Natural setting

Located on a slope of the Cadí Moixeró Natural Park, the area was originally chosen as the site of the Adurlit cement factory (1994) because of its beautiful natural surroundings and the presence of a large industrial complex of the same company in Montcada i Reixac, near Barcelona (1957) which eventually led to the closing of the factory in Camarès de Bofí Hug.

Despite the historical interest in the picturesque architecture (Spanish brick-tile buildings) and the magnificence of the surrounding landscape, the complex is currently in an advanced state of decline. Due to the improvements in the transportation infrastructure and the increase in the distance between the Clot del Maresme and the metropolitan area, the region has been significantly abandoned.

The desire to preserve the former industrial structures, the old cement factory is incorporated into the new developments of a touring school and a factory museum, in order to make use of an area with enormous architectural and landscape potential.

The Cadí Moixeró Natural Park is an area of outstanding natural beauty in the north of Catalonia near the border with Andorra. The park encompasses chains of mountains, rugged peaks and striking natural features that are impressive. The park was created in response to the need to protect the Sierras del Cadí and the surrounding area. It is a total surface area of 9,342.6 hectares, which makes it one of the largest protected areas in Catalonia. The park covers three major regions: Cadí Urgell, Sierras de Urgell and La Costera, its wildlife is of great scientific interest, with over 1,700 species of plants, 260 species of vertebrates and 500 species of invertebrates.

The factory is on a south-facing slope of the Lithian terraces valley and occupies a surface of approximately 0.5425 ha.