].mesh.renderOrder = -1;
489     scene.add(this.fibers.skeleton[n].line, this.fibers.skeleton[n].
            spheres);
490     // Render so changes are made visible
491     render();
492 }
493 }

```

2.3.21 save.js

```

1  /**@overview Contains functions regarding the parse, export and download
    process of a Phantom.*/
2  // Parsable objects must contain only those parameters the loaders expect
    to find
3
4  // Returns a JSON string with the phantom in ParsableFiber and

```



```

    ParsableRegion classes
5 Phantom.prototype.export = function() {
6 /** @function export
7  * @memberof Phantom
8  * @desc Parses Fibers and Isotropic Regions in the Phantom and returns a
    parsed, indented string.
9  <br>The JSON is fully compatible with Phantomas. Index in the array is
    used as name.
10 <br>Information from fibers:
11 <ul><li>Control points
12 <li>Tangents
13 <li>Radius
14 <li>Color
15 </ul>
16 Information from Isotropic Regions:
17 <ul><li>Center
18 <li>Radius
19 <li>Color
20 </ul>
21 * @returns {String} Parsed variable ready for pushing to download.
22 */
23 // PRIVATE CONSTRUCTORS
24 ParsableFiber = function(control_points, tangents, radius, color) {
25     this.control_points = control_points;
26     this.tangents = tangents;
27     this.radius = Number(radius);
28     this.color = Number(color.getHex());
29 }
30 ParsableRegion = function(center, radius, color) {
31     this.center = center;
32     this.radius = Number(radius);
33     this.color = Number(color.getHex());
34 }
35
36
37 var parsable_phantom = new Object;
38 parsable_phantom.fiber_geometries = new Object;
39 parsable_phantom.isotropic_regions = new Object;
40
41 // FIBERS
42 this.fibers.source.forEach( function(source, index) {
43     var control_points = [];
44     // Control Points are expected in a unique string.
45     source.controlPoints.forEach( function(cp) {
46         cp.forEach( function(element){
47             control_points.push(element);
48         });
49     });
50
51     var parsable_fiber = new ParsableFiber(control_points, source.tangents
    , source.radius, source.color);
52     // Fiber names featured in Phantomas are not featured here. Instead,
    numbers are applied.
53     parsable_phantom.fiber_geometries[index.toString()] = parsable_fiber;

```

```

54 });
55
56 // ISOTROPICREGIONS
57 this.isotropicRegions.source.forEach( function(source, index) {
58     var parsable_region = new ParsableRegion(source.center, source.radius,
59         source.color);
60     // Fiber names featured in Phantomas are not featured here. Instead,
61     // numbers are applied.
62     parsable_phantom.isotropic_regions[index.toString()] = parsable_region
63     ;
64 });
65
66 // null,2 automatically indents json file
67 var parsed_phantom = JSON.stringify(parsable_phantom, null, 2);
68
69 return parsed_phantom;
70 }
71
72 pushDownload = function(content) {
73     /** @function pushDownload
74     * @desc Pushes to the navigator the download of a string as a
75     *     ddmmyyyhhmm-phantom_save.JSON file.
76     * <br> Requires an &lt;a&gt; element in the HTML with id="
77     *     downloadAnchorElem".
78     * @param {string} content A string containing the content to be included
79     *     in the file.
80     */
81     // From http://stackoverflow.com/questions/19721439/download-json-object
82     // -as-a-file-from-browser
83     function timestamp() {
84         // Partly from https://stackoverflow.com/questions/12409299/how-to-get
85         // -current-formatted-date-dd-mm-yyyy-in-javascript-and-append-it-to-
86         // an-i
87         var today = new Date();
88         var yyyy = today.getFullYear();
89         var mm = today.getMonth()+1; //January is 0!
90         if(mm<10){
91             mm='0'+mm;
92         }
93         var dd = today.getDate();
94         if(dd<10){
95             dd='0'+dd;
96         }
97         var hh = today.getHours();
98         if (hh<10) {
99             hh='0'+hh;
100         }
101         var mn = today.getMinutes();
102         if (mn<10) {
103             mn='0'+mn;
104         }
105         var timestamp = dd+mm+yyyy+hh+mn;

```



```

99     return timestamp;
100 }
101 var uriContent = "data:text/json;charset=utf-8," + encodeURIComponent(
    content);
102 var dlAnchorElem = document.getElementById('downloadAnchorElem');
103 dlAnchorElem.setAttribute("href", uriContent);
104 dlAnchorElem.setAttribute("download", timestamp()+"-phantom_save.json");
105 dlAnchorElem.click();
106 }

```

2.3.22 dragAndDrop.js

```

1  /** @overview Contains THREE.js functions responsible of the Drag and
    Dropping feature.
2  */
3
4  function dragAndDrop() {
5      /** @function dragAndDrop
6       * @desc Builds or resets Drag and Drop interactive controls in the
7       * scene.
8       */
9      var control = new THREE.TransformControls(camera, renderer.domElement);
10
11     scene.removeControls();
12     scene.removeCPHighlight();
13     var object = phantom.cpHighlight(guiStatus.editingFiber, guiStatus.
        editingCP, 'green');
14
15     control.name = 'dragAndDrop';
16
17     control.addEventListener('change', function() {
18         var pos = this.object.position;
19         pos.x = roundToPrecision(pos.x);
20         pos.y = roundToPrecision(pos.y);
21         pos.z = roundToPrecision(pos.z);
22
23         document.getElementById('xvalue').value = pos.x;
24         document.getElementById('yvalue').value = pos.y;
25         document.getElementById('zvalue').value = pos.z;
26         render();
27
28         document.getElementById('guiFiberLength').innerHTML = roundToPrecision
            (phantom.fibers.source[guiStatus.editingFiber].length);
29     });
30
31     control.addEventListener('mouseUp', function() {
32         var pos = object.position;
33         phantom.fibers.source[guiStatus.editingFiber].setControlPoint(
            guiStatus.editingCP, 'x', pos.x);
34         phantom.fibers.source[guiStatus.editingFiber].setControlPoint(
            guiStatus.editingCP, 'y', pos.y);
35         phantom.fibers.source[guiStatus.editingFiber].setControlPoint(
            guiStatus.editingCP, 'z', pos.z);

```

```
36 });
37
38
39 control.attach(object);
40 scene.add(control);
41 render();
42 }
43
44 THREE.Scene.prototype.removeControls = function() {
45 /** @method removeControls
46  * @memberof module:THREE.Scene
47  * @desc Removes all Drag and Drop controls present in the Scene.
48  */
49 var remove = [];
50 var scene = this;
51 scene.children.forEach(function(object) {
52   if (object.name == 'dragAndDrop') {
53     remove.push(object);
54   }
55 });
56 remove.forEach(function(object) {
57   object.dispose();
58   scene.remove(object);
59 });
60 render();
61 }
```