Okhla, Delhi, is a neighbourhood of the district of South Delhi with 100,000 inhabitants. The majority of the population are Muslims coming from rural areas. In India, Muslims are considered a minority religion and in some cases are discriminated, having problems to establish themselves in non-Muslim neighborhoods. Their inhabitants hardly go out of the area, becoming a closed ghetto in the city. Moreover, most of the settlements are unauthorized and corrupt having gaps in infrastructures and services.

In this context, women suffer freedom restrictions due to ‘religious laws’ and gender violence and harassment. According to social workers in the area, 70% of women suffer domestic violence. In this context, women suffer freedom restrictions due to ‘religious laws’ and also gender violence and harassment. According to social workers in the area, 70% of women suffer domestic violence. In this context, women suffer freedom restrictions due to ‘religious laws’ and also gender violence and harassment. According to social workers in the area, 70% of women suffer domestic violence.

**Settlements in Okhla**

Okhla is composed of different neighborhoods that we understand as independent bubbles isolated by urban gaps. Okhla doesn’t have a clear urban structure because it has been growing along the north to south with very high density. It is composed of different neighborhoods that we understand as independent bubbles isolated by urban gaps. Okhla doesn’t have a clear urban structure because it has been growing along the north to south with very high density.

The population are Muslims coming from rural areas. In South Delhi with 500,000 inhabitants. The majority of the settlements are unauthorized and corrupt. In some cases are discriminated, having problems to establish themselves in non-Muslim neighborhoods. Their inhabitants hardly go out of the area, becoming a closed ghetto in the city. Moreover, most of the settlements are unauthorized and corrupt having gaps in infrastructures and services.